Study R-100 May 17, 2016

## Memorandum 2016-25

# Fish and Game Law: Specific Types of Animals

The Commission<sup>1</sup> is presently studying a proposed recodification of the Fish and Game Code. The Commission has provisionally decided to organize the content of the new proposed Fish and Wildlife Code along these lines:

Division 1. General Provisions

Division 2. Administration

Division 3. Law Enforcement

Division 4. Inter-Jurisdictional Compacts

Division 5. Hunting, Trapping, and Fishing Generally

Part 1. General Provisions

Part 2. Hunting

Part 3. Trapping

Part 4. Fishing Generally

Part 5. Sport Fishing

Part 6. Commercial Fishing and Related Activity

Division 6. Types of Animals

Part 1. Birds

Part 2. Mammals

Part 3. Fish

Part 4. Reptiles

Part 5. Amphibians

Division 7. Biodiversity

Division 8. Management of Public Lands and Facilities

Division 9. Pollution Prevention and Response

Division 10. Miscellaneous Provisions

<sup>1.</sup> Any California Law Revision Commission document referred to in this memorandum can be obtained from the Commission. Recent materials can be downloaded from the Commission's website (www.clrc.ca.gov). Other materials can be obtained by contacting the Commission's staff, through the website or otherwise.

The Commission welcomes written comments at any time during its study process. Any comments received will be a part of the public record and may be considered at a public meeting. However, comments that are received less than five business days prior to a Commission meeting may be presented without staff analysis.

The attached draft presents provisions that would be included in the statutory parts within Division 6 that address specific types of fish, invertebrates, amphibians, and reptiles.

Consistent with previous practice in this study, the staff has taken a fairly conservative approach in preparing the attached draft. Much of the language used in the draft is drawn verbatim from existing law. Where minor revisions to a provision have been proposed (typically to conform to standard legislative drafting practices, update cross-references, make nonsubstantive stylistic changes, or correct clear defects), the corresponding Comment, which will be included in any final recommendation, reports that the proposed provision continues the former provision "without substantive change." Although summary, this Comment is important, as courts have generally treated Commission Comments as evidence of legislative intent with regard to legislation enacted on the Commission's recommendation.

In some instances, the staff has proposed to significantly restate an existing provision, in order to improve its clarity. In those instances, a "Staff Note" following the restated provision sets out the existing language for comparison. The draft also includes Staff Notes that invite public comment on other questions about the meaning, effect, expression, or organization of the law. Staff Notes are intended to be temporary, and will not be included in any final recommendation.

As with previously presented drafts in this study, the staff is not yet recommending that the draft language be approved for inclusion in a tentative recommendation. Instead, the draft is being presented for an initial evaluation by the Commission, and as a prompt for public comment. Once the Commission has had a chance to offer any concerns or suggestions about the draft and consider any public comment that it might eventually receive, the staff will present the language in a more finished form, reflecting any decisions that the Commission has made, for inclusion in a tentative recommendation.

Unless otherwise indicated, all statutory references in this memorandum are to the Fish and Game Code.

<sup>2.</sup> See Memorandum 2015-12, pp. 10-11; Minutes (Apr. 2015), p. 5.

### HEADING PROMOTION

Under the current organization of the proposed law, provisions relating to each broad class of animal (i.e., birds, mammals, fish, etc.) would be placed within separate statutory parts within "Division 6. Types of Animals."

In preparing the attached draft, the staff found that this approach did not leave enough heading levels for a sensible organization of the fish provisions.

To address that problem, the attached draft deletes the heading for proposed "Division 6. Types of Animals," and promotes the part headings relating to each broad animal class so that each are division headings.<sup>3</sup>

This change would result in the following new division-level organization of the proposed code (with italics showing the key changes):

Division 1. General Provisions

Division 2. Administration

Division 3. Law Enforcement

Division 4. Inter-Jurisdictional Compacts

Division 5. Hunting, Trapping, and Fishing Generally

Division 6. Birds

Division 7. Mammals

Division 8. Fish

Division 9. Invertebrates

Division 10. Amphibians

Division 11. Reptiles

Division 12. Insects

Division 13. Biodiversity

Division 14. Management of Public Lands and Facilities

Division 15. Pollution Prevention and Response

Division 16. Miscellaneous Provisions

## Is that change to the heading structure acceptable?

#### BIFURCATION OF FISH PROVISIONS

Many of the provisions that apply to specific types of fish are located in a statutory part of the Fish and Game Code that has expressly limited application. With regard to those provisions, existing Fish and Game Code Section 7600 provides as follows:

<sup>3.</sup> Existing Fish and Game Code Section 45 defines the term "fish" to include both invertebrates and amphibians. For increased clarity, the draft proposes to separate the provisions governing invertebrates and amphibians from the provisions governing finfish.

7600. The provisions of this part apply to the taking and possession of fish for any commercial purpose. This part does not apply to activities governed under Division 12 (commencing with Section 15000).

Because the proposed organization would separate and distribute provisions currently governed by Section 7600 to numerous different locations in the proposed law (according to the type of fish governed), there is no simple way to continue the existing application of Section 7600 in the proposed law.

The attached draft would therefore continue the application of Section 7600 by dividing each fish-specific part of the proposed law into two titles:

- Title 1. [Fish] Generally. This title would contain any provisions relating to that fish that currently *are not* governed by Section 7600.
- Title 2. Commercial Provisions. This title would contain any provisions relating to that fish that currently *are* governed by Section 7600. The title also begins with a section that states the application of Section 7600 to the provisions of that title.

In order to provide for standardized organization and encourage the continuation of that organization into the future, even if one of these two titles in a fish-specific part presently contains no provisions, the titles above would still be included in the draft legislation, and identified as "[Reserved]." Thus:

Division 8. Fish
Part 7. Catfish
Title 1. Catfish Generally [Reserved]
Title 2. Commercial Provisions

and

Division 9. Invertebrates
Part 2. Abalone
Title 1. Abalone Generally
Title 2. Commercial Provisions [Reserved]

If provisions are ever added to a reserved title in the future, the heading could be revised to remove the bracketed last word.

Is that approach acceptable?

### SIGNPOSTING

The attached draft includes three types of signpost provisions.

The first is an acknowledgement that a specific type of animal falls within a regulated class of animals. For example:

27350. For the purposes of Part 2 (commencing with Section 25050), a salmon is an anadromous fish.

This direction is important, because the existing code contains some provisions expressly applicable to *groups* of fish (i.e., anadromous fish, groundfish, invertebrates, crustaceans, and mollusks).<sup>4</sup> Fish that are part of these groups would therefore be also governed by these provisions, in addition to provisions governing that specific fish.

That type of signposting was approved by the Commission at a prior meeting, in connection with provisions that govern mammals.<sup>5</sup>

The second type of signpost would make clear that a statutory part containing provisions governing a specific type of animal is not intended to be exclusive; provisions located elsewhere in the proposed law may also apply to that type of animal. Thus:

28500. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern sardines include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:

. . .

These signpost provisions are needed because of the practical impossibility of aggregating *all* provisions of the existing code governing a specific animal in one statutory part. That issue is discussed in the next section of this memorandum.

Finally, the draft contains a general disclaimer of this type, at the beginning of each division:

25000. Animals governed by this division are also governed by other provisions of this code, including but not limited to Division 5 (commencing with Section 5000).

Division 5 is the part of the proposed code that contains provisions on hunting, trapping, and fishing generally.

Are these uses of signposting acceptable?

<sup>4.</sup> See, e.g., existing Sections 8046.1 (which would be continued by proposed Section 26315), 8500 (which would be continued by proposed Section 30610).

<sup>5.</sup> See First Supplement to Memorandum 2014-48, p. 4; Minutes (Oct. 2014), p. 5.

### EXCEPTION TO GENERAL APPROACH OF AGGREGATING ANIMAL-SPECIFIC PROVISIONS

The attached draft mostly follows a previous decision of the Commission that provisions governing a specific type of animal should be grouped together, to simplify finding all of the law on that type of animal in one place.<sup>6</sup>

The draft deviates from that practice in a minority of cases. This was done in instances where excising and relocating an animal-specific provision from a broader code section would either disrupt a coherent regulatory scheme,<sup>7</sup> or would require massive duplication of redundant language.<sup>8</sup> Existing code sections where excision and relocation would present these problems are listed in each animal's "nonexclusivity" provision, discussed above. For example:

## § 25500. Provisions not exclusive

25500. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that may govern bass include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:

(a) Section 7361.

6. See First Supplement to Memorandum 2014-48, pp. 1-3; Minutes (Oct. 2014), p. 5. See also Memorandum 2015-12; Minutes (Apr. 2015), p. 5.

7. For example, existing Section 7361, which contains several animal-specific references that have been highlighted in bold, provides:

7361. (a) Fees received by the department from the sale of the Bay-Delta Sport Fishing Enhancement Stamp or validation shall be deposited in a separate account in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund. The Bay-Delta Sport Fishing Enhancement Stamp or validation shall not be required, and no fee shall be collected, as of January 1, 2010.

(b) The department shall expend the funds in that account for the long-term, sustainable benefit of the primary Bay-Delta sport fisheries, including, but not limited to, striped bass, sturgeon, black bass, halibut, salmon, surf perch, steelhead trout, and American shad. Funds shall be expended to benefit sport fish populations, sport fishing opportunities, and anglers within the tidal waters of the San Francisco Bay Delta and the main stem of the Sacramento and San Joaquin Rivers, including major tributaries, below the most downstream dam, and consistent with the requirements of the federal Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.) and the California Endangered Species Act (Chapter 1.5 (commencing with Section 2050) of Division 3), the ecosystem restoration component of the CALFED Programmatic Record of Decision dated August 28, 2000, and applicable commission policies.

(c) It is the intent of the Legislature that these funds be used to augment, not replace, funding that would otherwise be allocated to Bay-Delta sport fisheries from the sale of fishing licenses, the California Bay-Delta Authority, or other federal, state, or local funding sources.

8. For example, existing Section 10664 provides:

10664. In the Laguna Beach, Newport Beach, Point Fermin, South Laguna Beach, Niguel, Irvine Coast, and Doheny Beach Marine Life Refuges, the following fish, mollusks, and crustaceans may be taken under the authority of a sportfishing license as authorized by this code: abalone, lobster, rockfish (Scorpaenidae), greenling, ling cod, cabezon, yellowtail, mackerel, bluefin tuna, kelp bass, spotted sand bass, barred sand bass, sargo, croaker, queenfish, corbina, white seabass, opaleye, halfmoon, surfperch (Embiotocidae), blacksmith, barracuda, sheephead, bonito, California halibut, sole, turbot, and sanddab. Fin fish shall be taken only by hook and line or by spearfishing gear. All other fish and forms of aquatic life are protected and may not be taken without a written permit from the department.

- (b) Section 7856.
- (c) Section 8385.
- (d) Section 8436.
- (e) Section 8436.5.
- (f) Section 10664.
- (g) Section 10667.

Determining whether to leave a fish-specific provision in its current context, rather than removing it from that context and locating it with other provisions addressing the same type of fish, involves a case-by-case judgment call. Is the Commission comfortable granting the staff discretion to make those kinds of judgments? If not, how would the Commission like to handle this issue?

#### **CONCLUSION**

The attached draft represents an initial attempt to consolidate existing commercial fishing provisions. There may be other provisions that should be located with those materials. If the staff discovers any similar provisions as this study proceeds, they can be added to the title presented in this draft.

## The staff welcomes public comment on all issues raised in the draft.

In addition, the staff would appreciate comment on whether any of the provisions included in the attached draft present the kinds of problems with consistency, redundancy, or ambiguity as to program authority or funding sources that the Commission has been tasked with addressing. Because the Commission does not have significant historical experience analyzing fish and game law, it is important that subject matter experts assist in identifying such problems as the Commission proceeds through the code.

Respectfully submitted,

Steve Cohen Staff Counsel

<sup>9.</sup> See 2014 Cal. Stat. res. ch. 63.

## FISH AND WILDLIFE CODE

Staff Note: This is a preliminary staff draft of a proposed reorganization of specified provisions of the former Fish and Game Code.

Statutory cross-references that cannot yet be adjusted (because the referenced provisions have not yet been reorganized) are set out in boldface type, for later attention.

A draft of an official Commission "Comment" follows each proposed section. Such Comments will be included in any final recommendation. They serve to indicate the source of each section and to describe how it compares with prior law. Courts have routinely held that the Commission's Comments are evidence of legislative intent with regard to any legislation that implements a Commission recommendation. For guidance on the terminology used in Commission Comments, see the Comment following proposed Section 20 (attached to Memorandum 2013-12).

There is a "disposition table" at the end of this document. It summarizes, in tabular form, the disposition of every provision that has been included in this draft. If an existing provision would be repealed as unnecessary, the table indicates that provision as "omitted."

Some provisions of this draft may be followed by a "Staff Note." Staff Notes are intended to be temporary and will not be part of the Commission's final recommendation. They serve to flag issues requiring special attention or treatment.

The Commission welcomes public comment on any issue relating to the content of this draft. The Commission is particularly interested in comments on any of the following matters:

- (1) Responses to any questions posed in "Staff Notes."
- (2) Any inconsistency, obsolescence, ambiguity, or problems relating to program authority and funding, whether *within* the provisions of this draft or *between* the provisions of this draft and other provisions of law.
- (3) Provisions that should have been included in this draft but were not (or provisions included in this draft that should have been located elsewhere).
  - (4) Technical drafting errors.

Comments should be directed to Steve Cohen at scohen@clrc.ca.gov.

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

DIVISION 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS	21
PART 2. DEFINITIONS	21
§ 352. "Finfish"	21
§ 488. "Native California trout"	21
DIVISION 6. BIRDS	21
DIVISION 7. MAMMALS	21
DIVISION 8. FISH	22
PART 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS	22
§ 25000. Provisions not exclusive	22
§ 25005. Scope of commercial provisions	22
PART 2. ANADROMOUS FISH	22
TITLE 1. ANADROMOUS FISH GENERALLY	22
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	22
§ 25050. Provisions not exclusive	22
CHAPTER 2. SALMON, STEELHEAD TROUT, AND ANADROMOUS FISHERIES PROGRAM ACT	22
§ 25100. Title	22
§ 25105. Definitions	23

§ 25110. Legislative findings	23
§ 25115. Legislative policy declarations	24
§ 25120. Nonprofit salmon release and return operations	24
§ 25125. Creation of program	25
§ 25130. Consultation with other agencies	25
§ 25135. Report of determined elements of program	25
§ 25140. Ineligibility	25
§ 25145. Program elements	26
§ 25150. Study of effect of reduced flow	26
CHAPTER 3. PRIVATE NONPROFIT HATCHERIES	27
§ 25200. Issuance of permit	27
§ 25205. Permit conditions	27
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS [RESERVED]	28
PART 3. ANCHOVIES	28
TITLE 1. ANCHOVIES GENERALLY	28
§ 25250. Provisions not exclusive	28
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	28
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	28
§ 25300. Application of title	28
CHAPTER 2. MANAGEMENT OF RESOURCE	28
§ 25305. Policy declaration	28
§ 25310. Area south of Point Mugu	29
§ 25315. Humboldt Bay	29
§ 25320. Revocation or suspension of license	30
CHAPTER 3. USE IN CANNERY	30
§ 25350. Unloading for use in cannery	
PART 4. BARRACUDA	31
TITLE 1. BARRACUDA GENERALLY	
§ 25400. Provisions not exclusive	
§ 25405. Delivery of barracuda taken from waters off coast of Mexico	
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	31
§ 25450. Application of title	31
§ 25455. Size restrictions	31
§ 25460. Use of purse seines or round haul nets	
PART 5. BASS	
TITLE 1. BASS GENERALLY	
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	
§ 25500. Provisions not exclusive	
CHAPTER 2. SPECIFIC TYPES OF BASS	
§ 25550. Black bass	
§ 25555. Giant seabass	
§ 25560. Spotted bass	
§ 25565. Striped bass	
§ 25570. White bass	34

§ 25575. White sea bass	35
CHAPTER 3. BLACK BASS CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT ACT OF 1980	35
§ 25600. Name of act	35
§ 25605. Declaration of preservation	35
§ 25610. Declaration relating to funding	35
§ 25615. Components of management program	36
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	36
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	36
§ 25650. Application of title	36
CHAPTER 2. STRIPED BASS	36
§ 25700. Anadromous fish	36
§ 25705. Provisions not exclusive	36
§ 25710. Take with purse or round haul net	37
§ 25715. Required return to water	37
§ 25720. Possession, offer for sale, sale, or purchase	37
§ 25725. Use of net in waters upstream from Carquinez Bridge	37
CHAPTER 3. WHITE SEA BASS	38
§ 25750. Provisions not exclusive	38
§ 25755. Undersized white sea bass	38
§ 25760. Use of purse seines or round haul nets	38
CHAPTER 4. OTHER BASS	39
§ 25800. Giant seabass	39
§ 25805. Kelp bass, sand bass, or spotted bass	40
PART 6. CARP	40
TITLE 1. CARP GENERALLY	40
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	40
§ 25850. Application of title	40
§ 25855. Provisions not exclusive	40
CHAPTER 2. GRASS CARP	41
§ 25900. Preexisting grass carp programs	41
§ 25905. Legislative declaration	41
§ 25910. Department regulations	41
§ 25915. Certification by providers	42
§ 25920. Information required for permit	42
§ 25925. Permit conditions	43
§ 25930. Permit and inspection fees	43
§ 25935. Consultation with Department of Food and Agriculture	43
§ 25940. Suspension of permit issuance process	43
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	44
§ 26000. Application of title	44
§ 26005 Use of traps	44

PART 7. CATFISH	44
TITLE 1. CATFISH GENERALLY [RESERVED]	44
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	44
§ 26100. Application of title	44
§ 26105. Provisions not exclusive	45
§ 26110. Prohibited sale	45
PART 8. CROAKER	45
TITLE 1. CROAKER GENERALLY [RESERVED]	45
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	45
§ 26200. Application of title	45
§ 26205. Provisions not exclusive	45
§ 26210. Yellowfin croaker, spotfin croaker, or California corbina	45
PART 9. GROUNDFISH	46
TITLE 1. GROUNDFISH GENERALLY [RESERVED]	46
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	46
§ 26300. Application of title	46
§ 26305. Provisions not exclusive	
§ 26310. Marine species of finfish	46
§ 26315. Retention of landing receipt	46
PART 10. GRUNION	47
TITLE 1. GRUNION GENERALLY	47
§ 26350. Provisions not exclusive	47
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	47
§ 26400. Application of title	47
§ 26405. Season	47
PART 11. HALIBUT	47
TITLE 1. HALIBUT GENERALLY	47
§ 26450. Provisions not exclusive	47
§ 26455. Conformity with other law	48
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	48
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	48
§ 26500. Application of title	48
Chapter 2. Take, Possession, or Sale	48
Article 1. General Provisions	48
§ 26550. Season	48
§ 26555. Size restrictions	48
Article 2. Halibut Bottom Trawl Permit	
§ 26600. Permit requirement	
§ 26605. Eligibility	
§ 26610. Transfer of permit	
§ 26615. Permit fees	
§ 26620. Application of federal permit	
§ 26625. Commission regulation	
§ 26630. Inoperative date of article	51

Article 3. License Revocation	51
§ 26700. Revocation or suspension of license	51
PART 12. HERRING	52
TITLE 1. HERRING GENERALLY	52
§ 26750. Provisions not exclusive	52
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	52
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	52
§ 26800. Application of title	52
Chapter 2. Permit	52
§ 26850. Permit required for take	52
§ 26855. Limit on number of permits issued	52
§ 26860. Fee for permit	53
§ 26865. Permit requirements	53
§ 26870. Herring fishery experience points	54
§ 26875. Issuance of single permit to two individuals	54
§ 26880. Transfer of permit generally	55
§ 26885. Regulations relating to transfer of permits	56
§ 26890. Transfer fee	57
§ 26895. Drawing for expired permits	57
§ 26900. Adjustment of fees	57
§ 26905. Temporary substitution of crewmember	57
§ 26910. Periodic review of regulations and policies	58
§ 26915. Regulation relating to use of gill nets	58
§ 26920. Determination relating to use of round haul nets in Districts 12 and 13	58
§ 26925. Herring research and management account	58
§ 26930. San Francisco Bay herring stamp	59
§ 26935. Funds to be deposited in herring research and management account	59
§ 26940. Proof of crewmember experience	60
§ 26945. Revocation for failure to report or file	60
§ 26950. Revocation or suspension of license	60
§ 26955. Commission regulation	60
CHAPTER 3. TAKE OF HERRING EGGS	61
§ 27000. Permit to take herring eggs	61
§ 27005. Payment of royalty	61
§ 27010. Permit limitations	61
§ 27015. Exception for incidental take of aquatic plants	
PART 13. MACKEREL	62
TITLE 1. MACKEREL GENERALLY	62
§ 27050. Provisions not exclusive	62
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	62
§ 27100. Application of title	62
§ 27105. Authorized take	62
§ 27110. Federal fishery regulations	62
§ 27115. Unloading for use in cannery	63

PART 14. MARLIN	63
TITLE 1. MARLIN GENERALLY	63
§ 27150. Provisions not exclusive	63
§ 27155. Transport of marlin meat out of state	63
§ 27160. Department monitoring of take	63
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	64
§ 27200. Application of title	64
§ 27205. Marlin meat	64
§ 27210. Importation for producing fish cakes	64
PART 15. SABLEFISH	65
TITLE 1. SABLEFISH GENERALLY	65
§ 27250. Groundfish	65
§ 27255. Provisions not exclusive	65
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	65
§ 27300. Application of title	65
§ 27305. Required permit	65
PART 16. SALMON	66
TITLE 1. SALMON GENERALLY	66
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	66
§ 27350. Anadromous fish	66
§ 27355. Provisions not exclusive	66
§ 27360. Legislative determination	67
CHAPTER 2. TAKE OR POSSESSION	68
§ 27400. Salmon spawning areas	
§ 27405. Hook other than in mouth	68
§ 27410. Conformity with federal law	
CHAPTER 3. IMPORTATION	
§ 27450. Importation of undersized salmon	
CHAPTER 4. COOPERATIVE SALMON AND STEELHEAD REARING FACILITIES	
§ 27500. Department agreement	69
§ 27505. Demonstration of financial ability	69
§ 27510. Property of state	
§ 27515. Release determined by Commission	69
§ 27520. Funding of agreements	70
§ 27525. Department to make fish available	
§ 27530. Location of release	
CHAPTER 5. COHO HELP ACT	
§ 27600. Name of act	
§ 27605. Definitions	
§ 27610. Required elements of project	
§ 27615. Coho Salmon Recovery Account	
§ 27620. Emergency regulations	
§ 27625. Effective date of operation	74

FITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	74
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	74
§ 27700. Application of title	74
§ 27705. Definitions	74
CHAPTER 2. COMMERCIAL SALMON TROLLERS ENHANCEMENT AND RESTORATION	
Program	
§ 27750. Declaration of legislative intent	
§ 27755. Commercial fishing salmon stamp requirement	75
§ 27760. Use of fees from commercial fishing salmon stamps	77
§ 27765. Source of other funds for program	78
§ 27770. Allocation of funds	78
§ 27775. Funding priority	
§ 27780. Advisory Committee	79
§ 27785. Creation of artwork or related material for sale	79
§ 27790. Inoperative date of chapter	80
CHAPTER 3. PERMISSIONS AND PROHIBITIONS	80
§ 27850. Authorized take	80
§ 27855. Possession, sale, offer for sale, or purchase	81
§ 27860. Sale during period when take unlawful	81
§ 27865. Take at mouth of Humboldt Bay	82
§ 27870. Sale, possession, or transport of silver salmon in specified districts	82
§ 27875. Undersized salmon	82
§ 27880. Take for commercial purpose in District 6 or 7	82
§ 27885. Take with purse or round haul net	82
§ 27890. Use of net in waters upstream from Carquinez Bridge	82
§ 27895. Use of trawl net	83
§ 27900. Required return to water if caught in net	83
§ 27905. Revocation or suspension of license	83
CHAPTER 4. HIGH SEAS INTERCEPTION OF SALMON	84
§ 28000. Definitions	84
§ 28005. Prohibited acts generally	84
§ 28010. Prohibited acts on vessel known to contain unlawfully obtained salmon	85
CHAPTER 5. COMMERCIAL SALMON VESSEL PERMITS	85
Article 1. General Provisions	85
§ 28050. Legislative declaration	85
§ 28055. Severability of provisions	86
§ 28060. Regulation and administrative procedures	87
§ 28065. Commercial take or possession on vessel	87
§ 28070. Take for sport purposes	
§ 28075. Conditions for issuance of any permit	
§ 28080. Inapplicability of limited fishery eligibility provision	
§ 28085. Allowable number of permitted vessels	
§ 28090. New entry permit	
§ 28095. Application for new entry permit	

§ 28100. Drawing for new entry permits	89
§ 28105. Review of new entry provisions	90
§ 28110. Issuance of new entry permit	90
§ 28115. Renewal required prior to expiration	90
§ 28120. Department to send renewal notice and application	90
§ 28125. Renewal of permit	91
§ 28130. Issuance of permit after renewal	91
§ 28135. Change of ownership of vessel	92
§ 28140. Replacement vessel permit	92
§ 28145. Fishing potential classification system for replacement vessels	94
§ 28150. Request for review of vessel before submission of transfer application	94
§ 28155. Transfer application based on lost, stolen, or destroyed vessel	94
§ 28160. Issuance of replacement vessel permit	95
§ 28165. Term of permit for replacement vehicle	96
§ 28170. Revocation of permit based on fraud	96
§ 28175. Appeal of revocation or denial or permit transfer	96
§ 28180. Reversal of revocation order or denial of permit renewal or transfer	96
§ 28185. Suspension or revocation of commercial salmon fishing privilege	97
§ 28190. Determination of civil damages following suspension or revocation	98
§ 28195. Display of permit expiration date	98
§ 28200. Affixing of commercial fishing salmon stamp	98
Article 2. Commercial Salmon Fishing Review Board	98
§ 28250. Creation of board	98
§ 28255. Legislative declaration	98
§ 28260. Adoption of regulations by director	99
§ 28265. Composition of board	99
§ 28270. Exemption of board members	99
§ 28275. Member terms	99
§ 28280. Removal of board member	99
§ 28285. Member compensation	100
§ 28290. Meeting attendance by director or designee	100
§ 28295. Function of board	100
§ 28300. Duties of review board	100
§ 28305. Obligation of board members	100
Chapter 6. Salmon Management	101
§ 28350. Department consultation	101
CHAPTER 7. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS	101
§ 28400. Take from commercial passenger fishing boat	101
§ 28405. Use of landing tax	102
§ 28410. Missing adipose fin	103
ART 17. SARDINES	103
TITLE 1. SARDINES GENERALLY	103
\$ 28500. Provisions not avaluative	102

PART

TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	103
Article 1. General Provisions	103
§ 28550. Application of title	103
§ 28555. Declaration of legislative intent	104
§ 28560. Conformity with federal fishery regulations	104
§ 28565. Take or possession	104
§ 28570. Revocation or suspension of license	104
Article 2. Miscellaneous Provisions	104
§ 28600. Unloading for use in cannery	104
§ 28605. Compliance with use stated on landing receipt	105
PART 18. SHAD	105
TITLE 1. SHAD GENERALLY	105
§ 28650. Anadromous fish	105
§ 28655. Provisions not exclusive	105
§ 28660. Importation of shad	105
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	106
§ 28700. Application of title	106
§ 28705. Take with purse or round haul net	106
§ 28710. Use of net in waters upstream from Carquinez Bridge	106
PART 19. SHARKS	106
TITLE 1. SHARKS GENERALLY	106
§ 28750. Provisions not exclusive	106
§ 28755. Take generally	107
§ 28760. Shark fins	107
§ 28765. Report by Ocean Protection Council	108
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	108
Chapter 1. Preliminary Provisions	108
§ 28800. Application of title	108
Chapter 2. Shark Parts	108
§ 28850. Shark fin or tail	108
CHAPTER 3. ANGEL SHARKS	108
§ 28900. Measurement	108
§ 28905. Size restrictions	109
§ 28910. Take in gill or trammel net	109
CHAPTER 4. BASKING SHARKS	109
§ 28950. Regulation	109
CHAPTER 4. LEOPARD SHARKS	
§ 29000. Groundfish	
§ 29005. Take	
CHAPTER 5. WHITE SHARKS	
§ 29050. Take for commercial purpose	
8 29055. Collection of data	110

PART 20. STURGEON	111
TITLE 1. STURGEON GENERALLY	111
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	111
§ 29100. Anadromous fish	111
§ 29105. Provisions not exclusive	111
CHAPTER 2. TAKE, POSSESSION, OR SALE	111
§ 29150. Take or possession	111
CHAPTER 3. IMPORTATION	112
§ 29200. Importation of sturgeon	112
CHAPTER 4. STURGEON EGG PROCESSING	112
§ 29250. Required license	112
§ 29255. License fee	113
§ 29260. License term	113
§ 29265. Required documentation	113
§ 29270. Retention and inspection of documentation	114
§ 29275. Punishment for violation	114
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	115
§ 29350. Application of title	115
§ 29355. Required return to water if caught in net	115
§ 29360. Use of net in waters upstream from Carquinez Bridge	115
PART 21. SURFPERCH	116
TITLE 1. SURFPERCH GENERALLY	116
§ 29400. Provisions not exclusive	116
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	116
§ 29450. Application of title	116
§ 29455. Take	116
PART 22. SWORDFISH	117
TITLE 1. SWORDFISH GENERALLY	117
§ 29500. Provisions not exclusive	117
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	117
§ 29550. Application of title	117
§ 29555. Permit requirement	117
PART 23. TROUT	118
TITLE 1. TROUT GENERALLY	118
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	118
§ 29600. Provisions not exclusive	118
§ 29605. Legislative declaration	118
CHAPTER 2. SHIPMENT OF TROUT	119
§ 29650. Transport of trout	119
§ 29655. Shipment of trout into area where season closed	119
CHAPTER 3. TROUT AND STEELHEAD CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT PLANNING ACT OF 1979	120
§ 29700. Name of act	
8 20705. Declaration of policy	

§ 29/10. Declaration of need	120
§ 29715. Determinations by department	120
§ 29720. Declaration regarding funding	121
§ 29725. Declaration of intended development	121
§ 29730. Update of trout management plan	122
§ 29735. Priority for stocking native hatchery-produced species	123
§ 29740. Intradepartmental strategic trout management team	124
CHAPTER 4. STEELHEAD TROUT	125
Article 1. General Provisions	125
§ 29800. Anadromous fish	125
§ 29805. Provisions not exclusive	125
Article 2. Take	125
§ 29850. Hook other than in mouth	125
Article 3. Report-Restoration Card	125
§ 29900. Required trout fishing report-restoration card	125
§ 29905. Use of revenue	126
§ 29910. Inoperative date of article	127
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	127
CHAPTER 1. TROUT GENERALLY	127
§ 29950. Application of title	127
§ 29955. Sale or purchase	127
CHAPTER 2. STEELHEAD AND DOLLY VARDEN TROUT	127
§ 30000. Taken from out of state	127
§ 30005. Take with purse or round haul net	127
§ 30010. Use of net in waters upstream from Carquinez Bridge	128
PART 24. TUNA	128
TITLE 1. TUNA GENERALLY	128
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	128
§ 30100. Provisions not exclusive	128
CHAPTER 2. TAKE OR POSSESSION	128
§ 30150. Conformity with federal law	128
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	129
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	129
§ 30200. Application of title	129
CHAPTER 2. SPECIFIC TYPES OF TUNA	129
§ 30250. Albacore	129
§ 30255. Bluefin tuna	129
§ 30260. Pacific bonito	129
§ 30265. Skipjack	130
§ 30270. Yellowfin tuna	130
PART 25. YELLOWTAIL	130
TITLE 1. YELLOWTAIL GENERALLY	130
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	130
§ 30350. Provisions not exclusive	130

CHAPTER 2. IMPORTATION	130
§ 30400. Delivery of yellowtail taken from waters off coast of Mexico	130
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	131
§ 30450. Application of title	131
§ 30455. Size restrictions	131
§ 30460. Possession restrictions	131
§ 30465. Use of purse seines or round haul nets	131
DIVISION 9. INVERTEBRATES	133
PART 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS	133
§ 30600. Provisions not exclusive	133
§ 30605. Scope of commercial provisions	133
§ 30610. Take or possession in tidal area	133
PART 2. ABALONE	133
TITLE 1. ABALONE GENERALLY	133
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	133
§ 30650. Mollusk	133
§ 30655. Provisions not exclusive	134
Chapter 2. Take	134
§ 30700. Take from ocean waters	134
CHAPTER 3. IMPORTATION	134
§ 30750. Requirements	134
CHAPTER 4. GEOGRAPHIC RESTRICTIONS	135
§ 30800. Moratorium on take, possession, or landing	135
§ 30805. Commercial restriction on take	135
§ 30810. Collection as broodstock by aquaculturist	136
Chapter 5. Penalties	136
§ 30850. Base punishment for violation	136
§ 30855. Enhanced punishment for take in closed area	137
§ 30860. Unlawful sale or purchase	138
§ 30865. Suspension of license or permit based on pending criminal charge	138
§ 30870. Revocation of license or permit upon conviction	139
§ 30875. Forfeiture of device or apparatus used	140
CHAPTER 6. RECREATIONAL ABALONE MANAGEMENT PROGRAM	140
§ 30950. "Program"	140
§ 30955. Use of fees	140
§ 30960. Program elements	141
CHAPTER 7. ABALONE RECOVERY AND MANAGEMENT PLAN	141
§ 31000. Declaration of legislative intent	141
§ 31005. Elements of plan	141
§ 31010. Funding of plan	142
§ 31015. Action following adoption of plan	142
§ 31020. Priority for previous commercial permittees	143
CHAPTER 8. RECREATIONAL ABALONE ADVISORY COMMITTEE	143
§ 31050. Committee requirements	143

CHAPTER 9. ABALONE RESOURCES RESTORATION AND ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM	144
§ 31100. Funding of program	144
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS [RESERVED]	145
PART 3. CLAMS	145
TITLE 1. CLAMS GENERALLY	145
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	145
§ 31200. Mollusk	145
§ 31205. Provisions not exclusive	145
CHAPTER 2. PISMO CLAMS	145
§ 31250. Possession	145
§ 31255. Shipping	145
§ 31260. Importing	146
CHAPTER 3. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS	146
§ 31300. Digging instruments	146
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	146
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	146
§ 31350. Application of title	146
CHAPTER 2. TAKE	146
§ 31400. When take permitted	146
§ 31405. Commission regulation of take of freshwater claims for commercial purpose	147
§ 31410. Littlenecks, chiones and hard-shell cockles	147
§ 31415. Northern razor clams	147
§ 31420. Pismo clams	148
§ 31425. Washington clams and gappers	148
PART 4. CRAB	148
TITLE 1. CRAB GENERALLY	148
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	148
§ 31500. Crustacean	148
§ 31505. Provisions not exclusive	148
CHAPTER 2. IMPORTATION	149
§ 31550. Importation of crab meat	149
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	149
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	149
§ 31600. Application of title	149
§ 31655. Definitions	149
CHAPTER 2. TAKE AND POSSESSION	149
§ 31700. Use of trawl or drag net	149
§ 31705. Concurrent take for commercial and sport purposes	150
§ 31710. Restrictions on eligibility to take crab	150
§ 31715. Crab meat and frozen crab	150
Chapter 3. Dungeness Crab	151
Article 1. General Provisions	151
§ 31750. Provisions not exclusive	151
8 31755. Prohibited sale of take from specified waters	151

§ 31/60. Take in Crescent City Harbor area	151
§ 31765. Use of trawl or drag net south of Point Reyes	151
§ 31770. Size and sex restrictions	152
Article 2. Geographic Restrictions	152
§ 31850. Delayed opening season in Districts 6, 7, 8 and 9	152
§ 31855. Ocean waters	153
§ 31860. Inoperative date of article	154
Article 3. Seasons Generally	154
§ 31900. Seasons	154
§ 31905. Extension of season	154
Article 4. Delayed Opening Seasons	155
§ 31950. Authority of director to order delay	155
§ 31955. Authority of director to order quality testing	155
§ 31960. Testing guidelines	155
§ 31965. Delay in season opening in Districts 6, 7, 8, and 9 based on testing	156
§ 31970. Sale of crab meet extracted for testing	157
§ 31975. Inoperative date of article	157
Article 5. Use of Traps Generally	157
§ 32050. Use of traps	157
§ 32055. Setting and baiting of traps	158
§ 32060. Incidental take	158
§ 32065. Report to Legislature	158
Article 6. Trap Limit Program	158
§ 32100. "Council"	158
§ 32105. Legislative declaration	159
§ 32110. Adoption of program	159
§ 32115. Program requirements	159
§ 32120. Tier requirements	159
§ 32125. Program participant requirements	160
§ 32130. Department obligations	161
§ 32135. Lost tags	
§ 32140. Violation of program requirement	161
§ 32145. Submission of proposed program to task force	162
§ 32150. Dungeness Crab Account	162
§ 32155. Inoperative date of article	163
Article 7. Dungeness Crab Task Force	163
§ 32200. Creation of task force	163
§ 32205. Task force membership	163
§ 32210. Ports with multiple representatives	164
§ 32215. Responsibilities of task force	164
§ 32220. Subcommittees	
§ 32225. Grant to cover costs	
§ 32230. Task force recommendations	165
8 32235. Inoperative date of article	165

CHAPTER 4. DUNGENESS CRAB VESSEL PERMITS	165
Article 1. General Provisions	165
§ 32300. Permit requirement	165
§ 32305. Taking or landing without permit	166
§ 32310. Fees for permit	166
§ 32315. Retaining eligibility for permit	166
§ 32320. Due date for application	166
§ 32325. Permitted persons	167
§ 32330. Submission of false information	167
§ 32335. Additional penalty for fishing without permit	167
§ 32340. Review panel	168
§ 32345. Inoperative date of article	169
Article 2. Eligibility for Permit	169
§ 32400. Valid commercial license	169
§ 32405. Eligibility based on prior landings	169
§ 32410. Eligibility based on historic participation in fishery	171
§ 32415. Eligibility based on work on another vessel	172
§ 32420. Eligibility based on specialized landings	173
§ 32425. Eligibility based on hardship due to nonresidency	174
§ 32430. Eligibility based on continuous ownership of participating vessel	175
§ 32435. Eligibility based on vessel of limited size	176
§ 32440. Waiver of ownership requirement	177
§ 32445. Documentation required for permit	178
§ 32450. Inoperative date of article	178
Article 3. Transfers	178
§ 32500. General restriction on transfer	178
§ 32505. Application for transfer	178
§ 32510. Transfer upon sale of permitted vessel	178
§ 32515. Transfer to replacement vessel of equivalent capacity	179
§ 32520. Transfer to replacement vessel of greater capacity	179
§ 32525. Transfer to replacement vessel not equipped with trawl nets	180
§ 32530. Restriction on multiple transfers	181
§ 32535. Transfer based on serious damage, loss or destruction of permitted vessel	181
§ 32540. Temporary transfer to non-permitted replacement vessel	182
§ 32545. Retention of permit upon sale of permitted vessel	184
§ 32550. Death or incapacity of permitholder	184
§ 32555. Fees for transfer	185
§ 32560. Inoperative date of article	185
Article 4. Miscellaneous Provisions	185
§ 32600. Legislative declaration	185
§ 32605. Location where permits valid	185
§ 32610. Assistance of unpermitted vessel	186
CHAPTER 5. ROCK CRAB	186
\$ 22650 Dealers I amb	106

§ 32655. Take of rock crab	186
§ 32660. Incidental take	187
TITLE 3. LICENSE SUSPENSION	187
§ 32700. Revocation or suspension of license	187
PART 5. CRAYFISH	188
TITLE 1. CRAYFISH GENERALLY	188
§ 32750. Crustacean	188
§ 32755. Provisions not exclusive	188
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	188
§ 32800. Application of title	188
§ 32805. Take	188
§ 32810. Use of traps	189
§ 32815. Take in Lake Tahoe	189
§ 32820. Overfishing in Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta	
PART 6. CRUSTACEANS	189
TITLE 1. CRUSTACEANS GENERALLY	189
§ 32850. Provisions not exclusive	189
§ 32855. Use as bait	190
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	190
§ 32900. Application of title	190
§ 32905. Take with powered equipment	190
PART 7. KRILL	190
TITLE 1. KRILL GENERALLY	190
§ 32950. Crustacean	190
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	191
§ 33000. Application of title	191
§ 33005. Take	191
PART 8. LOBSTER	191
TITLE 1. LOBSTER GENERALLY	191
§ 33100. Crustacean	191
§ 33105. Provisions not exclusive	191
§ 33110. Take of spiny lobster	192
§ 33115. Importing of spiny lobster	192
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	192
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	192
§ 33150. Application of title	192
Chapter 2. Permit	192
§ 33200. Required permit	192
§ 33205. Display of permit number	193
§ 33210. Limit on number of permits issued	193
§ 33215. Suspension of permit pending criminal proceeding	
CHAPTER 3. TAKE	
§ 33250. Season for take	
§ 33255 Size limitation	194

§ 33260. Possession or landing on vessel	195
§ 33265. Filing of criminal complaint	195
CHAPTER 4. LOBSTER TRAPS	195
§ 33300. Use of trap	195
§ 33305. Construction of trap	195
§ 33310. Locations where traps may be used	196
§ 33315. Incidental take of other species	197
CHAPTER 5. OTHER PROHIBITIONS	197
§ 33350. Prohibition on sale of lobsters taken while skindiving	197
§ 33355. Preserving	197
PART 9. MOLLUSKS	197
TITLE 1. MOLLUSKS GENERALLY	197
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	197
§ 33400. Provisions not exclusive	197
§ 33405. Use as bait	198
§ 33410. Take with powered equipment	198
CHAPTER 2. MOLLUSK PURIFICATION	198
§ 33450. Specified districts	198
§ 33455. Sanitary surveys	199
§ 33460. Certification of water quality	199
§ 33465. Royalty	199
CHAPTER 3. SHELLFISH	199
§ 33500. Authority of State Department of Public Health	199
§ 33505. Prohibited take	200
§ 33510. Notice of contamination	200
§ 33515. Enforcement	201
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS [RESERVED]	201
PART 10. MUSSELS	201
TITLE 1. MUSSELS GENERALLY	201
§ 33600. Mollusk	201
§ 33605. Provisions not exclusive	201
TITLE 2. DREISSENID MUSSELS	201
CHAPTER 1. MANAGEMENT BY DEPARTMENT	201
§ 33650. General prohibition	201
§ 33655. Report of discovery by any entity	
§ 33660. Authority of department to inspect	
§ 33665. Restricted access to designated areas	
§ 33670. Involvement of other agencies	
§ 33675. Inapplicability of division of Public Resources Code	
§ 33680. Water supply agency cooperation	
§ 33685. Department authority to adopt regulations	
§ 33690. Immunity from liability	
§ 33695. Penalty for violation	
§ 33700. Inoperative date	

CHAPTER 2. RESERVOIR OWNERS OR MANAGERS	205
§ 33750. Inapplicability of chapter	205
§ 33755. Duties where water activities are permitted	205
§ 33760. Duties where water activities are not permitted	206
§ 33765. Duties where reservoir not open to public	206
§ 33770. Applicability of chapter to governmental entities	206
§ 33775. Adoption of regulations by department	206
§ 33780. Penalty for violation	206
TITLE 3. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	207
§ 33850. Application of title	207
§ 33900. Take	207
PART 11. SCALLOPS	207
TITLE 1. SCALLOPS GENERALLY	207
§ 33950. Mollusk	207
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	207
§ 34000. Application of title	207
§ 34005. Sale or purchase	207
PART 12. SEA CUCUMBERS	208
TITLE 1. SEA CUCUMBERS GENERALLY	208
§ 34050. Provisions not exclusive	208
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	208
§ 34100. Application of title	208
§ 34105. Take, possession, or landing	208
§ 34110. Permit	208
§ 34115. Transfer of permit	209
§ 34120. Commission regulation	210
§ 34125. Inoperative date of chapter	
PART 13. SEA URCHINS	211
TITLE 1. SEA URCHINS GENERALLY	211
§ 34250. Provisions not exclusive	211
§ 34255. Department grant	211
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	212
§ 34300. Application of title	212
§ 34305. Permit required	212
§ 34310. Allowed appliances	212
PART 14. SHRIMP	213
TITLE 1. SHRIMP GENERALLY	213
§ 34350. Crustacean	213
§ 34400. Provisions not exclusive	213
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	213
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	213
§ 34450. Application of title	213
§ 34455. "Shrimp"	213
CHAPTER 2 TAKE	214

Article 1. General Provisions	214
§ 34500. Take generally allowed	214
§ 34505. Take for commercial purpose	214
§ 34510. Use of traps	214
Article 2. Geographic Restrictions	214
§ 34550. Take south of Point Concepcion	214
Article 3. Use of Trawl Nets	215
§ 34600. Permit	
§ 34605. Geographic restrictions	215
§ 34610. Incidental take while fishing for pink shrimp	216
§ 34615. Possession or landing of halibut while fishing	216
§ 34620. Incidental take while fishing for ridgeback or spotted prawn	216
PART 15. SQUID	216
TITLE 1. SQUID GENERALLY	216
§ 34700. Provisions not exclusive	216
TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS	217
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	217
§ 34750. Application of title	217
Chapter 2. Take	217
§ 34800. When take permitted	217
§ 34805. Unlawful activities in District 10	217
CHAPTER 3. MARKET SQUID	218
§ 34850. Legislative declaration	218
§ 34855. Purchase of squid from vessel	219
§ 34860. Adoption of fishery management plan and regulations	219
§ 34865. Management of fishery	219
§ 34870. Permit fee	219
§ 34875. Statements relating to permit	220
§ 34880. Revocations based on submission of material false statements	220
§ 34885. No limit on authority of director or commission	220
§ 34890. Inoperative date of sections	220
CHAPTER 4. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS	221
§ 34950. Unloading for use in cannery	221
DIVISION 10. AMPHIBIANS	221
PART 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS	221
§ 36000. Provisions not exclusive	221
§ 36005. Use as bait	221
PART 2. NATIVE AMPHIBIANS	221
§ 36050. "Native amphibian	221
§ 36055. Commission to establish rules	222
PART 3. SPECIFIC TYPES OF AMPHIBIANS	222
TITLE 1. FROGS	222
CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS	222
§ 36100. "Frog"	222

§ 36105. Provisions not exclusive	222
CHAPTER 2. TAKE OR POSSESSION	222
§ 36150. General prohibition on take or possession	222
§ 36155. Prohibited take by firearm	222
§ 36160. Lawful possession limited to authorized number of frogs	223
§ 36165. Disposal permit	223
CHAPTER 3. FROG JUMPING CONTESTS	223
§ 36200. "Frog-jumping contest"	223
§ 36205. Applicability of chapter	223
§ 36210. Exemption from other law	224
§ 36215. Disposition of dead frog	224
§ 36220. No modification of provision by commission	224
DIVISION 11. REPTILES	224
PART 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS	224
§ 36300. Provisions not exclusive	224
PART 2. SPECIFIC TYPES OF REPTILES	225
TITLE 1. ALLIGATORS AND RELATED ANIMALS	225
§ 36350. Use or sale of meat or hides	225
TITLE 2. RATTLESNAKES	225
§ 36400. Take	225
TITLE 3. TORTOISES AND TURTLES	225
CHAPTER 1. TORTOISES	225
§ 36450. General prohibitions	225
§ 36455. Possession by institutions or gardens	225
§ 36460. Tortoises acquired before 1973	225
CHAPTER 2. TURTLES	226
§ 36500. Pacific leatherback sea turtles	226
DIVISION 12. INSECTS	226
PART 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS	226
§ 36600. Provisions not exclusive	226
PART 2. SPECIFIC TYPES OF INSECTS	227
TITLE 1. BUTTERFLIES	227
§ 36650. Monarch butterflies	
DISPOSITION OF FORMER LAW	

1	DIVISION 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS
2	•••
3	PART 2. DEFINITIONS
4	•••
5	§ 352. "Finfish"
6	352. "Finfish" means any species of bony fish or cartilaginous fish.
7	Comment. Section 352 is new. It is drawn from Section 1.46 of Title 14 of the California Code
8	of Regulations.
9	§ 488. "Native California trout"
10	488. "Native California trout" means any of the following fish:
11	(a) California golden trout.
12	(b) Coastal cutthroat trout.
13	(c) Coastal rainbow trout/steelhead.
14	(d) Eagle Lake rainbow trout.
15	(e) Goose Lake redband trout.
16	(f) Kern River rainbow trout.
17	(g) Lahontan cutthroat trout.
18	(h) Little Kern golden trout.
19	(i) McCloud River redband trout.
20	(j) Paiute cutthroat trout.
21	(k) Warner Valley redband trout.
22	Comment. Section 488 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7261 without
23	substantive change.
24	•••
25	DIVISION 6. BIRDS
26	•••
27	DIVISION 7. MAMMALS
28	

DIVISION 8. FISH

1

2	PART 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS
3	§ 25000. Provisions not exclusive
4	25000. Animals governed by this division are also governed by other provisions
5	of this code, including but not limited to Division 5 (commencing with Section
6	5000).
7	Comment. Section 25000 is new.
8	§ 25005. Scope of commercial provisions
9	25005. The provisions of this division that are expressly identified as
10	commercial provisions apply to the taking and possession of fish for any
11	commercial purpose. Those commercial provisions do not apply to activities
12	governed by <b>Division 12</b> (commencing with Section 15000).
13	<b>Comment.</b> Section 25005 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 7600
14	applicable to the provisions of this division without substantive change.
15	PART 2. ANADROMOUS FISH
16	TITLE 1. ANADROMOUS FISH GENERALLY
17	CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS
18	§ 25050. Provisions not exclusive
19	25050. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other
20	provisions that may govern anadromous fish include, but are not limited to, the
21	following provisions:
22	(a) <b>Section 14001.</b>
23	(b) Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 15600) of Division 12.
24	Comment. Section 25050 is new.
25	CHAPTER 2. SALMON, STEELHEAD TROUT, AND ANADROMOUS
26	FISHERIES PROGRAM ACT
27	§ 25100. Title
28	25100. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the Salmon, Steelhead
29	Trout, and Anadromous Fisheries Program Act.
30	Comment. Section 25100 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6900 withou
31	change.

### § 25105. Definitions

- 25105. Unless the context clearly requires a different meaning, the following definitions govern the construction of this chapter:
- (a) "Production" means the survival of fish to adulthood as measured by the abundance of the recreational and commercial catch together with the return of fish to the state's spawning streams.
- (b) "Program" means the program for protecting and increasing the naturally spawning salmon and steelhead trout of the state provided for in **Article 3** (commencing with Section 6920).

**Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 25105 combines and continues former Fish and Game Code Sections 6910 and 6911 without substantive change.

Subdivision (b) combines and continues former Fish and Game Code Sections 6910 and 6912 without substantive change.

### § 25110. Legislative findings

- 25110. The Legislature, for purposes of this chapter, finds as follows:
- (a) According to the department, the natural production of salmon and steelhead trout in California has declined to approximately 1,000,000 adult chinook or king salmon, 100,000 coho or silver salmon, and 150,000 steelhead trout.
- (b) The naturally spawning salmon and steelhead trout resources of the state have declined dramatically within the past four decades, primarily as a result of lost stream habitat on many streams in the state.
- (c) Much of the loss of salmon and steelhead trout and anadromous fish in the state has occurred in the central valley.
- (d) Protection of, and an increase in, the naturally spawning salmon and steelhead trout resources of the state would provide a valuable public resource to the residents, a large statewide economic benefit, and would, in addition, provide employment opportunities not otherwise available to the citizens of this state, particularly in rural areas of present underemployment.
- (e) Proper salmon and steelhead trout resource management requires maintaining adequate levels of natural, as compared to hatchery, spawning and rearing.
- (f) Reliance upon hatchery production of salmon and steelhead trout in California is at or near the maximum percentage that it should occupy in the mix of natural and artificial hatchery production in the state. Hatchery production may be an appropriate means of protecting and increasing salmon and steelhead in specific situations; however, when both are feasible alternatives, preference shall be given to natural production.
- (g) The protection of, and increase in, the naturally spawning salmon and steelhead trout of the state must be accomplished primarily through the improvement of stream habitat.
- (h) Funds provided by the Legislature since 1978 to further the protection and increase of the fisheries of the state have been administered by the department in a

- successful program of contracts with local government and nonprofit agencies and private groups in ways that have attracted substantial citizen effort.
- (i) The department's contract program has demonstrated that California has a large and enthusiastic corps of citizens that are eager to further the restoration of the stream and fishery resources of this state and that are willing to provide significant amounts of time and labor to that purpose.
- (j) There is need for a comprehensive salmon, steelhead trout, and anadromous fisheries plan, program, and state government organization to guide the state's efforts to protect and increase the naturally spawning salmon, steelhead trout, and anadromous fishery resources of the state.
- **Comment.** Section 25110 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6901 without change.

## § 25115. Legislative policy declarations

- 25115. The Legislature, for purposes of this chapter, declares as follows:
- (a) It is the policy of the state to significantly increase the natural production of salmon and steelhead trout by the end of this century. The department shall develop a plan and a program that strives to double the current natural production of salmon and steelhead trout resources.
- (b) It is the policy of the state to recognize and encourage the participation of the public in privately and publicly funded mitigation, restoration, and enhancement programs in order to protect and increase naturally spawning salmon and steelhead trout resources.
- (c) It is the policy of the state that existing natural salmon and steelhead trout habitat shall not be diminished further without offsetting the impacts of the lost habitat.
- **Comment.** Section 25115 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6902 without change.

### § 25120. Nonprofit salmon release and return operations

- 25120. (a) It is the policy of the state and the department to encourage nonprofit salmon release and return operations subject to this code operated by, or on behalf of, licensed commercial salmon fishermen for the purpose of enhancing California's salmon populations and increasing the salmon harvest by commercial and recreational fishermen.
- (b) The department shall, to the extent that funds and personnel are available, cooperate with fishing organizations in the siting and establishment of those operations to ensure the protection of natural spawning stocks of native salmon. The organizations conducting the operations may receive salmon eggs and juvenile salmon for the purposes of the operation, and, where appropriate, shall have priority to receive salmon eggs and juvenile salmon for those purposes after the needs of habitat mitigation efforts, and state hatcheries are met.
  - Comment. Section 25120 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6903 without

1 substantive change.

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### § 25125. Creation of program

- 25125. (a) The department shall, with the advice of the Advisory Committee on Salmon and Steelhead Trout and the Commercial Salmon Trollers Advisory Committee, prepare and maintain a detailed and comprehensive program for the protection and increase of salmon, steelhead trout, and anadromous fisheries.
- (b) The program shall identify the measures the department will carry out to achieve the policies set forth in **Section 6902**.
- 9 **Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 25125 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6920(a) without change.
- Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6921 without substantive change.

### § 25130. Consultation with other agencies

- 25130. The department shall consult with every public agency whose policies or decisions may affect the goals of this program to determine if there are feasible means for those public agencies to help the department achieve the goals of this program.
- Comment. Section 25130 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6920(b) without change.

## § 25135. Report of determined elements of program

- 25135. The department shall determine the initial elements of the program and transmit a report describing those elements to the Legislature and the Advisory Committee on Salmon and Steelhead Trout within six months of the effective date of this chapter.
- Comment. Section 25135 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6924 without change.
  - **Staff Note.** Existing Fish and Game Code Section 6924 (which would be continued by proposed Section 25135) requires the Department to take specified actions within six months of the effective date of the chapter in which Section 6924 appears (Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 6900) of Part 1 of Division 6 of the existing code).
  - The effective date of that chapter (added by 1988 Cal. Stat. ch. 1545) was January 1, 1989, suggesting the strong likelihood that the Department has long ago complied with the one-time requirements of Section 6924.
- The staff invites comment on whether existing Section 6924 can be discontinued from the proposed law as obsolete.

#### 36 **§ 25140. Ineligibility**

- 25140. Measures that are the responsibility of other agencies or persons, such as the repair or replacement of dysfunctional fish screens, are not eligible for funding under the program.
- 40 **Comment.** Section 25140 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6923 without substantive change.

### § 25145. Program elements

- 25145. The program shall include, but is not limited to, all of the following elements:
- (a) Identification of streams where the natural production of salmon and steelhead trout can be increased primarily through the improvement of stream and streambank conditions without effect on land ownership, land use practices, or changes in streamflow operations.
- (b) Identification of streams where the natural production of salmon and steelhead trout can be increased only through the improvement of land use practices or changes in streamflow operations.
- (c) Identification of streams where the protection of, and increase in, salmon and steelhead trout resources require, as a result of significant prior loss of stream habitat, the construction of artificial propagation facilities.
  - (d) A program element for evaluating the effectiveness of the program.
- (e) Recommendations for an organizational structure, staffing, budgeting, long-term sources of funding, changes in state statutes and regulations and federal and local government policy and such other administrative and legislative actions as the department finds to be necessary to accomplish the purposes of this chapter.
- (f) Identification of measures to protect and increase the production of other anadromous fisheries consistent with policies set forth in **Section 6902**.
- (g) Identification of alternatives to, or mitigation of, manmade factors that cause the loss of juvenile and adult fish in California's stream system.
- **Comment.** Section 25145 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6922 without substantive change.

### § 25150. Study of effect of reduced flow

- 25150. (a) Subject to the availability of funds for the purposes of this section, the department shall contract with the University of California to conduct a study of the effects that reduced waterflows at the mouths and upstream estuaries of rivers selected under subdivision (b) would have on existing salmon and steelhead populations, and on existing or prospective salmon and steelhead population restoration or reintroduction programs.
- (b) The department shall select the rivers to be included in the study, and shall limit its selection to rivers that satisfy both of the following conditions:
- (1) The river is within the combined river systems described in paragraph (7) of subdivision (a) of Section 1215.5 of the Water Code.
- (2) The river is the subject of an application filed with the State Water Resources Control Board to appropriate water in an amount equal to more than three cubic feet per second or more than 500 acre feet per annum of storage, involving the delivery of water by means other than a pipeline, natural watercourse, well, or aqueduct, to any place of use that is outside of the protected area described in paragraph (7) of subdivision (a) of Section 1215.5 of the Water Code.

- (c) The findings of the study conducted under this section shall be a factor in any decision of the State Water Resources Control Board to approve or deny an application to appropriate water from any river selected under this section. If the application involves the delivery of water, by means other than a pipeline, natural watercourse, well, or aqueduct, to any place of use outside of the protected area described in paragraph (7) of subdivision (a) of Section 1215.5 of the Water Code, the board may not approve that application until after the study has been completed.
- (d) Any study conducted pursuant to this section shall conclude within five years of the start of that study.
- (e) This section applies to the University of California only if the Regents of the University of California, by resolution, make it applicable to the university.
- **Comment.** Section 25150 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6930 without substantive change.

### CHAPTER 3. PRIVATE NONPROFIT HATCHERIES

### § 25200. Issuance of permit

- 25200. (a) The commission may issue a permit, subject to restrictions and regulations that the commission deems desirable, to a nonprofit organization, to construct and operate an anadromous fish hatchery.
- (b) No permit will be issued that may tend to deplete the natural runs of anadromous fish, result in waste or deterioration of fish, or when the proposed operation is located on a stream or river below a state or federal fish hatchery or egg-taking station.
- **Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 25200 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 1170 without substantive change.
- Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 1172 without substantive change.

#### § 25205. Permit conditions

- 25205. Any permit granted by the commission pursuant to this chapter shall contain all of the following conditions:
- (a) If after a hearing the commission finds that the operation described in the permit and conducted pursuant to this chapter is not in the best public interest, the commission may alter the conditions of the permit to mitigate the adverse effects, or may cause an orderly termination of the operation under the permit. An orderly termination shall not exceed a three-year period and shall culminate in the revocation of the permit in its entirety.
- (b) If the commission finds that the operation has caused deterioration of the natural run of anadromous fish in the waters covered by the permit, it may require the permittee to return the fishery to the same condition as was prior to issuance of the permit. If the permittee fails to take appropriate action, the commission may

1	direct the department to take the action, and the permittee shall bear any cost
2	incurred by the department.
3	(c) Prior to release into state waters and at any other time deemed necessary by
4	the department, the fish may be examined by the department to determine that they
5	are not diseased or infected with any disease which, in the opinion of the
6	department, may be detrimental to the state fishery resources.
7 8	<b>Comment.</b> Section 25205 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 1174 without substantive change.
0	TITLE 2 COMMEDCIAL DROWISIONS (DESERVED)
9	TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS [RESERVED]
10	PART 3. ANCHOVIES
11	TITLE 1. ANCHOVIES GENERALLY
11	TITLE 1. ANCHOVIES GENERALLI
12	§ 25250. Provisions not exclusive
13	25250. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other
14	provisions that may govern anchovies include, but are not limited to, the following
15	provisions:
16	(a) Section 8046.
17	(b) Section 8597.
18	(c) Section 8780.
19	(d) Section 8870.
20	Comment. Section 25250 is new.
21	TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS
22	CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS
23	§ 25300. Application of title
24	25300. For purposes of <b>Section 7600</b> , the provisions in this title are commercial
25	provisions.
26	<b>Comment.</b> Section 25300 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.
27	CHAPTER 2. MANAGEMENT OF RESOURCE
28	§ 25305. Policy declaration
29	25305. (a) It is the policy of the State of California that the anchovy resource
30	shall be managed in a manner that insures the continued abundance of the species.

25305. (a) It is the policy of the State of California that the anchovy resource shall be managed in a manner that insures the continued abundance of the species. To that end, the department shall conduct, or have others conduct, annual anchovy egg-larvae surveys or any other annual surveys, research, and analyses necessary

to insure that an accurate biomass estimate is made.

(b) This section shall become operative, and activities shall be carried out pursuant to this section, only in the event and to the extent that funding is made available for those activities by the federal government.

**Comment.** Section 25305 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8190 without substantive change.

### § 25310. Area south of Point Mugu

- 25310. (a) In any district or part of a district lying south of a line drawn east and west through Point Mugu, anchovies may be taken in any quantity for bait or for human consumption in a fresh state, or, by contract with the department, for hatchery food, not to exceed 500 tons per year.
- (b) Anchovies taken south of the line described in subdivision (a), in waters not less than three nautical miles from the nearest point of land on the mainland shore, and anchovies taken north of that line in any waters, may be possessed, transported, sold, or otherwise dealt with in any district or part of a district south of that.
- (c) The operator of any boat engaged in taking anchovies in waters south of the line described in subdivision (a) shall at all times while operating the boat identify it by displaying on an exposed part of the superstructure, amidships on each side and on top of the house visible from the air, the Department of Fish and Wildlife registration number of the boat, in 14-inch black numerals on white background.

**Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 25310 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8180 without change.

Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8181 without substantive change.

Subdivision (c) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8182 without substantive change.

### § 25315. Humboldt Bay

- 25315. (a) No anchovies may be taken for any purpose in Humboldt Bay, except under the following conditions:
- (1) Anchovies may be taken for live bait between May 1 and December 1 and may be taken for dead bait between May 1 and August 31.
- (2) The operator of a vessel may take anchovies only for use in his or her own fishing operation, except that the operator may make incidental sales of anchovies so taken to local sport fishermen for their use as bait. This paragraph does not prevent the cooperative effort of two or more vessel operators or their crews working together with one net if each operator has complied with the notification requirement in paragraph (3).
- (3) An observer who is an employee of the department shall inspect any bait operation and may halt that operation if the operation cannot be conducted without adversely affecting the game species of the bay. Notification of all bait operations shall be dispatched so as to be received by the department at least 12 hours prior to the commencement of the operation.

- (4) Anchovies may be taken in **Districts 8 and 9** only north of a line extending through channel markers 8 and 9 in Humboldt Bay.
- (5) Not more than 15 tons of anchovies may be taken between May 1 and August 31 of each year and not more than 15 tons may be taken between September 1 and December 1 of each year.
  - (6) Only bait nets, as defined in **Section 8780**, shall be used to take anchovies.
- (7) Any game fish caught incidentally in a bait net intended to catch anchovies shall be released by use of a hand scoop net or by dipping the cork line.
- (b) An accurate record of all fishing operations pursuant to this section shall be kept and is subject to inspection by the department.
- (c) The commission shall adopt any other regulation it determines is necessary to protect the Humboldt Bay anchovy resource.
- **Comment.** Section 25315 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8183 without substantive change.

# § 25320. Revocation or suspension of license

- 25320. (d) Notwithstanding **Sections 12000, 12001, and 12002**, the commercial fishing license of the master of a vessel may be revoked or suspended by the commission, when requested by the department, for a period not to exceed one year, upon the second conviction in three years of the master or the master's agent, servant, employee, or any other person acting under the master's direction or control, for a violation of any provision of this chapter.
- (b) A master's license shall not be revoked unless both the first and second convictions are for a violation by the master or a violation occurring when the person convicted was acting as the master's agent, servant, employee, or acting under the master's direction or control.
- (c) The master of a vessel is the person on board the vessel who is in charge of the vessel.
- **Comment.** Section 25320 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 12022.8(d)-(f) applicable to the provisions of this chapter, without substantive change.

## CHAPTER 3. USE IN CANNERY

# § 25350. Unloading for use in cannery

- 25350. (a) No anchovies intended for or used in any cannery shall be unloaded from any vessel, except at a weighing or measuring device approved by the Bureau of Weights and Measures.
- (b) Those anchovies shall be weighed by a public weighmaster licensed as an individual under the laws of this state, and a receipt as to that weight shall be immediately issued by the weighmaster to the commercial fisherman at the time of receipt of the products.
- (c) Copies of the receipt shall be handled in the manner provided in Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 14300) and Chapter 4 (commencing with Section

## 1 **14500**) of Title 9.

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Comment. Section 25350 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 7702.1 applicable to anchovies without substantive change.

### PART 4. BARRACUDA

## TITLE 1. BARRACUDA GENERALLY

## § 25400. Provisions not exclusive

- 25400. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that may govern barracuda include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:
- (a) **Section 8385**.
- (c) **Section 10664**.
- 12 (d) **Section 10667.**
- 13 **Comment.** Section 25400 is new.

## § 25405. Delivery of barracuda taken from waters off coast of Mexico

- 25405. (a) Barracuda taken in waters lying south of the maritime boundary line between the United States and Mexico, with that maritime boundary line including, but not limited to, the federal Exclusive Economic Zone boundary, may be delivered to California ports aboard boats, including boats carrying purse seine or round haul nets, in accordance with those regulations as the commission may make governing the inspection and marking of those fish imported into this state. The cost of that inspection and marking shall be paid by the importer.
- 22 (b) Barracuda taken in Mexico shall not be imported, unless legally taken and legally possessed, and a declaration is submitted to the department pursuant to **Section 2353**.
- Comment. Section 25405 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 2362 applicable to barracuda without substantive change.

# TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

# 28 § 25450. Application of title

- 25450. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
- Comment. Section 25450 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

#### 32 § **25455.** Size restrictions

- 25455. (a) Barracuda shall be measured from the tip of the lower jaw to the end of the longer lobe of the tail.
- 35 (b) Barracuda measuring equal to or greater than 28 inches in length may be taken with hook and line at any time.

(c) Barracuda measuring less than 28 inches in length may not be sold or purchased, except that not more than five barracuda per day of any length may be possessed by a commercial fisherman for noncommercial use, if taken incidentally while engaged in commercial fishing.

**Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 25455 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8386 applicable to barracuda without substantive change.

Subdivision (b) continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8382 applicable to barracuda without substantive change.

Subdivision (c) continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8384 applicable to barracuda without substantive change.

# § 25460. Use of purse seines or round haul nets

- 25460. (a) It is unlawful to use any purse seine or round haul net to take a barracuda.
- (b) It is unlawful to possess a barracuda, except those taken south of the international boundary between the United States and Mexico, and imported into the state under regulations of the commission as provided in Section 25355, on any boat carrying or using any purse seine or round haul net, including, but not limited to, a bait net as described in **Section 8780**.
- (c) Notwithstanding subdivision (b), the department may issue permits to hook and line commercial fishermen to possess a bona fide bait net on their vessels for the purpose of taking bait for their own use only.
- **Comment.** Section 25460 continues the parts of former Fish and Game Code Section 8623(a), (b), and (e) applicable to barracuda without substantive change.
- Staff Note. The part of existing Fish and Game Code Section 8623(a), (b), and (e) that appears applicable to barracuda would be continued by proposed Section 25460. (Subdivisions (c) and (d) of Section 8623, which relate to the use of gill nets, would be continued by proposed provisions located among other gill net provisions.)

However, because Section 8623 addresses multiple subjects, the intended meaning of existing subdivision (e) of that section (which would be continued by proposed Section xxx(c)) is potentially ambiguous.

Existing Section 8623 in its entirety reads as follows:

- "8623. (a) It is unlawful to use any purse seine or round haul net to take yellowtail, barracuda, or white sea bass.
- (b) It is unlawful to possess any yellowtail, barracuda, or white sea bass, except those taken south of the international boundary between the United States and Mexico, and imported into the state under regulations of the commission as provided in Section 2362, on any boat carrying or using any purse seine or round haul net, including, but not limited to, a bait net as described in Section 8780.
- (c) Gill nets with meshes of a minimum length of 3 1/2 inches may be used to take yellowtail and barracuda.
- (d) Gill nets with meshes of a minimum length of six inches may be used to take white sea bass; however, during the period from June 16 to March 14, inclusive, not more than 20 percent by number of a load of fish may be white seabass 28 inches or more in total length, up to a maximum of 10 white seabass per load, if taken in gill nets or trammel nets with meshes from 3 1/2 to 6 inches in length.
- (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the department may issue permits to hook and line commercial fishermen to possess a bona fide bait net on their vessels for the purpose of

taking bait for their own use only.

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As the only subdivision in existing Section 8623 that contains a reference to a bait net, or appears to have any relevance to bait nets, is existing Section 8623(b) (which would be continued by proposed Section 25410(b)), proposed Section 25460(c) would revise the clause in existing Section 8623(e) that reads "Notwithstanding the provisions of this section" to read "Notwithstanding subdivision (b)."

The staff invites comment on whether this revision preserves the intended meaning of existing Section 8623(e).

# 9 PART 5. BASS

# TITLE 1. BASS GENERALLY

#### CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

#### § 25500. Provisions not exclusive

25500. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that may govern bass include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:

- 16 (a) **Section 7361**.
- 17 (b) **Section 7856**.
- 18 (c) **Section 8385**.
- 19 (d) **Section 8436.**
- 20 (e) **Section 8436.5**.
- 21 (f) **Section 10664.**
- 22 (g) **Section 10667.**
- 23 **Comment.** Section 25500 is new.

## CHAPTER 2. SPECIFIC TYPES OF BASS

#### 25 **§ 25550. Black bass**

25550. Black bass lawfully taken may be carried or transported into and possessed in an area where the season is closed.

Comment. Section 25550 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 2360 applicable to black bass without change.

## § 25555. Giant seabass

25555. Giant seabass (Stereolepis gigas) may not be taken under a sport fishing license except by hook and line when engaged in the taking of other fish. This section, and any regulation adopted by the commission relating to this section, shall supersede **Section 2353**.

Comment. Section 25555 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7350 without substantive change.

#### § 25560. Spotted bass

- 25560. Spotted bass lawfully taken may be carried or transported into and possessed in an area where the season is closed.
- Comment. Section 25560 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 2360 applicable to spotted bass without change.

## 6 § **25565.** Striped bass

- 25565. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), striped bass may be transported or carried out of or into this state only as follows:
- (1) A resident of California, or the holder of a valid nonresident California sport fishing license, lawfully taking striped bass from the Colorado River or from the Arizona shore of that river, may transport or carry the fish taken into California.
- (2) A resident of Arizona, or the holder of a valid nonresident Arizona sport fishing license, lawfully taking striped bass from the Colorado River or from the California shore of that river, may transport or carry the fish taken into Arizona.
- (b) Striped bass legally taken in another state that permits the sale of that fish may be imported into this state under regulations of the commission. Before the commission adopts any regulation pursuant to this section, a public hearing shall be held in the San Francisco or Sacramento area.
- **Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 25565 restates former Fish and Game Code Section 2359 without substantive change.
- Subdivision (b) continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 2363 applicable to striped bass without substantive change.
- **Staff Note.** Proposed Section 25565(a) is intended to restate existing Fish and Game Code Section 2359 to improve the clarity of that provision, without changing its substantive effect. The existing provision reads as follows:
- "Except as provided in Section 2363, no striped bass may be transported or carried out of or into this state, except striped bass taken from the Colorado River by sportfishing licensees to the extent and in the manner following:
- (a) A resident of California, or the holder of a valid nonresident California sportfishing license, lawfully taking such fish on the waters or from the Arizona shore of the river may transport or carry such fish into California.
- (b) A resident of Arizona, or the holder of a valid nonresident Arizona sportfishing license, lawfully taking such fish on the waters or from the California shore of the river may transport or carry such fish into Arizona."
- The staff invites comment on whether the restatement would cause any substantive change in the meaning of existing Section 2359.

#### § 25570. White bass

- 25570. In addition to **Section 6400**, it is unlawful to transport or possess any live white bass (Marone chrysops), whether taken within or without the state, unless it is first submitted for inspection to, and written permission is obtained from, the department.
- **Comment.** Section 25570 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6400.5 without substantive change.

#### § 25575. White sea bass

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- 25575. (a) White sea bass taken in waters lying south of the maritime boundary line between the United States and Mexico, with that maritime boundary line including, but not limited to, the federal Exclusive Economic Zone boundary, may be delivered to California ports aboard boats, including boats carrying purse seine or round haul nets, in accordance with those regulations as the commission may make governing the inspection and marking of those fish imported into this state. The cost of that inspection and marking shall be paid by the importer.
- (b) White sea bass taken in Mexico shall not be imported unless legally taken and legally possessed, and a declaration is submitted to the department pursuant to **Section 2353**.
- (c) Any person who takes, possesses aboard a boat, or lands any white sea bass for a commercial purpose, in ocean waters south of a line extending due west from Point Arguello, shall have a valid commercial fishing ocean enhancement validation issued to that person that has not been suspended or revoked.
- 16 **Comment.** Subdivisions (a) and (b) of Section 25575 continue the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 2362 applicable to white sea bass without substantive change.
- Subdivision (c) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6596.1(c) without substantive change.

### CHAPTER 3. BLACK BASS CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT ACT OF 1980

#### 21 **§ 25600.** Name of act

- 22 25600. This chapter shall be known as the Black Bass Conservation and
- Management Act of 1980.
- Comment. Section 25600 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 1740 without substantive change.

#### § 25605. Declaration of preservation

- 25605. The Legislature hereby finds and declares that it is the policy of the state to preserve and enhance black bass resources and to manage black bass populations to provide satisfactory recreational opportunities to the public.
- 30 **Comment.** Section 25605 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 1741 without shange.

# § 25610. Declaration relating to funding

- 25610. The Legislature further finds and declares that the black bass management program components specified in this chapter are a continuation of the department's existing warmwater fisheries program, and, as such, shall be funded from existing department budgetary resources.
- 37 **Comment.** Section 25610 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 1742 without 38 change.

#### § 25615. Components of management program

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- 25615. (a) The department's black bass management program shall include, but not be limited to, the following components:
- (1) The department shall determine the angler harvest of black bass populations and shall recommend to the commission the changes in angling regulations for black bass that would be necessary to prevent or correct overharvest.
- (2) The department shall consider recommending to the commission catch and release regulations for black bass, including minimum or maximum size restrictions and management for trophy-sized black bass in some waters.
- (3) The department shall consider the suitability of the many different species, subspecies, and strains of black bass when management programs are formulated.
- (4) The department shall improve shoreline habitat for black bass in waters where insufficient habitat exists and shall encourage reservoir operating agencies to carry out shoreline habitat improvement projects.
- (b) For the purposes of this section, "black bass" means fishes of the Centrarchidae family.
- **Comment.** Section 25615 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 1743 without change.

# TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

### CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

### § 25650. Application of title

- 22 25650. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
- 24 **Comment.** Section 25650 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

#### CHAPTER 2. STRIPED BASS

#### § 25700. Anadromous fish

- 25700. For the purposes of Part 2 (commencing with Section 25050), a striped bass is an anadromous fish.
- 29 **Comment.** Section 25700 is new.
- Staff Note. Based on staff research, it appears that a striped bass is an anadromous fish. The staff invites comment on whether that is correct.

#### § 25705. Provisions not exclusive

- 25705. This chapter includes some but not all provisions of this code that govern striped bass. Other provisions that may govern striped bass include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:
  - (a) **Section 8685.5**

- 1 (b) **Section 8685.6.**
- (c) **Section 8685.7.**
- 3 (d) **Section 15301**.

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4 **Comment.** Section 25705 is new.

# § 25710. Take with purse or round haul net

- 6 25710. Striped bass may not be taken with a purse or round haul net.
- Comment. Section 25710 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8756 applicable to striped bass without substantive change.

# 9 § 25715. Required return to water

- 25715. (a) Any striped bass that is taken in any type of net shall, regardless of its condition, be immediately freed and removed from the net by the fisherman, and immediately returned to the water without further harm.
- (b) A commercial fisherman shall not have any striped bass, whether dead or alive, in his or her possession, at any time when conducting netting operations or when going to or from those operations, except when releasing a striped bass from a net.
- (c) The return of striped bass to the water pursuant to this section is not deterioration, waste, or spoilage of fish for purposes of **Section 7704**.
- 19 **Comment.** Section 25715 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8370 applicable to striped bass without substantive change.

# § 25720. Possession, offer for sale, sale, or purchase

- 25720. Striped bass may be possessed, offered for sale, sold, or purchased, only under the following conditions:
- (a) If the striped bass is taken or possessed by, and is the cultured progeny of, an aquaculturist registered under **Section 15101**, the striped bass may be possessed, offered for sale, sold, or purchased subject to regulations of the commission.
- (b) If the striped bass is taken legally in another state that permits its sale, and lawfully imported under **Section 2363**, the striped bass may be possessed, offered for sale, sold, or purchased.
- Comment. Section 25720 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8371(a) and (b) without substantive change.

# § 25725. Use of net in waters upstream from Carquinez Bridge

- 25725. (a) It is unlawful for any person to use, operate, or assist in using or operating any net to take striped bass for a commercial purpose in any tidal waters lying upstream from the Carquinez Bridge, or to possess a net on a boat in those waters that is unlawful to use in those waters.
- (b) The punishment for a first violation of this section is a fine of not more than two thousand dollars (\$2,000), imprisonment in a county jail for not more than one year, or both that fine and imprisonment.

- (c) A second or subsequent violation of this section is punishable by a fine of 1 not less than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) nor more than four thousand dollars 2 (\$4,000), or imprisonment in the county jail for one year, or both that fine and 3 imprisonment. 4
  - Comment. Subdivision (a) of Section 25725 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8670 applicable to striped bass without substantive change.
    - Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 12002(b)(5) without substantive change.
- Subdivision (c) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 12003 without substantive 10 change.

## CHAPTER 3. WHITE SEA BASS

# § 25750. Provisions not exclusive

- 25750. This chapter includes some but not all provisions of this code that govern white sea bass. Other provisions that may govern white sea bass include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:
- (a) **Section 6590.** 16

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- (b) **Section 7051.** 17
- (c) **Section 7059.** 18
- (d) **Section 7071.** 19
- (e) **Section 8576**. 20
- (f) **Section 9027.5**. 21
- (g) **Section 10664.** 22
- 23 (h) **Section 10667.**
- (i) **Section 15400**. 24
- Comment. Section 25750 is new. 25

## § 25755. Undersized white sea bass

- 25755. It is unlawful to take, possess, sell, or purchase any white sea bass less 27 than 28 inches in length, measured from the tip of the lower jaw to the end of the 28 29 longer lobe of the tail.
- Comment. Section 25755 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8383.5 without 30 31 change.

# § 25760. Use of purse seines or round haul nets

- 25760. (a) It is unlawful to use any purse seine or round haul net to take a white sea bass.
  - (b) It is unlawful to possess a white sea bass, except those taken south of the international boundary between the United States and Mexico, and imported into the state under regulations of the commission as provided in Section 25520, on any boat carrying or using any purse seine or round haul net, including, but not limited to, a bait net as described in **Section 8780**.
    - (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the department may issue

permits to hook and line commercial fishermen to possess a bona fide bait net on their vessels for the purpose of taking bait for their own use only.

**Comment.** Section 25760 continues the parts of former Fish and Game Code Section 8623(a), (b), and (e) applicable to white sea bass without substantive change.

Staff Note. The part of existing Fish and Game Code Section 8623(a), (b), and (e) that appears applicable to white sea bass would be continued by proposed Section 25760. (Subdivisions (c) and (d) of Section 8623, which relate to the use of gill nets, would be continued by proposed provisions located among other gill net provisions.)

However, because Section 8623 addresses multiple subjects, the intended meaning of existing subdivision (e) of that section (which would be continued by proposed Section 25710(c)) is potentially ambiguous.

Existing Section 8623 in its entirety reads as follows:

- "8623. (a) It is unlawful to use any purse seine or round haul net to take yellowtail, barracuda, or white sea bass.
- (b) It is unlawful to possess any yellowtail, barracuda, or white sea bass, except those taken south of the international boundary between the United States and Mexico, and imported into the state under regulations of the commission as provided in Section 2362, on any boat carrying or using any purse seine or round haul net, including, but not limited to, a bait net as described in Section 8780.
- (c) Gill nets with meshes of a minimum length of 3 1/2 inches may be used to take yellowtail and barracuda.
- (d) Gill nets with meshes of a minimum length of six inches may be used to take white sea bass; however, during the period from June 16 to March 14, inclusive, not more than 20 percent by number of a load of fish may be white seabass 28 inches or more in total length, up to a maximum of 10 white seabass per load, if taken in gill nets or trammel nets with meshes from 3 1/2 to 6 inches in length.
- (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the department may issue permits to hook and line commercial fishermen to possess a bona fide bait net on their vessels for the purpose of taking bait for their own use only.

As the only subdivision in existing Section 8623 that contains a reference to a bait net, or appears to have any relevance to bait nets, is existing Section 8623(b) (which would be continued by proposed Section 25760(b)), proposed Section 25760(c) would revise the clause in existing Section 8623(e) that reads "Notwithstanding the provisions of this section" to read "Notwithstanding subdivision (b)."

The staff invites comment on whether this revision preserves the intended meaning of existing Section 8623(e).

# CHAPTER 4. OTHER BASS

#### § 25800. Giant seabass

- 25800. (a) Giant seabass (Stereolepis gigas) may not be taken for any purpose, except that not more than one fish per vessel may be possessed or sold if taken incidentally in commercial fishing operations by gill or trammel net. Any fish so taken shall not be transferred to any other vessel.
- (b) The restrictions specified in this section shall not apply to 1,000 pounds of giant seabass per trip taken in waters lying south of the International Boundary Line between the United States and Mexico extended westerly into the Pacific Ocean. Fish taken under this provision, however, shall be limited to a maximum

- aggregate of 3,000 pounds per vessel in any calendar year. A current fishing permit issued by the Mexican government constitutes valid evidence that the giant seabass were taken south of the international boundary.
- 4 **Comment.** Section 25800 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8380 without change.

#### 6 § 25805. Kelp bass, sand bass, or spotted bass

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- 25805. (a) Kelp bass, sand bass, and spotted bass, all of the genus Paralabrax, shall not be sold or purchased, or possessed in any place where fish are purchased, possessed for sale, or sold, or where food is offered or processed for sale, or in any truck, vessel, or other conveyance operated by or for a place so selling or possessing fish, except that those fish may be imported into this state pursuant to **Article 1 (commencing with Section 2345) of Chapter 4 of Division 3**, and may be sold under regulations as the commission may adopt.
- (b) It is unlawful to take, possess, or sell any fish specified in this section that is less than 10 1/2 inches in length.
- 16 **Comment.** Section 25805 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8372 without substantive change.

# PART 6. CARP

### TITLE 1. CARP GENERALLY

#### CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

## § 25850. Application of title

- 25850. The provisions of this title do not apply to activities governed by **Division 12 (commencing with Section 15000)**.
- Comment. Section 25850 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6403 without substantive change.

#### § 25855. Provisions not exclusive

- 25855. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern carp include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:
- 30 (a) **Section 8437.**
- 31 (b) **Section 8463**.
- 32 (c) **Section 8666**.
- 33 (d) **Section 8467**.
- 34 (e) **Section 8669**.
- 35 **Comment.** Section 25855 is new.

## CHAPTER 2. GRASS CARP

## § 25900. Preexisting grass carp programs

25900. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as restricting grass carp programs approved by the department on or before June 1, 1995.

**Comment.** Section 25900 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6456 without substantive change.

## § 25905. Legislative declaration

25905. The Legislature finds and declares that triploid grass carp have the potential to control aquatic nuisance plants in non-public waters allowing for reduced chemical control but that the threat that grass carp pose to aquatic habitat may outweigh its benefits. It is the intent of this section to allow the department to use its management authority to provide for the long-term health of the ecosystem in the state including the aquatic ecosystem, and in that context, manage grass carp either through control of movement, eradication of populations, acquisition of habitat and any other action that the department finds will maintain the biological diversity and the long term, overall health of the state's environment. The department shall undertake the management of grass carp in a manner that is consistent with provisions of this code and for the purposes of this section the department shall define management as handling, controlling, destroying, or moving species. The Legislature does not intend for this section to provide a right for the use of triploid grass carp if the department finds that use of the species poses an unacceptable risk to the state's existing ecosystem.

**Comment.** Section 25905 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6440 without change.

# § 25910. Department regulations

25910. The department shall adopt regulations that provide for the control of aquatic plant pests using artificially introduced triploid grass carp under a permit issued by the department. The regulations shall do all of the following:

- (a) Restrict triploid grass carp introductions to those triploid grass carp that have been rendered sterile immediately after the eggs have been fertilized.
- (b) Require individual fish to be checked to ensure that a third, triploid, set of chromosomes has been retained, preventing further reproduction by that individual fish.
- (c) Limit aquatic plant pest control programs using triploid grass carp to the use of sterile triploid grass carp with documented certification of triploidy to ensure sterility.
- (d) Require the identification by tagging of individual fish as the property of each owner.
- (e) Require the posting of notices at stocked bodies of water declaring the penalties for removing triploid grass carp.

- (f) Limit the permits for the use of triploid grass carp in waters on golf courses located in residential areas to those waters that are determined by the department to be secure from the removal of triploid grass carp to unauthorized waters.
- (g) Provide for management of the triploid grass carp populations in a manner consistent with the provisions of this code where the department finds that such actions will benefit the long-term health of the state's biodiversity as a whole.
- (h) Until January 1, 1999, the regulations shall not authorize the issuance of permits for the use of triploid grass carp in waters located within condominium areas of any residential area for which a permit may not be issued pursuant to subdivision (f), except at three locations within the area authorized pursuant to this subdivision. The three locations shall be selected by the department in consultation with the Imperial Irrigation District. The limitation to three locations is necessary to enable monitoring of human-induced movement of triploid grass carp to unauthorized waters, and to permit the evaluation of the impact of the experiment.
- **Comment.** Section 25910 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6450 without substantive change.

## § 25915. Certification by providers

25915. All providers of triploid grass carp for use under this chapter shall provide certification acceptable to the department of triploidy and disease-free conditions for all fish introduced.

**Comment.** Section 25915 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6451 without substantive change.

# § 25920. Information required for permit

25920. Prior to receiving a permit from the department to use triploid grass carp, the potential user shall provide to the department all information required by the department, including, but not limited to, information relating to the following matters:

- (a) The type of waterway to be stocked.
- (b) The absence of a connection between the site and adjacent fresh water systems.
- (c) All aquatic plant management problems, including, but not limited to, problems relating to the following matters:
- (1) The acres of aquatic plants, by species, at the peak of growing season.
- (2) The desired vegetation quantity or coverage.
- (3) The number and size of triploid grass carp recommended.
- 36 (4) All sensitive plant or animal species within the waterway to be stocked.
  - (5) Connected waterways.
- **Comment.** Section 25920 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6452 without substantive change.

#### § 25925. Permit conditions

- 25925. The department shall impose conditions in the permit to use triploid grass carp under this chapter that it finds necessary to prevent escape of the triploid grass carp from the targeted area. The conditions shall include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (a) No permit shall be issued for the use of triploid grass carp in waters with an open fresh water connection to other waters of the state.
- (b) Any waters in which triploid grass carp are used under this chapter shall be under the control of the permittee. In addition, barriers to fish movement acceptable to the department shall be in place before introduction of triploid grass carp under this chapter. Movement of triploid grass carp to areas outside the control of the permittee is prohibited.
- (c) Any waters in which triploid grass carp are used under this chapter shall have sufficient dissolved oxygen and suitable vegetation for consumption to sustain the introduced triploid grass carp, as determined by the department.
- (d) Except within closed basins, including the Salton Sea, no permit shall be issued for the use of triploid grass carp within the 100-year flood plain.
- (e) Any person or persons engaging in the introduction of triploid grass carp into any area, or in the transfer of triploid grass carp from one site to another, without a permit from the department, shall be punished by a fine of not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000), by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than one year, or by both that fine and imprisonment.
- **Comment.** Section 25925 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6455 without substantive change.

### § 25930. Permit and inspection fees

- 25930. The department shall establish permit and inspection fees sufficient to recover, but not exceed, the initial and ongoing costs of the program under this chapter.
- Comment. Section 25930 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6454 without substantive change.

# § 25935. Consultation with Department of Food and Agriculture

- 25935. Because of its experience and continuing involvement with hydrilla control programs, the implementation of Sections 25910 and 25930 shall be carried out in consultation with the Department of Food and Agriculture.
- Comment. Section 25935 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6457 without substantive change.

## § 25940. Suspension of permit issuance process

25940. (a) The department may suspend the permit issuance process authorized by this chapter, if it obtains documented and verifiable evidence of escapements of triploid grass carp permitted under this chapter into unauthorized waters, the

- unauthorized use of grass carp, or threats to fish and wildlife and their habitats as the result of this program, and the director makes a written finding to that effect.
  - (b) If the situation is local, the suspension may be limited to the area whose waters, habitat, and fish and wildlife resources are threatened.
  - (c) The suspension shall last until the director makes a written finding that the threat has been abated.
- 7 **Comment.** Section 25940 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6460 without substantive change.

### TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

# § 26000. Application of title

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- 26000. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
- Comment. Section 26000 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

## § 26005. Use of traps

- 26005. Traps may be used throughout the year to take carp in any district, subject to the following restrictions:
  - (a) Traps shall not exceed six feet in greatest dimension.
  - (b) Traps shall be made of cotton or nylon twine.
- (c) Meshes shall not be less than three and one-half inches in length, except that fyke and bait bags may be any size mesh.
  - (d) Traps shall have only a single vertical fyke opening at the top of the trap.
  - (e) Traps shall be baited only with grain or grain products.
  - (f) Fish other than carp taken in traps pursuant to this section shall be immediately returned to the water.
- Comment. Section 26005 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 9023 without substantive change.

## PART 7. CATFISH

# TITLE 1. CATFISH GENERALLY [RESERVED]

# TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

# § 26100. Application of title

- 26100. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
- Comment. Section 26100 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

# 1 § 26105. Provisions not exclusive

- 2 26105. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other
- provisions that govern catfish include, but are not limited to, **Section 15005**.
- 4 **Comment.** Section 26105 is new.

### 5 § 26110. Prohibited sale

- 6 26110. No catfish may be sold, except catfish imported from outside the state or
- 7 catfish grown pursuant to **Division 12 (commencing with Section 15000).**
- 8 **Comment.** Section 26110 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8435 without substantive change.

# PART 8. CROAKER

# TITLE 1. CROAKER GENERALLY [RESERVED]

## TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

## 13 **§ 26200. Application of title**

- 14 26200. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial
- 15 provisions.

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16 **Comment.** Section 26200 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

#### 17 § 26205. Provisions not exclusive

- 18 26205. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other
- 19 provisions that govern croaker include, but are not limited to, the following
- 20 provisions:
- 21 (a) **Section 7856**.
- 22 (b) **Section 8385**.
- 23 (c) **Section 8597.**
- 24 (c) **Section 8609.**
- 25 (c) **Section 8780.**
- 26 (d) **Section 10664.**
- 27 (d) **Section 10666.**
- 28 (e) **Section 10667.**
- 29 **Comment.** Section 26205 is new.

# 30 § 26210. Yellowfin croaker, spotfin croaker, or California corbina

- 31 26210. Yellowfin croaker, spotfin croaker, and California corbina shall not be
- sold or purchased, or possessed in any place where fish are purchased, possessed
- for sale, or sold, or where food is offered for sale, or in any truck or other
- conveyance operated by or for a place selling or possessing fish.
- Comment. Section 26210 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8373 without substantive change.

### PART 9. GROUNDFISH

# TITLE 1. GROUNDFISH GENERALLY [RESERVED]

### TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

#### 4 § 26300. Application of title

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- 5 26300. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions. 6
- **Comment.** Section 26300 is new. It is added for drafting convenience. 7

#### § 26305. Provisions not exclusive 8

- 9 26305. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern groundfish include, but are not limited to, the following 10 provisions: 11
- (a) **Section 7630.** 12
- (b) **Section 7654.** 13
- (c) **Section 7655** 14
- (d) **Section 8125.** 15
- (e) **Section 8126.** 16
- Comment. Section 26305 is new. 17

#### 18 § 26310. Marine species of finfish

- 19 26310. To the extent not in conflict with **Section 8607**, marine species of finfish that are classified as groundfish may be taken under the regulations of the 20 21 commission.
- 22 Comment. Section 26310 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8403(a) without 23 substantive change.

#### 24 § 26315. Retention of landing receipt

- 26315. In addition to the requirements of **Section 8046**, any person landing groundfish subject to federal groundfish regulations adopted pursuant to the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. Sec. 1801 et seq.) shall keep a copy of the landing receipt on board the fishing vessel throughout, and for 15 days following, each period for which cumulative landings
- by individual vessels are limited. 30
- 31 Comment. Section 26315 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8046.1 without substantive change. 32

1	PART 10. GRUNION
2	TITLE 1. GRUNION GENERALLY
3	§ 26350. Provisions not exclusive
4	26350. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other
5	provisions that govern grunion include, but are not limited to <b>Section 8597</b> .
6	Comment. Section 26350 is new.
7	TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS
8	§ 26400. Application of title
9 10	26400. For purposes of <b>Section 7600</b> , the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
11	Comment. Section 26400 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.
12	§ 26405. Season
13	26405. It is unlawful to take grunion (Leuresthes tenuis) between March 31 and
14	June 1.
15 16	<b>Comment.</b> Section 26405 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8381 without substantive change.
17	PART 11. HALIBUT
18	TITLE 1. HALIBUT GENERALLY
19	§ 26450. Provisions not exclusive
20	26450. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other
21	provisions that govern halibut include, but are not limited to the following
22	provisions:
23	(a) <b>Section 6903.5</b> .
24	(b) <b>Section 7361.</b>
25	(c) <b>Section 8385.</b>
26	(d) Section 8405.3.
27	(e) <b>Section 8609.</b>
28	(f) <b>Section 8625.</b>
29	(g) Section 8626.
30	(h) Section 8841.
31	(i) Section 9027.
32	(j) Section 9027.5.
33	(k) Section 9029.5.
34	(1) Section 10664.

- 1 (m) **Section 10666.**
- 2 (n) **Section 10667.**
- 3 **Comment.** Section 26450 is new.

## 4 § 26455. Conformity with other law

- 5 26455. The commission may prohibit the taking or possessing of Pacific halibut
- 6 (Hippoglossus) in the same manner as the taking or possessing of Pacific halibut is
- 7 prohibited by federal law or by rules or regulations adopted by the International
- 8 Pacific Halibut Commission, notwithstanding any other provision of this code.
- 9 **Comment.** Section 26455 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 316 without change.

### TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

### CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

# 12 **§ 26500. Application of title**

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- 26500. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
- 15 **Comment.** Section 26500 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

# CHAPTER 2. TAKE, POSSESSION, OR SALE

### Article 1. General Provisions

## 18 **§ 26550. Season**

- 19 26550. California halibut (Paralichthys californicus) may be taken at any time.
- Comment. Section 26550 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8391 without change.

## 22 § **26555.** Size restrictions

- 26555. (a) No California halibut may be taken, possessed, or sold that measures less than 22 inches in total length.
  - (b) For purposes of subdivision (a), total length means the shortest distance between the tip of the jaw or snout, whichever extends farthest while the mouth is closed, and the tip of the longest lobe of the tail, measured while the halibut is lying flat in natural repose, without resort to any force other than the swinging or fanning of the tail.
- 30 **Comment.** Section 26555 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8392 without substantive change.

### Article 2. Halibut Bottom Trawl Permit

# § 26600. Permit requirement

26600. Any vessel using bottom trawl gear in state-managed halibut fisheries, as described in **subdivision** (a) of Section 8841, shall possess a valid California halibut bottom trawl permit that has not been suspended or revoked and that is issued by the department authorizing the use of trawl gear by that vessel for the take of California halibut.

**Comment.** Section 26600 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8494(a) without substantive change.

# § 26605. Eligibility

26605. (a) A California halibut bottom trawl vessel permit shall be issued annually. In order to be eligible for that permit, an applicant shall have been issued a California halibut bottom trawl vessel permit in the immediately preceding permit year.

- (b) The department shall not issue a California halibut bottom trawl vessel permit pursuant to this section for use in the California halibut fishery unless that vessel has landed a minimum of 200 pounds of California halibut and reported that landing on fish landing receipts as being caught with bottom trawl gear in at least one of the following:
  - (1) At least two of the calendar years 1995 to 2003, inclusive.
- (2) At least one of the calendar years 1995 to 2003, inclusive, and from January 1, 2004, to February 19, 2004, inclusive.
- **Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 26605 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8494(b) without substantive change.
- Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8494(c) without change.

# § 26610. Transfer of permit

26610. Permits issued pursuant to this section may be transferred only if at least one of the following occur:

- (a) The commission adopts a restricted access program for the fishery that is consistent with the commission's policies regarding restricted access to commercial fisheries.
- (b) Prior to the implementation of a restricted access program, the permit is transferred to another vessel owned by the same permitholder of equal or less capacity, as determined by the department, and if the originally permitted vessel was lost, stolen, destroyed, or suffered a major irreparable mechanical breakdown. The department may not issue a permit for a replacement vessel if the department determines that the originally permitted vessel was fraudulently reported as lost, stolen, destroyed, or damaged. Only the permitholder at the time of the loss, theft, destruction, or irreparable mechanical breakdown of a vessel may apply to transfer the vessel permit. Evidence that a vessel is lost, stolen, or destroyed shall be in the

- form of a copy of the report filed with the United States Coast Guard, or any other law enforcement agency or fire department that conducted an investigation of the loss.
  - (c) Prior to the implementation of a halibut trawl restricted access program, the commission may consider requests from a vessel permitholder or his or her conservator or estate representative to transfer a permit with the vessel if both of the following conditions are met:
  - (1) The permitholder has died, is permanently disabled, or the permitholder is at least 65 years of age and has decided to retire from commercial fishing.
  - (2) California halibut landings contributed significantly to the record and economic income derived from the vessel, as determined by regulations adopted by the commission. The commission may request information that it determines is reasonably necessary from the permitholder or his or her heirs or estate for the purpose of verifying statements in the request prior to authorizing the transfer of the permit.
- **Comment.** Section 26610 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8494(d) without change.

#### § 26615. Permit fees

26615. The commission shall establish California halibut bottom trawl vessel permit fees based on the recommendations of the department and utilizing the guidelines outlined in **subdivision** (b) of Section 711 to cover the costs of administering this section. Prior to the adoption of a restricted access program pursuant to Section 26610, fees may not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per permit.

**Comment.** Section 26615 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8494(e) without substantive change.

## § 26620. Application of federal permit

26620. Individuals holding a federal groundfish trawl permit may retain and land up to 150 pounds of California halibut per trip without a California halibut trawl permit in accordance with federal and state regulations, including, but not limited to, regulations developed under a halibut fishery management plan.

**Comment.** Section 26620 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8494(f) without substantive change.

### § 26625. Commission regulation

- 35 26625. The commission may adopt regulations to implement this chapter.
- Comment. Section 26625 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8494(h) without substantive change.

#### § 26630. Inoperative date of article

26630. This article shall become inoperative upon the adoption by the commission of a halibut fishery management plan in accordance with the requirements of **Part 1.7** (commencing with Section 7050).

**Comment.** Section 26630 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8494(g) without substantive change.

Staff Note. The staff invites comment on whether existing Fish and Game Code Section 8494 (which would be continued by the sections of this article) should be discontinued as obsolete based on satisfaction of the condition described in Section 8494(g) (which would be continued by proposed Section 26630).

### Article 3. License Revocation

#### § 26700. Revocation or suspension of license

- 26700. (d) Notwithstanding **Sections 12000, 12001, and 12002**, the commercial fishing license of the master of a vessel may be revoked or suspended by the commission, when requested by the department, for a period not to exceed one year, upon the second conviction in three years of the master or the master's agent, servant, employee, or any other person acting under the master's direction or control, for a violation of any provision of this chapter.
- (b) A master's license shall not be revoked unless both the first and second convictions are for a violation by the master or a violation occurring when the person convicted was acting as the master's agent, servant, employee, or acting under the master's direction or control.
- (c) The master of a vessel is the person on board the vessel who is in charge of the vessel.

**Comment.** Section 26700 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 12022.8(d)-(f) applicable to the provisions of this chapter, without substantive change.

**Staff Note.** Existing Fish and Game Code Section 12022.8(d) (which would be continued by proposed Section 26700) indicates in paragraph (d)(1) that the subdivision applies to any violation of a provision in "Article 13 (commencing with Section 8495) of Chapter 2 of Part 3 of Division 6" of the existing code. However, subsequent to the last amendment of Section 12022.8, existing Section 8494 (which would be continued by the proposed sections of Article 2 of this chapter) was added to the "Article 13" referenced in existing Section 12022.8(d)(1).

The staff invites comment on whether existing Section 12022.8(d) is intended to apply to the provisions of existing Section 8494, as provided above.

#### PART 12. HERRING 1 TITLE 1. HERRING GENERALLY 2 3 § 26750. Provisions not exclusive 26750. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other 4 provisions that govern herring include, but are not limited to, the following 5 provisions: 6 (a) **Section 7059.** (b) **Section 8047.** 8 (b) **Section 8052.** (b) **Section 8102.** (b) **Section 8104.** 11 (b) **Section 8389.** 12 (b) **Section 8688.** (b) **Section 10660.** 14 Comment. Section 26750 is new. 15 TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS 16 CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS 17 18 § 26800. Application of title 26800. For purposes of Section 7600, the provisions in this title are commercial 19 provisions. 20 Comment. Section 26800 is new. It is added for drafting convenience. 21 CHAPTER 2. PERMIT 22 23 § 26850. Permit required for take 26850. (a) Herring may be taken for a commercial purpose only under a permit, 24 subject to regulations adopted by the commission. 25 (b) It is unlawful to take herring for roe on a vessel unless the operator holds a 26 herring permit issued by the department pursuant to commission regulations. 27 Comment. Subdivision (a) of Section 26850 continues the first sentence of former Fish and 28 Game Code Section 8550 without substantive change. 29 Subdivision (b) continues the first sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8552(a) 30 without substantive change. 31 § 26855. Limit on number of permits issued 32 26855. The commission may, whenever necessary to prevent overutilization, to 33 ensure efficient and economic operation of the fishery, or to otherwise carry out 34 this chapter, limit the total number of permits that are issued and the amount of

- herring that may be taken under the permits. In limiting the total number of
- 2 permits, the commission shall take into consideration any restriction of the fishing
- area and the safety of others who, for purposes other than fishing, use the waters
- 4 from which herring are taken.
- Comment. Section 26855 continues the second and third sentences of former Fish and Game Code Section 8550 without substantive change.

# § 26860. Fee for permit

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- 26860. (a) A herring net permit granting the privilege to take herring with nets for commercial purposes shall be issued to licensed commercial fishermen, subject to regulations adopted under Sections 26850 and 26855, as follows:
- (1) To any resident of this state to use gill nets, upon payment of a fee of two hundred sixty-five dollars (\$265).
- (2) To any nonresident to use gill nets, upon payment of a fee of one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- (b) The commission shall not require a permit for a person to be a crewmember on a vessel taking herring pursuant to this chapter.
- **Comment.** Section 26860 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8550.5 without substantive change.
- Staff Note. On September 18, 2015, a three judge panel of the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals, in Marilley v. Bonham, 802 F.3d 958 (9th Cir. 2015), held that the setting of a herring net permit fee for nonresidents under existing Section 8550.5 (which would be continued by Section 26860) higher than the fee for the same permit for residents violates the Privileges and Immunities Clause of the United States Constitution. U.S. Const. art. IV, § 2, cl. 1.
- On February 26, 2016, the opinion of the three judge panel was ordered to be reheard en banc. The staff has therefore proposed no revision to Section 8550.5 based on this decision at this time.

## § 26865. Permit requirements

- 26865. (a) No person may be issued more than one herring permit, and the department shall not issue a herring permit to more than one person except as provided in Section 26875.
- (b) Herring permits shall only be issued to and shall be held only by a natural person.
- (c) Herring permits shall not be used as any form of security for any purpose, including, but not limited to, financial or performance obligations.
- (d) The permittee shall be on board the vessel at all times during herring fishing operations, subject only to exceptions provided for in this code and regulations adopted under this code.
- Comment. Section 26865 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8552(b)-(e) without substantive change.

# § 26870. Herring fishery experience points

- 26870. (a) For purposes of this chapter, the experience points for a person engaged in the herring roe fishery shall be based on the number of years holding a commercial fishing license and the number of years having served as a crewmember in the herring roe fishery, and determined by the sum of both of the following:
- (1) One point for each year in the previous 12 years (prior to the current license year) that the person has held a commercial fishing license issued pursuant to **Section 7852**, not to exceed a maximum of 10 points.
- (2) Five points for one year of service as a paid crewmember in the herring roe fishery, as determined pursuant to Section 26940, three points for a second year of service as a paid crewmember, and two points for a third year as a paid crewmember, beginning with the 1978–79 herring fishing season, not to exceed a maximum of 10 points.
- (b) The department shall maintain a list of all individuals possessing 20 experience points, and additional lists of all those persons holding two points or more, grouped by number of points. The list shall be maintained annually and shall be available from the department to all pointholders and to all herring permittees. All pointholders are responsible for providing the department with their current address and for verifying points credited to them by the department.
- (c) A herring permittee may use the department's list and rely upon that list in making offers for transfer of his or her permit until the date of the annual distribution of the new list. On and after the date of the annual revision of the list, the permittee shall use the new list.
- (d) The point provisions in this section are for purposes of sale of a permit, or transfer to a partner of a co-owned permit.
- **Comment.** Section 26870 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8552.8 without substantive change.

# § 26875. Issuance of single permit to two individuals

- 26875. (a) Notwithstanding Section 26865, a herring permit may be issued to two individuals if one of the following criteria is met:
- (1) The individuals are married to each other, or are registered domestic partners, and file with the department a certified copy of their certificate of marriage or registered domestic partner certificate, and a declaration under penalty of perjury, or a court order, stating that the permit is community property.
  - (2) The individuals meet both of the following requirements:
- (A) They are both engaged in the herring roe fishery, either by fishing aboard the vessel, or by personally participating in the management, administration, and operation of the partnership's herring fishing business.
- (B) The individuals are partners in a partnership, in which each holds 50 percent ownership in a herring fishery operation, including a vessel or equipment, and that partnership is demonstrated by any two of the following:

- (i) A copy of a federal partnership tax return.
- (ii) A written partnership agreement.

- (iii) Joint ownership of a fishing vessel used in the herring fishery as demonstrated on federal vessel license documents.
- (b) For purposes of this section, a herring permit does not constitute a herring fishing operation.
- (c) A herring permit may be transferred to one of the partners, to be held thereafter in that partner's name, only if that partner has not less than 10 herring fishery experience points computed pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 26870 and there has been a death or retirement of the other partner, a dissolution of partnership, or the partnership is dissolved by a dissolution of marriage or registered domestic partnership, or a decree of legal separation.
- (d) A transfer under this section shall be authorized only if proof that the partnership has existed for three or more consecutive years is furnished to the department, or a certified copy of a certificate of marriage or registered domestic partnership is on file with the department, and the permit is community property as provided in subdivision (a).
- (e) The transferor of a permit shall not, by reason of the transfer, become ineligible to participate further in the herring fishery or to purchase another permit.
- (f) Notwithstanding subdivision (b), in the event of the death of one of the partners holding a herring permit pursuant to this section, where the partnership existed for longer than six months but less than three years, and the surviving partner does not have the minimum points pursuant to subdivision (c) to qualify for a permit transfer, the permit may be transferred on an interim basis for a period of not more than 10 years to the surviving partner, if an application is submitted to the department within one year of the deceased partner's death and the surviving partner participates in the fishery for the purpose of achieving the minimum number of herring fishery experience points to be eligible for a permit transfer pursuant to Section 26880. The interim permit shall enable the surviving partner to participate in the herring fishery. At the end of the interim permit period, the surviving partner, upon application to the department, may be issued the permit if he or she has participated in the fishery and gained the minimum number of herring fishery experience points for a permit.

**Comment.** Section 26875 combines and continues the second sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8552(a), and former Fish and Game Code Section 8552.6, without substantive change. See Family Code Section 297.5(a) (registered domestic partners have same rights, protections, and benefits under law as are granted to spouses).

# § 26880. Transfer of permit generally

26880. Notwithstanding **Section 1052**, a herring permit may be transferred from a herring permittee to a nonpermittee who has 20 or more herring fishery experience points, if the following conditions are satisfied:

- (a) The permittee shall mail, by certified or registered mail, to the department and to every individual listed on the department's list of herring fishery participants with maximum 20 or more herring fishery experience points, a notice of intention to transfer the permittee's herring permit, which shall provide all of the following information:
  - (1) The gear type to be used under the herring permit.

- (2) The name, address, and telephone number of the permittee and proposed transferee.
  - (3) The amount of consideration, if any, sought by the transferor.
- (b) Sixty days after mailing the notice, the transferor may transfer the permit to any person having 20 or more herring fishery experience points without any further notice, if the transfer occurs within six months of the date the original notice was given. Transfers after that six-month period shall require another 60-day notice of intention to be given.
- (c) A true copy of the notice of intention to transfer a permit shall be filed with the department by the transferor under penalty of perjury and shall be available for public review.
  - (d) No person may hold more than one herring permit.

**Comment.** Section 26880 combines and continues the second sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8552(a), and former Fish and Game Code Section 8552.2, without substantive change.

Staff Note. Existing Fish and Game Code Section 8552.8 (which would be continued by proposed Section 26870) appears to indicate that the maximum number of herring fishery experience points that may be awarded is 20. However, existing Section 8552.2 (which would be continued by proposed Section 26880) refers several times to persons having 20 "or more" experience points.

The staff invites comment that would clarify this issue.

# § 26885. Regulations relating to transfer of permits

26885. The commission may, in consultation with representatives of the commercial herring roe fishery, and after holding at least one public hearing, adopt regulations intended to facilitate the transfer of herring permits, including, but not limited to, regulations that would do the following:

- (a) Allow an individual to own a single permit for each of the different herring gillnet platoons in San Francisco Bay.
- (b) Eliminate the herring fishery experience point system for qualifying for a herring permit.
- (c) Allow a herring permit to be passed from a parent to child, or between spouses or registered domestic partners.

**Comment.** Section 26885 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8552.3 without substantive change. See Family Code Section 297.5(a) (registered domestic partners have same rights, protections, and benefits under law as are granted to spouses).

#### § 26890. Transfer fee

- 26890. (a) The department shall reissue a herring permit which has been transferred pursuant to Section 26875 or 26880 upon payment of a transfer fee of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) by the transferree of the permit.
- (b) Transfer fees shall be deposited in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund, and shall be expended for research and management activities to maintain and enhance herring resources pursuant to **subdivision** (a) of Section 8052.
- **Comment.** Section 26890 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8552.7 without substantive change.

# § 26895. Drawing for expired permits

- 26895. Herring permits that are revoked or not renewed may be offered by the department to persons having 20 or more herring fishery experience points, in a drawing held on the first Friday of August of each year.
- **Comment.** Section 26895 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8552.4 without substantive change.
- Staff Note. Existing Fish and Game Code Section 8552.8 (which would be continued by proposed Section 26870) appears to indicate that the maximum number of herring fishery experience points that may be awarded is 20. However, existing Sections 8552.4 (which would be continued by proposed Section 26895) refers to persons having "20 or more" experience points.
- The staff invites comment that would clarify this issue.

## § 26900. Adjustment of fees

- 26900. The commission, in consultation with the department and representatives of the commercial roe herring fishery, and after holding at least one public hearing, may adjust any fee related to a herring permit, including the fee for the issuance of or transfer of a herring permit, to a level that will not discourage the transfer of permits or limit entry into the fishery, and that will ensure sufficient funds to cover reasonable department costs associated with the management of the fishery, including research and enforcement costs.
- Comment. Section 26900 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8552.1 without substantive change.

#### § 26905. Temporary substitution of crewmember

- 26905. The commission, in adopting regulations for the commercial herring fishery, shall adopt one or more regulations providing that if a permittee is ill or injured, a crewmember aboard the vessel operated by the permittee may be temporarily substituted as the permittee. The commission may require that proof of the illness or injury be substantiated to the satisfaction of the department.
- **Comment.** Section 26905 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8554 without substantive change.

# § 26910. Periodic review of regulations and policies

26910. The director shall periodically meet and confer with representatives of the commercial herring roe fishery to review regulations and policies of the commission and the department concerning that fishery, and to receive recommendations on the regulation and management of that fishery. In particular, those representatives and their legal counsel may recommend to the department, for recommendation to the commission for adoption by the commission as regulations, requirements for the payment of civil damages that may be imposed in lieu of revoking or suspending a permit issued pursuant to this chapter, or for violations of regulations adopted by the commission pertaining to the herring roe fishery.

**Comment.** Section 26910 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8555 without substantive change.

# § 26915. Regulation relating to use of gill nets

26915. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the commission shall determine, by regulation, if drift or set gill nets may be used to take herring for a commercial purpose. The commission may also determine, by regulation, the size of the meshes of the material used to make those gill nets.

**Comment.** Section 26915 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8556 without substantive change.

# § 26920. Determination relating to use of round haul nets in Districts 12 and 13

26920. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the commission shall determine, by regulation, if round haul nets may be used to take herring in **Districts 12 and 13**, and the conditions under which those nets may be used.

**Comment.** Section 26920 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8557 without substantive change.

**Staff Note.** Existing Fish and Game Code Section 8557 (which would be continued by proposed Section 26920), in contrast with preceding Section 8556 (which would be continued by proposed Section 26915), requires the Fish and Game Commission to "determine" whether round haul nets may be used to take herring in specified districts, but does not require that determination to be made "by regulation." The staff believes the omission from Section 8557 was inadvertent, and proposed Section 26920 would conform the language of the two sections by expressing referencing a determination "by regulation."

The staff invites comment on that revision.

### § 26925. Herring research and management account

26925. (a) There is established within the Fish and Game Preservation Fund a herring research and management account.

(b) The funds in the account shall be expended for the purpose of supporting, in consultation with the herring industry pursuant to Section 26910, department evaluations of and research on herring populations in San Francisco Bay,

- evaluations and research that may be required for Tomales Bay, Humboldt Bay, 1 and Crescent City, and for assisting in enforcement of herring regulations. 2
  - (c) The evaluations and research shall be for the following purposes:
  - (1) Determining the annual herring spawning biomass.
  - (2) Determining the condition of the herring resource, which may include its habitat.
    - (3) Assisting the commission and the department in the adoption of regulations to ensure a sustainable herring roe fishery.
    - (d) An amount, not to exceed 15 percent of the total funds in the account, may be used for educational purposes regarding herring, herring habitat, and the herring roe fishery.
    - (e) The funds in the account shall consist of the funds deposited pursuant to Section 26935, and the funds derived from herring landing taxes allocated pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 8052.
    - (f) The department shall maintain internal accountability necessary to ensure that all restrictions on the expenditure of the funds in the account are met.
- Comment. Section 26925 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8558 without 17 18 substantive change.

## § 26930. San Francisco Bay herring stamp

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- 26930. (a) No person shall purchase or renew any permit to take herring for a commercial purpose in San Francisco Bay, without first obtaining an annual herring stamp from the department.
  - (b) The fee for the annual herring stamp shall be one hundred dollars (\$100).
- Comment. Section 26930 continues the first two sentences of former Fish and Game Code 24 25 Section 8558.1(a) without substantive change.

# § 26935. Funds to be deposited in herring research and management account

- 26935. The following funds shall be deposited into the herring research and management account:
- (a) The amount of the difference between fees for nonresident and resident herring net permits, collected pursuant to Section 26860.
  - (b) Fees for San Francisco Bay herring permit transfers, collected pursuant to Section 26890.
- (c) Fees for San Francisco Bay herring stamps, collected pursuant to Section 33 26930. 34
  - (d) One-half of all royalties collected by the department from the roe-on-kelp fishery, pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (f) of Section 164 of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations.
- 38 Comment. Subdivisions (a) and (b) of Section 26935 continue former Fish and Game Code Section 8558.2 without substantive change.
- Subdivision (c) continues the third sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8558.1(a) 40 without substantive change. 41

Subdivision (d) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8558.3 without substantive change.

## § 26940. Proof of crewmember experience

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26940. The commission, in determining experience requirements for new entrants into the herring fishery after January 1, 1987, shall require that any person seeking a permit to operate a vessel to take herring and claiming crew experience demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the department, proof of payment as a crewmember in the herring fishery, based on tax records, or copies of canceled checks offered and accepted as payment for service on a crew in the California herring roe fishery.

**Comment.** Section 26940 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8559 without substantive change.

### § 26945. Revocation for failure to report or file

26945. The commission shall revoke the herring permit of a permittee convicted of any of the following violations:

- (a) Failing to report herring landings.
- (b) Underreporting herring landings.
- (c) Failing to correctly file with the department the offer or the acceptance for a permit transferred pursuant to Section 26880.
- Comment. Section 26945 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8552.5 without substantive change.

### § 26950. Revocation or suspension of license

- 26950. (a) Notwithstanding **Sections 12000, 12001, and 12002**, the commercial fishing license of the master of a vessel may be revoked or suspended by the commission, when requested by the department, for a period not to exceed one year, upon the second conviction in three years of the master or the master's agent, servant, employee, or any other person acting under the master's direction or control, for a violation of any provision of this chapter.
- (b) A master's license shall not be revoked unless both the first and second convictions are for a violation by the master or a violation occurring when the person convicted was acting as the master's agent, servant, employee, or acting under the master's direction or control.
- 33 (c) The master of a vessel is the person on board the vessel who is in charge of the vessel.
- Comment. Section 26950 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 12022.8(d)-(f) applicable to the provisions of this chapter, without substantive change.

## § 26955. Commission regulation

26955. The commission may make and enforce regulations necessary or convenient for carrying out any power, authority, or jurisdiction conferred under this chapter.

Comment. Section 26955 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8553 without substantive change.

# CHAPTER 3. TAKE OF HERRING EGGS

#### § 27000. Permit to take herring eggs

- 5 27000. Herring eggs may only be taken for a commercial purpose under a revocable, nontransferable permit subject to regulations that the commission shall prescribe.
- **Comment.** Section 27000 continues the first sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8389(a) without substantive change.

# § 27005. Payment of royalty

- 27005. In addition to the license fees provided for in this code, every person taking herring eggs shall pay a royalty, as the commission may prescribe, of not less than fifty dollars (\$50) per ton of herring eggs taken.
- **Comment.** Section 27005 continues the second sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8389(a) without substantive change.

### § 27010. Permit limitations

- 27010. (a) Whenever necessary to prevent overutilization, to ensure efficient and economic operation of the fishery, or to otherwise carry out this chapter, the commission may limit the number of permits that are issued, and the amount of herring eggs taken under those permits.
- (b) In limiting the number of permits, the commission shall take into consideration any restriction of the fishing area, and the safety of others who, for purposes other than fishing, use the waters from which herring eggs are taken.
- **Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 27010 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8389(b) without substantive change.
- Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8389(c) without substantive change.
- **Staff Note.** Existing Fish and Game Code Section 8389(b) (which would be continued by proposed Section 27010(a)) provides that the Fish and Game Commission may place limits on herring egg permits, among other reasons, in order to "carry out this article." However, the article in which Section 8389 appears, Article 9 (commencing with Section 8370) of Chapter 2 of Part 3 of Division 6 of the existing code, contains provisions governing the take of many different saltwater and anadromous fish, and Section 8389 is the only provision in that article relating to herring eggs.
- Proposed Section 27010(a), in continuing Section 8389(b), would replace the reference to "this article" with a reference to only the provisions in the proposed law that continue existing Section 8389. Because Section 8389 would be divided into the four sections in a chapter of the proposed law continuing Section 8389(b), the reference has been changed to "this chapter."
  - The staff invites comment on the appropriateness of that revision.

# 1 § 27015. Exception for incidental take of aquatic plants

- 2 27015. Every person operating under a permit issued pursuant to Section 27000
- is excepted from the provisions of Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 6650)
- of Part 1 of Division 6, for aquatic plants taken incidental to the harvest of herring
- 5 eggs.

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6 **Comment.** Section 27015 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8389(d) without substantive change.

### PART 13. MACKEREL

## TITLE 1. MACKEREL GENERALLY

#### § 27050. Provisions not exclusive

- 27050. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern mackerel include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:
- 14 (a) **Section 8046**.
- 15 (b) **Section 8597.**
- 16 (c) **Section 8780.**
- 17 (d) **Section 10660**.
- 18 (e) **Section 10664**.
- 19 (f) **Section 10667.**
- 20 **Comment.** Section 27050 is new.

## TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

## 22 § **27100.** Application of title

- 23 27100. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
- 25 **Comment.** Section 27100 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

#### 26 § 27105. Authorized take

- 27 27105. Pacific mackerel may be taken under a revocable nontransferable permit
- issued by the department to boat owners or operators under conditions prescribed
- by the department.
- 30 **Comment.** Section 27105 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8412 without 31 change.

### 32 § 27110. Federal fishery regulations

- 27110. The department shall manage the Pacific mackerel resource in
- conformance with the federal fishery regulations as recommended by the Pacific
- Fishery Management Council and as adopted by the Secretary of Commerce.
- 36 Comment. Section 27110 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8411 without

1 change.

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### § 27115. Unloading for use in cannery

- 27115. (a) No mackerel intended for or used in any cannery shall be unloaded from any vessel, except at a weighing or measuring device approved by the Bureau of Weights and Measures.
- (b) Those mackerel shall be weighed by a public weighmaster licensed as an individual under the laws of this state, and a receipt as to that weight shall be immediately issued by the weighmaster to the commercial fisherman at the time of receipt of the products.
- (c) Copies of the receipt shall be handled in the manner provided in Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 14300) and Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 14500) of Title 9.
- Comment. Section 27115 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 7702.1 applicable to mackerel without substantive change.

## PART 14. MARLIN

# TITLE 1. MARLIN GENERALLY

### § 27150. Provisions not exclusive

- 27150. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern marlin include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:
- 21 (a) **Section 7856**.
- 22 (b) **Section 8385.**
- 23 (c) **Section 8582**.
- 24 (d) **Section 8684**.
- 25 (e) **Section 9029**.
- 26 **Comment.** Section 27150 is new.

# § 27155. Transport of marlin meat out of state

- 27155. Marlin meat may not be transported out of this state.
- Comment. Section 27155 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2354 without substantive change.

# § 27160. Department monitoring of take

- 27160. (a) The department shall develop a voluntary participation program for the use of departmental observers on board vessels to monitor the taking of marlin by persons engaged in sport fishing.
- 35 (b) The department shall, in accordance with **Section 1012**, procure insurance against the liability of the owners or operators of vessels boarded by observers in

- the event of injury to or death of any observer in the course and scope of employment as an observer.
- Comment. Section 27160 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7123 without substantive change.

# TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

# 6 § 27200. Application of title

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- 7 27200. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
- 9 **Comment.** Section 27200 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

#### § 27205. Marlin meat

- 27205. Except where Section 27210 has been complied with, marlin meat, whether fresh, smoked, canned, or preserved by any means, shall not be bought or sold, or possessed or transported for the purpose of sale.
- 14 **Comment.** Section 27205 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8393(a) without substantive change.

## § 27210. Importation for producing fish cakes

- 27210. (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 27205, black marlin (Makaira Indica) may be imported into this state for the purpose of processing (manufacturing) a product commonly known as fish cakes for human consumption.
- (b) All black marlin (Makaira Indica) imported into this state must be in an identifiable condition, and must be accompanied by a bill of lading, showing the name of the consignor, the consignee, and the weight or number of fish shipped. A copy of the bill of lading must be delivered to the nearest office of the department either prior to or no later than two days after receipt of the fish.
- (c) No black marlin (Makaira Indica) imported into California may leave the premises of the original consignee unless written permission is received from the department, or unless processed into the form of the product commonly known as fish cakes.
- Comment. Section 27210 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8393(b) without substantive change.

### PART 15. SABLEFISH

## TITLE 1. SABLEFISH GENERALLY

#### 3 **§ 27250. Groundfish**

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- 27250. For the purposes of Part 9 (commencing with Section 26300), a sablefish is a groundfish.
- 6 **Comment.** Section 27250 is new.
- 7 Staff Note. Based on staff research, it appears that a sablefish is a groundfish. The staff invites comment on whether that is correct.

#### 9 § 27255. Provisions not exclusive

- 27255. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern sablefish include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:
- 13 (a) **Section 8043.**
- 14 (b) **Section 8047.**
- 15 (c) **Section 9001.7.**
- 16 (d) **Section 9006.**
- 17 **Comment.** Section 27255 is new.

### TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

### 19 § 27300. Application of title

- 27300. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
- 22 **Comment.** Section 27300 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

# § 27305. Required permit

- 27305. Sablefish may be taken under a general trap permit in ocean waters between a line extending due west true from Point Arguello in Santa Barbara County and the United States-Mexico international boundary line, if all of the following criteria are also met:
  - (a) The trap shall be six feet or less in its greatest dimension.
- (b) The mesh of any trap used for sablefish pursuant to this section shall measure not less than two inches by two inches.
  - (c) The traps may be used only in waters 200 fathoms or deeper.
- 32 (d) No permittee may possess a sablefish trap and any other commercial fishing 33 gear aboard a vessel at the same time, except that spot prawn traps may be 34 possessed during spot prawn trap open fishing periods as established by the 35 commission, if the permittee has a valid spot prawn trap vessel permit that has not 36 been suspended or revoked.

1 Comment. Section 27305 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 9001.8 without 2 substantive change. PART 16. SALMON 3 TITLE 1. SALMON GENERALLY 4 CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS 5 6 § 27350. Anadromous fish 27350. For the purposes of Part 2 (commencing with Section 25050), a salmon 7 is an anadromous fish. 8 Comment. Section 27350 is new. 10 Staff Note. Based on staff research, it appears that a salmon is an anadromous fish. See existing Fish and Game Code Section 6900 et seq. 11 The staff invites comment on whether that is correct. 12 13 § 27355. Provisions not exclusive 27355. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other 14 provisions that govern salmon include, but are not limited to, the following 15 provisions: 16 (a) **Section 1015**. 17 (b) **Section 2080.2**. 18 19 (c) **Section 2080.3**. (d) **Section 2080.4**. 20 (e) Article 7 (commencing with Section 2106) of Chapter 1.5 of Division 3. 21 (f) **Section 2115.1**. 22 (g) **Section 2761**. 23 (h) **Section 6100**. 24 (i) **Section 7149.2**. 25 (i) **Section 7155**. 26 (k) **Section 7361**. 27 (*l*) Section 7654. 28 (m) **Section 7655**. 29 (n) **Section 7856**. 30 (*o*) Section 8043.2. 31 (p) **Section 8685.5**. 32 33 (q) **Section 8685.6**. (r) **Section 8685.7**. 34 (s) **Section 8693**. 35 (t) **Section 8696**. 36

(u) **Section 8724**.

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- 1 (v) **Section 9029.5**.
- 2 (w) **Section 13005**.
- (x) Section 15007.
- 4 (y) **Section 15605**.
- 5 (z) **Section 16000**.
- 6 (aa) **Section 16500**.
- 7 (bb) **Section 16520**.
- 8 (cc) **Section 16531**.
- 9 (dd) **Section 16532**.

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10 **Comment.** Section 27355 is new.

## § 27360. Legislative determination

27360. (a) The Legislature finds and declares all of the following:

- (1) The commercial fishing industry of the North Coast has been greatly affected by decisions made by federal and state agencies concerning the health of the salmon resource and the consequent shortening or closing of the season, further impacting the already economically depressed region.
- (2) Sportfishing on the North Coast, a staple of the tourism industry of the region, could be substantially affected by the limitations of the salmon seasons.
- (3) The method of determining salmon escapement counts on only the Klamath River is inadequate for determining the overall health of the salmon resource in northern California waters and consequent decisions regarding the commercial, sport, and Indian salmon fisheries in those waters because it does not take into consideration the escapement figures on the Eel River and the Smith River.
- (b) The department shall use present assessment methods to assess the salmon escapement count on the Eel River and the Smith River, as well as the Klamath River, systems, employing out-of-work fishermen, where possible, to do the counts with department personnel in supervisory capacities. Those figures shall be used by the commission and the department in all reports, recommendations, and decisions concerning the establishment of the commercial and sportfishing seasons in the waters of the state and in all recommendations to the Pacific Fishery Management Council or other regulatory agencies. This program shall be a priority for funding under the Fisheries Restoration Act of 1985 (Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 2760) added to Division 3 of the Fish and Game Code by Senate Bill No. 400 of the 1985–86 Regular Session).
- (c) The department shall install sonar fish counting devices on the Klamath River system as a three-year test program to determine the accuracy of the devices, and shall make recommendations to the Legislature by January 1, 1990, as to their accuracy and whether they should be installed on other river systems. Present assessment methods shall continue on the Klamath River system during the test period as a control mechanism.
- **Comment.** Section 27360 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 1000.6 without substantive change.

#### CHAPTER 2. TAKE OR POSSESSION

#### 2 § 27400. Salmon spawning areas

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- 27400. The commission may designate salmon spawning areas. It is unlawful to 3 take salmon in any such spawning area, or within 250 feet of any salmon spawning station.
  - Comment. Section 27400 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 310 without change.

#### § 27405. Hook other than in mouth

- 27405. (a) It is unlawful, in inland waters, to kill or retain in possession any chinook, coho, or kokanee salmon that has not taken the bait or lure in its mouth.
- (b) Any chinook, coho, or kokanee salmon hooked in inland waters other than in its mouth shall be released unharmed.
- Comment. Section 27405 restates the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 5514 applicable to salmon without substantive change.
- Staff Note. Proposed Section 27405 is intended to restate the part of existing Fish and Game Code Section 5514 applicable to salmon to improve the clarity of that provision, without changing its substantive effect. The existing provision reads as follows:
- "5514. (a) It is unlawful to kill or retain in possession any chinook, coho, or kokanee salmon or any steelhead that has not taken the bait or lure in its mouth, in inland waters.
- (b) Any chinook, coho, or kokanee salmon or any steelhead hooked other than in its mouth in inland waters shall be released unharmed."
- In the existing section, the placement of the phrase "in inland waters" creates possible ambiguity as to whether the section is meant to apply generally to persons fishing in inland waters, or to specified salmon that were not hooked in their mouths while in inland waters. The staff believes the former interpretation was intended, and proposed Section 27405 would make that interpretation express.
- The staff invites comment on whether the restatement of Section 5514 would cause any substantive change in its meaning.

#### § 27410. Conformity with federal law

- 27410. The commission may prohibit the taking or possessing of salmon in the same manner as the taking or possessing of salmon is prohibited by federal law or by rules or regulations adopted by the United States Secretary of Commerce, notwithstanding any other provision of this code.
- Comment. Section 27410 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 316.5 without 33 34 change.

#### CHAPTER 3. IMPORTATION

### § 27450. Importation of undersized salmon

27450. (a) It is unlawful to import into this state for commercial purposes any 37 salmon of smaller size than can be legally taken under regulations of either the 38 Pacific Fishery Management Council or the state of landing. 39

- (b) Subdivision (a) does not apply to domestically reared salmon, defined by commission regulations to include salmon that have returned to a hatchery or licensed artificial collection facility, if imported under regulations established by the commission.
- Comment. Section 27450 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2361 without substantive change.

## CHAPTER 4. COOPERATIVE SALMON AND STEELHEAD REARING FACILITIES

#### § 27500. Department agreement

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- 27500. (a) The department is authorized to enter into agreements with counties, nonprofit groups, private persons, individually or in combination, for the management and operation of rearing facilities for salmon and steelhead. All agreements shall be in accordance with the policies of the commission and the criteria of the department which govern the operation of those facilities under those agreements.
- 15 (b) The purpose for operating the facilities shall be to provide additional fishing 16 resources and to augment natural runs.
- 17 **Comment.** Section 27500 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 1200 applicable to salmon without substantive change.

## § 27505. Demonstration of financial ability

- 27505. (a) An applicant who wishes to enter into an agreement to operate a rearing facility shall demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the department prior to executing the agreement, the applicant's financial ability to properly operate the rearing facility.
- 24 (b) The department shall develop and specify the means for an applicant to make such a demonstration.
- Comment. Section 27505 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 1201 applicable to salmon without substantive change.

#### 28 **§ 27510. Property of state**

- 27510. All fish handled or released under authority of this chapter are the property of the state and may be taken only after their release into the wild and under the authority of a sport or commercial fishing license.
- Comment. Section 27510 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 1202 applicable to salmon without substantive change.

#### § 27515. Release determined by Commission

- 27515. The release of fish reared in facilities pursuant to this chapter shall be made in accordance with the policy of the commission.
- Comment. Section 27515 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 1203 applicable to salmon without substantive change.

#### § 27520. Funding of agreements

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- 27520. (a) The department shall fund the agreements provided for in Section 27500 only on a matching basis with the persons or entities who enter into those agreements. Funds appropriated for the purposes of this chapter shall not be used to purchase equipment or for construction.
- (b) The department shall be reimbursed from funds appropriated for the purposes of this chapter for administrative costs, legal costs, and supervisorial costs relating to the execution and supervision of agreements provided for in Section 27500 by the department.
- 10 **Comment.** Section 27520 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 1204 applicable to salmon without substantive change.

## § 27525. Department to make fish available

- 27525. The department shall, subject to the limitations of appropriate egg sources and funding, make available fish of appropriate size and species to persons or entities who enter into agreements pursuant to this chapter.
- 16 **Comment.** Section 27525 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 1205 applicable to salmon without substantive change.

#### § 27530. Location of release

- 27530. Salmon and steelhead raised pursuant to this chapter shall be released in streams, rivers, or waters north of Point Conception and upon release shall have unimpeded access to the sea.
- Comment. Section 27530 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 1206 applicable to salmon without substantive change.

#### CHAPTER 5. COHO HELP ACT

#### 25 § **27600.** Name of act

- 27600. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the Coho Salmon Habitat Enhancement Leading to Preservation Act or Coho HELP Act.
- Comment. Section 27600 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6950 without change.

## 30 **§ 27605. Definitions**

- 27605. As used in this chapter:
- (a) "Account" means the Coho Salmon Recovery Account created in subdivision (a) of Section 27615.
- 34 (b) "Coho salmon habitat enhancement project" or "project" means a restoration 35 project within a region described in an adopted state or federal coho salmon 36 recovery plan with the primary purpose of accomplishing one or more of the 37 following:

- (1) Modification of existing water crossings for the purposes of eliminating a barrier to fish passage. Modification includes the removal of road crossings, replacement of culverts, or both.
- (2) Restoration of eroded or denuded streambanks by utilizing predominantly nonrock bioengineering practices and revegetating stream corridors with native riparian species. Restoration shall be focused on promoting tree establishment along the active channel and on streambanks for the purposes of bank stabilization, bank development, and live wood complexity.
- (3) Wood placement that benefits naturally reproducing fish stocks by creating or enhancing fish habitat, increasing stream complexity, or both.
- (c) "Coho salmon recovery plans" means the department's Recovery Strategy for California Coho Salmon, the National Marine Fisheries Service's Recovery Plan for the Evolutionary Significant Unit of Central Coast Coho Salmon, the National Marine Fisheries Service's Recovery Plan for the Southern Oregon/Northern California Coast Evolutionary Significant Unit of Coho Salmon, or subsequently adopted coho salmon recovery plans.
- (d) "Fish passage guidelines" means the department's Coho Salmon Stream Restoration Manual, the National Marine Fisheries Service, Southwest Region, Guidelines for Salmonid Passage at Stream Crossings, either of those documents as they may be subsequently amended or updated, or salmonid fish passage project guidelines subsequently adopted by the department, the National Marine Fisheries Service, or both.
- (e) "Project proponent" means a person, public agency, or nonprofit organization seeking to implement a coho salmon habitat enhancement project.
- **Comment.** Section 27605 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6952 without substantive change.

## § 27610. Required elements of project

- 27610. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the director shall approve a coho salmon habitat enhancement project if the project will maintain existing levels of human health and safety protection, including, but not limited to, flood protection, and meets all of the following requirements:
- (1) The project is consistent with fish passage guidelines and coho salmon recovery plans.
  - (2) The primary project purpose is for voluntary restoration.
- (3) The project is no larger than five acres or 500 linear feet in size, measured by calculating the direct area of impact.
- (4) Completion of all phases of the coho salmon habitat enhancement project will not exceed five years.
- (5) The project will not result in cumulative negative environmental impacts that are significant when viewed in connection with the effects of past, current, or probable future projects.

- (b) The director's approval of a coho salmon habitat enhancement project pursuant to subdivision (a) shall be in lieu of any other permit, license, or other approval issued by the department, including, but not limited to, those issued pursuant to Chapter 1.5 (commencing with Section 2050) of Division 3, Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 1900) of Division 2, and Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 1600) of Division 2.
- (c) The director's approval of a coho salmon habitat enhancement project pursuant to subdivision (a) shall constitute an action taken by a regulatory agency, as authorized by state law, to ensure the maintenance, restoration, or enhancement of a natural resource where the regulatory process involves procedures for protection of the environment.
- (d) Within 60 days after the director receives a written request to approve a coho salmon habitat enhancement project containing the information required pursuant to subdivision (e), the director shall determine whether substantial evidence exists that the coho salmon habitat enhancement project is consistent with subdivision (a).
- (e) A written request to approve a coho salmon habitat enhancement project shall contain all of the following:
- (1) The name, address, title, organization, telephone number, and electronic mail address of the natural person or persons who will be the main point of contact for the project proponent.
- (2) A full description of the coho salmon habitat enhancement project that includes the design criteria used for the project, restoration or enhancement methods, an estimate of temporary restoration or enhancement-related disturbance, project schedule, and how the project will result in a net benefit to coho salmon and other affected species.
- (3) A map clearly identifying the project location and photographs of the project site.
- (4) An assessment of the project area that provides a description of existing flora and fauna and the potential presence of sensitive species or habitat.
- (5) A description of environmental protection measures incorporated into the project design, including, but not limited to, measures to avoid and minimize impacts to water quality and potentially present species protected by state law, so that no potentially significant negative environmental impacts will result from the project.
- (6) Substantial evidence to support a conclusion that the project meets the criteria set forth in this section. Substantial evidence shall cite relevant design criteria and environmental protection measures that are set forth in the fish passage guidelines and coho salmon recovery plans.
- (f) If the director determines at any time that the project is no longer consistent with subdivision (a), due to a material change between the project as submitted and the project being implemented or a change in environmental circumstances in the area of implementation, the director shall notify the project proponent in

- writing and project implementation shall be suspended or approval pursuant to this chapter revoked. Written notice from the director shall be delivered in person or by certified mail to the project proponent and shall specify the reasons why ministerial approval of the project was suspended or revoked. The approval for a project shall not be revoked pursuant to this subdivision unless it has first been suspended pursuant to this subdivision.
- (g) Within 30 days of receipt of a notice of suspension, the project proponent may file an objection with the director. Any objection shall be in writing and state the reasons why the project proponent objects to the suspension. The director shall revoke approval or lift the suspension of project implementation within 30 days after the end of the objection.
- Comment. Section 27610 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6953 without 12 substantive change.

## § 27615. Coho Salmon Recovery Account

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- 27615. (a) The Coho Salmon Recovery Account is hereby created in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund.
- (b) The department may enter into an agreement to accept funds from any public agency, person, business entity, or organization to achieve the purposes of this chapter. The department shall deposit any funds so received in the account. The funds received shall supplement existing resources for projects and programs that enhance the recovery of coho salmon.
- (c) The department may impose a schedule of fees for projects, based on the cost of a project, sufficient to recover all reasonable administrative and implementation costs of the department relating to the project, but not to exceed fees adopted by the department pursuant to Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 1600) of Division 2 for standard lake or streambed alteration agreements for projects of comparable cost. The department shall deposit fee revenues in the account.
- (d) Moneys in the account shall be available to the department, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for the purposes of administering and implementing this chapter.
- Comment. Section 27615 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6954 without 31 32 substantive change.

## § 27620. Emergency regulations

- 27620. (a) The department may adopt emergency regulations for the implementation of this chapter.
- (b) A regulation adopted pursuant to this section or thereafter amended, and any subsequent adjustment to that adoption or amendment, shall be adopted by the department in accordance with Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

- (c) The adoption of a regulation pursuant to this section is an emergency, and shall be considered by the Office of Administrative Law as necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, safety, and general welfare.
- (d) Notwithstanding Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, any emergency regulation adopted by the department pursuant to this section shall remain in effect until revised by
- 7 the department.

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8 **Comment.** Section 27620 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6955 without substantive change.

## 10 § 27625. Effective date of operation

- 27625. This chapter shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2018, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute that is enacted before January 1, 2018, deletes or extends that date.
- 14 **Comment.** Section 27625 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6956 without substantive change.

#### TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

#### CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

## § 27700. Application of title

- 27700. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
- 21 **Comment.** Section 27700 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

## § 27705. Definitions

- 27705. The following definitions govern the construction of this title:
- (a) "Agent" means the person designated in writing by the owner as the owner's representative.
  - (b) "Appeal" means a request for reconsideration of an action of the review board, the department, or the commission, pursuant to this title.
  - (c) "Change of ownership" means the transfer of ownership of a permitted vessel to a new owner.
  - (d) "Commercial salmon vessel permit" means an annual permit issued by the department to an owner of a commercial fishing vessel for use of that vessel to take salmon for commercial purposes and shall not be considered personal property.
- 34 (e) "Fishing potential" means the capability and capacity for harvesting salmon 35 of a particular commercial fishing vessel. "Fishing potential" includes, but is not 36 limited to, a rating based upon factors such as size, seaworthiness, propulsion 37 system, hold size, and hull design.

- (f) "Permit" means a commercial salmon vessel permit as defined in subdivision (d).
- (g) "Permitted vessel" means a commercial fishing vessel for which a permit is currently valid.
- (h) "Replacement vessel" means a commercial fishing vessel for the use of which a permit is proposed to be transferred pursuant to this title.
- (i) "Review board" means the commercial salmon fishing review board created pursuant to **Section 8247**.
  - (j) "Transfer" means the issuance of a permit for use of a replacement vessel.

**Comment.** Section 27705 generalizes former Fish and Game Code Section 8231 without substantive change.

Staff Note. Existing Fish and Game Code Section 8231 provides the definitions set forth in proposed Section 27705, but only for purposes of the article in which Section 8231 appears (Article 4.5 (commencing with Section 8230) of Chapter 2 of Part 3 of Division 6). Proposed Section 27705 would generalize the definitions in existing Section 8231 so that they apply to all commercial salmon fishing provisions in this proposed title.

The staff invites comment on whether that generalization would be problematic.

# CHAPTER 2. COMMERCIAL SALMON TROLLERS ENHANCEMENT AND RESTORATION PROGRAM

## § 27750. Declaration of legislative intent

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27750. (a) It is the intent of the Legislature that the department use the moneys from the sale of commercial fishing salmon stamps allocated pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 7861, and the matching share contributed by the department, to raise approximately two million chinook salmon annually to yearling size, to contribute to the replenishing of California's salmon resource. In no case shall moneys from the General Fund be used to match the salmon stamp revenues expended for this program.

(b) It is the further intent of the Legislature that the salmon stamp fee authorized in subdivision (b) of **Section 7861** shall generate revenues equal to one-half the amount necessary to raise this number of salmon to yearling size.

**Comment.** Section 27750 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7861.3 without substantive change.

## § 27755. Commercial fishing salmon stamp requirement

27755. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (f) or (g), no person who is 18 years of age or more and less than 70 years of age, on or before April 1 of the current license year, shall take salmon for a commercial purpose or be on board a vessel on which salmon are taken for a commercial purpose while salmon are being taken or transported, unless that person has a commercial fishing salmon stamp issued pursuant to this section affixed to his or her commercial fishing license.

- (b) Except as provided in subdivision (f) or (g), the operator of a vessel on which salmon are taken for a commercial purpose shall not permit a person on board that vessel while salmon are being taken or transported, unless that person was less than 18 years of age or 70 years of age or more on April 1 of the current license year or that person has a commercial fishing salmon stamp affixed to the person's commercial fishing license.
- (c) Except as provided in this subdivision, the department shall issue a commercial fishing salmon stamp, upon application and payment of the fee of eighty-five dollars (\$85). For any commercial salmon season preceded by a commercial salmon season in which the commercial troll salmon landings in this state equal or exceed 3,000,000 pounds dressed weight, as determined by the department, the fee shall be increased by twelve dollars and fifty cents (\$12.50) for every 250,000 pounds over 3,000,000 pounds of dressed weight landings, except that the total fees as adjusted shall not exceed two hundred sixty dollars (\$260).
- (d) A commercial fishing salmon stamp is valid during the commercial salmon season of the year in which it was issued.
- (e) Upon application and payment of an additional fee equal to that prescribed in subdivision (c), the department may issue an additional commercial fishing salmon stamp for a crewmember to the owner or operator of a vessel who holds a commercial fishing salmon stamp.
- (f) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), one crewmember of a vessel for which a commercial fishing salmon stamp is issued pursuant to subdivision (e) may be aboard that vessel and take salmon for a commercial purpose as a crewmember on that vessel without obtaining a commercial fishing salmon stamp, under the following conditions:
- (1) The crewmember is designated by name and commercial fishing license number on a form furnished by the department before salmon are taken on the vessel when that crewmember is aboard.
- (2) The crewmember has a valid commercial fishing license issued under **Section 7850**.
- (3) The commercial fishing salmon stamp for the crewmember is affixed to the form prescribed in paragraph (1) on which the vessel registration number of the vessel is entered, and on which the crewmember who is exempted by this subdivision is designated by the last entered name and commercial fishing license number.
- (g) Persons who are exempt from the license requirements, or who are not required to be licensed, pursuant to **Section 7850**, are exempt from the requirements of this section.
- **Comment.** Section 27755 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7860 without substantive change.

## § 27760. Use of fees from commercial fishing salmon stamps

- 27760. (a) After deducting the administrative costs for issuing commercial fishing salmon stamps, the department shall deposit the fees received pursuant to **Section 7860** in the Commercial Salmon Stamp Dedicated Subaccount, which is hereby established in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund. The money in the subaccount shall be available to the department, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for new or expanded salmon restoration and enhancement programs in the state that will serve to increase ocean salmon landings. No money in this subaccount shall be used in lieu of other funds appropriated for salmon restoration and enhancement programs authorized by law on or before January 1, 1988.
- (b) Thirty dollars (\$30) of the fees collected for each commercial fishing salmon stamp issued shall be allocated by the department to be used for raising chinook salmon to a yearling size, at which size they shall be released into state waters. The amount of salmon stamp revenues expended for this purpose in any fiscal year shall not exceed the amount expended by the department for the same purpose during the same period from other funds. The calculation of the amount expended by the department for this purpose shall not include expenditures made by the department for which reimbursements are received from state or federal agencies, public utilities, or private entities for raising chinook salmon to yearling size as part of a fish mitigation program instituted to compensate for the adverse effect of a dam on natural salmon production. If the department expends no funds other than moneys collected from the sale of commercial fishing salmon stamps or moneys for which reimbursements are received as part of an anadromous fish mitigation program for the raising of chinook salmon to yearling size within the period of a fiscal year, the fees prescribed in **Section 7860** shall be reduced by an amount equivalent to that portion of the commercial fishing salmon stamp program, as specified in this subdivision.
- (c) If the salmon stamps issued pursuant to **Section 7860** raise more money for the purpose of subdivision (b) than is necessary to match the funds expended by the department during any fiscal year from other funds, then the excess salmon stamp revenue allocated pursuant to subdivision (b) shall be carried over into the following fiscal year.
- (d) The department shall post on its Internet Web site an accounting of the projects undertaken with funds from the Commercial Salmon Stamp Dedicated Subaccount, and the costs incurred to administer the program. At a minimum, the Internet Web site shall list the project title, the applicant, a brief description of the project, the amount approved, and the status of the project.
- (e) Any moneys that were in the Commercial Salmon Stamp Account as of March 14, 2013, and that were retained in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund, shall be transferred to the Commercial Salmon Stamp Dedicated Subaccount.
- (e) Not more than 15 percent of the funds expended pursuant to this section may be used to pay the costs incurred in the administration of the program.

Comment. Subdivisions (a) through (d) of Section 27760 continue former Fish and Game Code Section 7861 without substantive change.

Subdivision (e) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7861.1 without substantive change.

## § 27765. Source of other funds for program

- 27765. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, the department may receive on behalf of the Commercial Salmon Trollers Enhancement and Restoration Program, for deposit in the Commercial Salmon Stamp Dedicated Subaccount in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund established pursuant to **Section 7861**, funds from sources in addition to funds derived from the sale of commercial fishing salmon stamps, including, but not limited to, grants from the federal government, grants from private foundations, money disbursed from court settlements, and donations and bequeaths from individuals.
- (b) The additional nonfederal funds shall not be deposited in the Commercial Salmon Stamp Dedicated Subaccount unless the person or entity providing the funds specifically designates in writing, prior to or at the time of transmittal of the funds to the department, that the funds are intended solely for deposit to that subaccount.
- (c) Funds received by the department that are not designated at the time of receipt as being intended solely for deposit to the Commercial Salmon Stamp Dedicated Subaccount shall be deposited in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund.
- Comment. Section 27765 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7861.2 without substantive change.

#### § 27770. Allocation of funds

- 27770. In consultation with the Commercial Salmon Trollers Advisory Committee, the department may allocate funds from the Commercial Salmon Stamp Dedicated Subaccount in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund for the following purposes:
- 29 (a) For restoration projects to assist in the recovery of salmon stocks listed as 30 threatened or endangered under **Chapter 1.5** (commencing with Section 2050) of **Division 3**, or the federal Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.).
  - (b) As matching funds for federal salmon restoration moneys.
- Comment. Section 27770 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7861.5 without change.

## § 27775. Funding priority

27775. A priority for funding shall be given to programs and projects restoring, enhancing, and protecting salmon streams with funds appropriated pursuant to subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (e) of Section 5907 of the Public Resources Code, which employ fishermen who are unemployed or underemployed as a result of commercial fishing restrictions within and immediately adjacent to the Klamath Management Zone imposed by federal laws or regulations.

**Comment.** Section 27775 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7861.4 without substantive change.

### § 27780. Advisory Committee

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- 27780. (a) A Commercial Salmon Trollers Advisory Committee shall be established consisting of six members selected by the director, as follows:
  - (1) One member shall be chosen from the personnel of the department.
- (2) Four persons shall be selected, with alternates, from a list submitted by a fishermen's organization deemed to represent the commercial salmon fishermen of California.
- (3) One member shall be selected, with an alternate, from lists submitted by individual commercial passenger fishing boat operators or by organizations deemed to represent the commercial passenger fishing boat operators of California.
  - (b) The term of appointment to the committee shall be for two years.
- (c) Necessary and proper expenses, if any, and per diem shall be paid committee members from the special account created pursuant to subdivision (a) of **Section 7861**. The rate of per diem shall be the same as the rate established pursuant to Section 8902 of the Government Code.
- (d) The committee shall recommend programs and a budget from the special account to the department.
- **Comment.** Section 27780 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7862 without substantive change.

#### § 27785. Creation of artwork or related material for sale

- 27785. (a) The Commercial Salmon Trollers Advisory Committee may also recommend to the director that a nonprofit organization or the California Salmon Council be authorized to create or contract to create salmon or salmon fishing artwork and other materials based on that artwork, including, but not limited to, a stamp, and offer those items for sale to the public during 2003 and thereafter, for the purpose of augmenting funding for the Commercial Salmon Trollers Enhancement and Restoration Program established under this chapter.
- (b) The committee may not recommend a nonprofit organization or the California Salmon Council as authorized under subdivision (a), unless all of the following conditions are met:
- (1) The proposed creation and sale of the artwork is pursuant to a written business plan presented to the committee.
- 36 (2) The committee determines that a reasonable share of the sales of any stamp 37 will be remitted to the department for deposit into the Commercial Salmon Stamp 38 Dedicated Subaccount established in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund under **Section 7861**.

- (3) The committee determines that the creation and sale of the artwork will act to increase public awareness and support for the salmon stamp program and the restoration of salmon and their habitats in the state.
- (4) Any other conditions deemed necessary by the committee for determining whether to recommend approval to the director have been met.
- (c) The director, upon receiving the recommendation of the committee, and upon finding that there will be no new costs to the department, may authorize the recommended entity to create or contract to create salmon or salmon fishing artwork and other materials based on that artwork, including, but not limited to, a stamp, and offer those items for sale to the public, for the purpose described in subdivision (a).
- (d) No person or entity, including, but not limited to, any nonprofit organization, may use the name of the Commercial Salmon Stamp, the Commercial Salmon Trollers Advisory Committee, or the Commercial Salmon Trollers Enhancement and Restoration Program for the sale of artwork and other materials, unless that person or entity has been approved by the director under this section for that purpose. The approval of the director under this section shall be for one year, after which the approval may be renewed for an additional year, upon recommendation of the committee.
- (e) No artwork sold in the form of a stamp under this section conveys to the purchaser any entitlement to engage in the commercial salmon fishery.
- (f) Proceeds from the sales of artwork and other materials sold under this section, after deduction of all reasonable costs borne by the nonprofit organization or California Salmon Council for creation of the artwork and conducting the sales, shall be deposited in the Commercial Salmon Stamp Dedicated Subaccount.
- **Comment.** Section 27785 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7862.5 without substantive change.

#### § 27790. Inoperative date of chapter

- 27790. This chapter shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2019, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute that is enacted before January 1, 2019, deletes or extends that date.
- **Comment.** Section 27790 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7863 without substantive change.

#### CHAPTER 3. PERMISSIONS AND PROHIBITIONS

#### § 27850. Authorized take

- 27850. (a) Except as modified by the director pursuant to **Section 7652**, salmon may be taken under authority of a commercial fishing license and a commercial fishing salmon stamp only in **Districts 6, 7, 10, 11, 16, 17, 18, and 19**.
- (b) All species of salmon, except silver salmon, may be taken only between April 15 and September 30. Silver salmon may be taken only between May 15 and

1 September 30.

- (c) No king salmon may be possessed that is less than 26 inches in length and no silver salmon may be possessed that is less than 22 inches. The length of salmon is to be measured from the tip of the snout to the extreme tip of the tail without resorting to any force other than swinging or fanning the tail.
- (d) Salmon may be taken for commercial purposes only by hook and line, and there is no bag limit.
- **Comment.** Section 27850 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8210.2 without substantive change.

## § 27855. Possession, sale, offer for sale, or purchase

- 27855. Salmon may be possessed, sold, offered for sale, or purchased only under one of the following conditions:
- (a) If taken legally in another state that permits the sale of salmon, and lawfully imported consistent with **Section 2361**.
  - (b) If taken in compliance with this chapter.
- **Comment.** Section 27855 combines and restates former Fish and Game Code Section 8217, and the part of Section 8371(c)-(d) applicable to salmon, without substantive change.
  - Staff Note. Proposed Section 27855 is intended to combine and restate existing Fish and Game Code Section 8217, and the part of Section 8371(c)-(d) applicable to salmon, to improve the clarity of those provisions without changing their substantive effect. The existing provisions read as follows:
    - "8217. Salmon may be sold subject to the exceptions and restrictions contained in this article.
  - 8371. Striped bass and salmon may be sold or offered for sale only under the following conditions:
  - (a) If the striped bass is taken or possessed by, and is the cultured progeny of, an aquaculturist who is registered under Section 15101, that striped bass may be sold or purchased subject to regulations of the commission.
  - (b) If the striped bass is taken legally in another state that permits the sale of that fish and if the fish is lawfully imported under Section 2363, the striped bass may be possessed, sold, or purchased.
  - (c) If the salmon is taken legally in another state that permits the sale of salmon, and is lawfully imported consistent with Section 2361, the salmon may be possessed, sold, or purchased.
  - (d) If the salmon is taken in accordance with Article 4 (commencing with Section 8210.2), the salmon may be possessed, sold, or purchased."
  - The staff invites comment on whether the proposed combining and restatement would cause any substantive change in the meaning of the provisions.

## § 27860. Sale during period when take unlawful

- 27860. During the period when salmon may not be taken for commercial purposes in a district, salmon may be sold in that district only under the regulations of the commission.
- Comment. Section 27860 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8213 without substantive change.

#### 1 § 27865. Take at mouth of Humboldt Bay

- 2 27865. It is unlawful to take salmon for commercial purposes at the mouth of
- 3 Humboldt Bay in those portions of **Districts 6 and 7** within three nautical miles
- 4 north and south of a line drawn due west for three nautical miles from the center of
- 5 the mouth of that bay.
- 6 **Comment.** Section 27865 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8214 without substantive change.

## 8 § 27870. Sale, possession, or transport of silver salmon in specified districts

- 9 27870. Silver salmon may not be sold or possessed in, or transported through,
- 10 **District 6, 7, 10, 11, 16, 17, or 18**, during the time when the taking of silver
- salmon for commercial purposes is unlawful in those districts.
- 12 **Comment.** Section 27870 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8215 without substantive change.

#### § 27875. Undersized salmon

- 15 27875. It is unlawful to gaff, club, otherwise injure, or possess any king or silver
- salmon under the legal size.
- 17 **Comment.** Section 27875 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8218 without 18 change.

## § 27880. Take for commercial purpose in District 6 or 7

- 27880. Salmon may not be taken for commercial purposes in **District 6** at the
- 21 mouths of the Smith and Klamath Rivers within three nautical miles north and
- south of a line drawn due west for three nautical miles from the center of the
- 23 mouth of each of those streams, or during the months of August and September in
- District 7 at the mouth of the Eel River within two nautical miles north and south
- of a line drawn due west for two nautical miles from the center of the mouth of
- that stream.

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- Comment. Section 27880 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8219 without
- 28 substantive change.

#### 29 § 27885. Take with purse or round haul net

- 27885. Salmon may not be taken with a purse or round haul net.
- Comment. Section 27885 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8756
- 32 applicable to salmon without substantive change.

#### 33 § 27890. Use of net in waters upstream from Carquinez Bridge

- 27890. (a) It is unlawful for any person to use, operate, or assist in using or
- operating any net to take salmon for a commercial purpose in any tidal waters
- lying upstream from the Carquinez Bridge, or to possess a net on a boat in those
- waters that is unlawful to use in those waters.
- 38 (b) The punishment for a first violation of this section is a fine of not more than
- two thousand dollars (\$2,000), imprisonment in a county jail for not more than one

- year, or both that fine and imprisonment.
  - (c) A second or subsequent violation of this section is punishable by a fine of not less than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) nor more than four thousand dollars (\$4,000), or imprisonment in the county jail for one year, or both that fine and imprisonment.
- Comment. Subdivision (a) of Section 27890 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code
   Section 8670 applicable to salmon without substantive change.
- Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 12002(b)(5) without substantive change.
- Subdivision (c) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 12003 without substantive change.

## § 27895. Use of trawl net

- 27895. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), it is unlawful for any person to possess salmon on board, or to land salmon from, a vessel on which exists any type of trawl net.
- (b) Salmon taken incidentally with other species with a trawl net may be possessed and landed if authorized to be taken incidentally pursuant to Section 663.10 of Part 663 of Title 50 of the Code of Federal Regulations, pursuant to a permit issued by the commission under **Section 8606**, or pursuant to both.
- Comment. Section 27895 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8834.1 without substantive change.

#### § 27900. Required return to water if caught in net

- 27900. (a) Any salmon that is taken in any type of net shall, regardless of its condition, be immediately freed and removed from the net by the fisherman, and immediately returned to the water without further harm.
- (b) A commercial fisherman shall not have any salmon, whether dead or alive, in his or her possession, at any time when conducting netting operations or when going to or from those operations, except when releasing a salmon from a net.
- (c) The return of salmon to the water pursuant to this section is not deterioration, waste, or spoilage of fish for purposes of **Section 7704**.
- Comment. Section 27900 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8370 applicable to salmon without substantive change.

#### § 27905. Revocation or suspension of license

- 27905. (d) Notwithstanding **Sections 12000, 12001, and 12002**, the commercial fishing license of the master of a vessel may be revoked or suspended by the commission, when requested by the department, for a period not to exceed one year, upon the second conviction in three years of the master or the master's agent, servant, employee, or any other person acting under the master's direction or control, for a violation of any provision of this chapter.
- (b) A master's license shall not be revoked unless both the first and second convictions are for a violation by the master or a violation occurring when the

- person convicted was acting as the master's agent, servant, employee, or acting under the master's direction or control.
- 3 (c) The master of a vessel is the person on board the vessel who is in charge of 4 the vessel.
- Comment. Section 27905 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 12022.8(d)-(f) applicable to the provisions of this chapter, without substantive change.

#### CHAPTER 4. HIGH SEAS INTERCEPTION OF SALMON

#### § 28000. Definitions

- 28000. The definitions in this section govern the construction of this chapter:
- (a) "Environmental purpose" means the intent to prevent or minimize adverse ecological effects to water quality.
- (b) "High seas interception" means the unauthorized taking of salmon for commercial purposes outside the United States 200-mile fishery conservation zone.
- (c) "Humanitarian purpose" means the intent to provide medical services for a sick or injured person, or to prevent the loss of human life.
- (d) "Process" means affecting the condition or location of salmon, including preparation, packaging, storage, refrigeration, or transportation.
- (e) "Unauthorized" means contrary to a statute or regulation of the United States or this state or to a treaty or international fishery agreement, or in violation of a foreign law.
- (f) "Written instrument" means hand written or printed matter, including vessels' logs and papers, bills of lading and sale, documents relating to processing, shipping, and customs, and information stamped on or affixed to cans, crates, containers, freight, or other means of storage or packaging.
- **Comment.** Section 28000 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8120 without substantive change.

#### § 28005. Prohibited acts generally

- 28005. It is unlawful for any person to do any of the following:
- (a) Buy, sell, trade, process, or possess salmon, or attempt to buy, sell, trade, process, or possess salmon, with the knowledge that the salmon has been, or will be, obtained by high seas interception.
- (b) Knowingly provide financing, premises, equipment, supplies, services, power, or fuel used to buy, sell, trade, process, or possess salmon that has been, or will be, obtained by high seas interception.
- (c) Act as a broker or middleman, or otherwise act on behalf of another person, to arrange for or negotiate, or attempt to arrange for or negotiate, the purchase, sale, trade, processing, or possession of salmon, with the knowledge that the salmon has been, or will be, obtained by high seas interception.
  - (d) Create, circulate, or possess any written instrument related to salmon with

the knowledge that the written instrument conveys misleading or untrue information about the ownership, possession, processing, origin, destination, route of shipping, type, or condition of salmon, or the time, place, and manner of the taking of the salmon.

**Comment.** Subdivisions (a) through (c) of Section 28005 continue former Fish and Game Code Section 8121 without substantive change.

Subdivision (d) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8122 without change.

## § 28010. Prohibited acts on vessel known to contain unlawfully obtained salmon

28010. (a) It is unlawful for a person who knows that a vessel contains salmon obtained by high seas interception, or that the owner or operator of the vessel intends to engage in the high seas interception of salmon, to do any of the following:

- (1) Move persons, cargo, or other property to or from the vessel.
- (2) Service or repair the vessel or its equipment.

- (3) Provide the vessel with power, supplies, equipment, or fuel.
- (4) Provide the vessel with information, other than weather reports, capable of aiding the high seas interception of salmon or frustrating or avoiding detection, including communicating the movements, intentions, or activities of state or federal law enforcement officials or other fishing vessels.
- (5) Permit the vessel to dock or anchor, or to remain docked or anchored, if that person is responsible for the operation of the facility, harbor, or anchorage.
- (b) This section does not prohibit any person from performing any act or acts set forth in subdivision (a) if that person reasonably believes that the act or acts were necessary for humanitarian or environmental purposes or to prevent a significant loss of property, if that person provides immediate notice, by the quickest available means, to the United States Coast Guard, the department, or any law enforcement agency, as to the type of assistance provided and the circumstances involved.
- **Comment.** Section 28010 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8123 without substantive change.

#### CHAPTER 5. COMMERCIAL SALMON VESSEL PERMITS

#### Article 1. General Provisions

#### § 28050. Legislative declaration

28050. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that commercial salmon fishing is in the public interest and that the preservation of commercial salmon fishing directly affects the health and welfare of the public. The Legislature further finds and declares that, due to past declines in salmon stocks, the increase in the quality and value of salmon on the market, the number and types of vessels being used, the commensurate salmon fishing potential of the commercial salmon fishing fleet,

and the demand for entry into the commercial salmon fishery, it is necessary and proper to limit the persons who are eligible to take salmon for commercial purposes and to regulate the amount of salmon that may be taken by restricting the number and salmon fishing potential of the vessels in the commercial salmon fishing fleet in order to preserve and rebuild the salmon resource, to protect commercial salmon fishing, and thereby to protect the health and welfare of the public.

(b) The Legislature further finds and declares the following:

- (1) The salmon resource declined in 1983 and 1984 as a result of the most severe warm water El Nino current of this century, which caused major disruptions and hardship in the commercial salmon fishery. Habitat destruction in the rivers of California has also depleted the salmon stocks which are bred and reared in those rivers.
- (2) The Pacific Fishery Management Council has imposed season closures on the taking of salmon since 1982, including a total prohibition on commercial taking of salmon in 1985 along portions of the northern California coast to protect the king salmon stock from the Klamath River. In 1987, a five-year agreement was signed which allocates the king salmon stock from the Klamath River between ocean commercial and recreational users and in-river Indian and recreational users. This agreement may result in further closures.
- (3) Nearly 30 percent of the commercial salmon fishing vessels which were permitted to take salmon for commercial purposes in California did not record landings of salmon in the 1986 and 1987 commercial salmon seasons.
- (4) There are more than enough commercial salmon fishing vessels for which commercial salmon fishing permits have been issued to harvest the less than 10 million pounds of salmon that are currently available annually. With the present fleet makeup between large vessels and small vessels and between full-time and part-time fishermen, it is estimated that the present resource capacity may accommodate a fleet of not more than 2,500 permitted vessels. Therefore, no new permits should be issued until the time that the fleet size falls below 2,500 permitted vessels. Adequate provision for entry of new persons or vessels to the commercial salmon fishery is afforded by transfers of vessels for which permits have been issued and renewed and by transfers of those existing permits to vessels of the same or less salmon fishing potential.

Comment. Section 28050 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8230 without change.

#### § 28055. Severability of provisions

28055. If any provision of this chapter, or the application of those provisions, to any person or circumstance, is held invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the chapter that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of those chapters are severable.

Comment. Section 28055 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8248 without 1 2 substantive change.

## § 28060. Regulation and administrative procedures

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- 28060. (a) The commission and the department may make and enforce regulations that may be necessary or convenient for carrying out any power, authority, or jurisdiction delegated to it under this chapter.
- (b) The department, in cooperation with the commercial salmon fishing review board, shall establish and implement administrative procedures for the administration of this chapter.
- 10 Comment. Subdivision (a) of Section 28060 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8246.8 without substantive change. 11
- Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8239.2 without substantive 12 13

#### § 28065. Commercial take or possession on vessel

- 28065. It is unlawful to take or possess salmon for a commercial purpose on a vessel unless all of the following conditions are met:
- (a) The vessel is registered with the department pursuant to Section 7881, and the owner of the vessel has a valid commercial salmon vessel permit for the use of that vessel.
- (b) The permit for the use of the vessel is affixed to the vessel adjacent to the department registration number unless otherwise authorized by the department.
  - (c) The permit affixed to the vessel is visible at all times.
- Comment. Section 28065 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8232 without 23 24 substantive change.

## § 28070. Take for sport purposes

- 28070. (a) Except as provided in this section, it is unlawful to take salmon for sport purposes on a permitted vessel.
- (b) Subdivision (a) does not prohibit taking salmon for sport purposes under a sportfishing or a sport ocean fishing license, which is issued pursuant to Article 3 (commencing with Section 7145) of Chapter 1, on a vessel licensed as a commercial passenger fishing boat pursuant to Section 7920 and engaged in that business on any day when salmon are not being taken for commercial purposes on that vessel.
- (c) Subdivision (a) does not prohibit taking salmon for sport purposes under a sportfishing or a sport ocean fishing license, which is issued pursuant to Article 3 (commencing with Section 7145) of Chapter 1, on a permitted vessel in the Klamath Management Zone, as designated by the federal Pacific Fisheries Management Council, when the commercial salmon season is closed and more than 24 hours after the time when salmon taken during the commercial salmon
- 40 season are required to be landed.

- (d) The use of a vessel pursuant to subdivision (c) shall be considered as being engaged or employed exclusively in the taking and possession of fish or other living resource of the sea for commercial purposes for purposes of subdivision (a) of Section 227 of the Revenue and Taxation Code
- Comment. Section 28070 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8232.5 without substantive change.

## § 28075. Conditions for issuance of any permit

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- 28075. The department shall not issue a permit under this chapter unless one of the following first occurs:
- (a) The applicant presents to the department a commercial fishing salmon stamp issued to the owner or an agent of the owner. No commercial fishing salmon stamp shall be presented or accepted by the department to authorize issuance of a permit under this section for more than one vessel.
- (b) The applicant obtains a commercial fishing salmon stamp and pays the fees for the stamp.
  - (c) On or before April 1 of the current license year, the owner is 70 years of age.
- 17 **Comment.** Section 28075 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8234(a) without substantive change.

## 19 § 28080. Inapplicability of limited fishery eligibility provision

- 20 28080. **Section 8101** does not apply to this chapter.
- Comment. Section 28080 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8233.9 without substantive change.

#### § 28085. Allowable number of permitted vessels

- 28085. (a) If the department determines that the number of permitted vessels is less than 2,500, the department shall determine, after consultation with the review board, the number and vessel classification for which any new, original permits may be issued to bring the total number of permitted vessels to no more than 2,500.
- 29 (b) New, original permits to be issued shall be authorized by vessel classifications established under **Section 8238**.
- Comment. Section 28085 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8243 without substantive change.

## § 28090. New entry permit

- 28090. A person seeking to gain entry into the commercial salmon fishery may obtain a permit under either of the following conditions:
- 36 (a) By legally obtaining the ownership of a permitted vessel and notifying the department of the change of ownership of the permitted vessel.
- 38 (b) By applying to obtain a new, original permit issued by the department pursuant to **Sections 8244 and 8245**.

**Comment.** Section 28090 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8242 without substantive change.

### § 28095. Application for new entry permit

- 28095. (a) An applicant may apply for a new, original permit as an individual, a joint venture, or a corporation. The applicant may submit only one application annually. The application shall be made on a form provided by the department.
- (b) An applicant for a new, original permit under this section shall submit a completed application as directed by the department. The completed application, and the application fees prescribed in subdivision (c), shall be delivered or postmarked on or before February 1 in order to be considered for permits for the subsequent permit year.
- (c) The applicant shall submit with the application a nonrefundable application fee determined by the department in an amount sufficient to pay the costs of administering the issuance of new, original permits by the department, which shall be not less than thirty-five dollars (\$35).
- (d) The department, after consultation with the review board, shall determine the fishing potential of the vessel for use of which the new, original permit is to be issued and otherwise determine if the applicant is eligible to be issued a permit under this chapter.
- **Comment.** Section 28095 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8244 without substantive change.

#### § 28100. Drawing for new entry permits

- 28100. (a) The department shall conduct a drawing from the applicants determined to be eligible for new, original permits pursuant to **Section 8244** on the first Friday in March of each year that new, original permits are authorized to be issued pursuant to **Section 8243**.
- (b) The department shall issue a permit to each of those applicants who are drawn upon payment of the fees prescribed in subdivision (c) for the permit and, except as provided in subdivision (e), submittal of sufficient information to establish that the applicant is the owner of a vessel within the vessel classification designated in the application.
- (c) The amount of the fees for a permit issued under this section are the same as the amount of the fees for renewal of a permit for the subsequent license year beginning on April 1 which are established pursuant to **subdivision** (b) of Section 8235. A successful applicant shall pay the fees for the permit on or before March 31. The department shall deposit the fees to the fund pursuant to Section 13001.
- (d) Except as provided in subdivision (e), a successful applicant shall submit proof of ownership of the vessel to be used under the permit within 90 days of the drawing.

- (e) A successful applicant may request one extension of no more than 90 days to obtain a vessel as designated in the application. The department, after consultation with the review board, may grant that extension.
- (f) If any successful applicant does not establish that he or she is the owner of a vessel as designated in the application and affix the new permit on that vessel or on another vessel with the same or less fishing potential, as determined by the department after consultation with the board, within 90 days or by the end of a 90 day extension granted by the department, the new permit is null and void.
- (g) The department or the review board is not liable for any risk of failure by the applicant to obtain a vessel which is designated in an application or to complete the process for determination of the fishing potential of another vessel, or for failure by the applicant to obtain that other vessel, in the time prescribed in this section.
- **Comment.** Section 28100 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8245 without substantive change.

#### § 28105. Review of new entry provisions

- 28105. The review board shall review the effectiveness of new entry provisions every three years beginning three years following the first permit drawing and make recommendations to the department for any changes it finds to be needed in the new entry system.
- Comment. Section 28105 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8245.5 without change.

#### § 28110. Issuance of new entry permit

- 28110. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the department shall issue a permit to the owner of a commercial salmon fishing vessel that is registered with the department pursuant to **Section 7881** for the new entry of that vessel into the commercial salmon fishery, if that owner is authorized to be issued a permit for the use of that new entry vessel pursuant to **subdivision** (b) of **Section 8245**.
- Comment. Section 28110 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8233.8 without substantive change.

#### § 28115. Renewal required prior to expiration

- 28115. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a permit shall be renewed prior to expiration.
- Comment. Section 28115 continues the first sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8233 without substantive change.

#### § 28120. Department to send renewal notice and application

28120. (a) The department shall send a written notice of renewal and a permit renewal application to the owner of each currently permitted vessel at the most recent address of that owner in the records of the department. The notice shall be sent by first-class mail before March 1. The department shall mail a copy of the

- notice for renewal to all associations and groups known to the department to be representing commercial salmon fishermen. The department shall also provide blank permit renewal applications at appropriate offices of the department.
  - (b) The notice shall include all of the following:
  - (1) Instructions on how to apply for renewal of a permit.
  - (2) Information on the provisions of subdivisions (c) and (e) of Section 8235.
  - (c) Failure to receive the notice under this section does not exempt or excuse the owner from the requirement of annual renewal of the permit on or before the permit expiration date.
  - **Comment.** Section 28120 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8236 without substantive change.

## § 28125. Renewal of permit

- 28125. (a) The owner of a permitted vessel, or that owner's agent, may apply for renewal of the permit annually on or before April 30, upon payment of the fees established under subdivision (b), without penalty. Upon receipt of the application and fees, the department shall issue the permit for use of the permitted vessel in the subsequent permit year only to the owner of the permitted vessel.
- (b) The department shall fix the annual fee for the renewal of the permit in an amount it determines to be necessary to pay the reasonable costs of implementing and administering this chapter.
- (c) If an owner to whom a permit has been issued, or that owner's agent, applies for renewal of the permit, the application for renewal shall be received or, if mailed, postmarked, on or before April 30. An application received or, if mailed, postmarked, after April 30 shall be assessed a late fee subject to **Section 7852.2**. The department shall issue the permit for use of the permitted vessel in the subsequent permit year.
- (d) The department shall suspend a late fee otherwise due under subdivision (c) and shall issue a permit for use of the permitted vessel in the subsequent permit year if the department is unable to accept applications for renewal of permits by March 1.
- (e) Except as provided in subdivision (c), the department shall not renew a permit for which the application for renewal is not received, or, if mailed, is received or postmarked after expiration of the permit.
- Comment. Section 28125 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8235 without substantive change.

#### § 28130. Issuance of permit after renewal

28130. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the department shall issue a permit, upon application and payment of the renewal fees pursuant to **Section 8235**, that is valid for the subsequent permit year, to the owner of a permitted vessel that is registered with the department pursuant to **Section 7881**.

**Comment.** Section 28130 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8233.3 without substantive change.

### § 28135. Change of ownership of vessel

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- 28135. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the department shall change the designation of the holder of a permit to the new owner of a permitted vessel upon receipt of a notice of change of ownership of the permitted vessel, whether the change of ownership is by contract, by operation of law, or otherwise.
- (b) The permit shall not be transferred to any other vessel, except by the issuance of a permit for use of the replacement vessel pursuant to subdivision (c) and Sections 8239 to 8241, inclusive.
- (c) The owner of the permitted vessel may seek to retire the permitted vessel from the commercial salmon fishery and apply for transfer of the permit, to be issued pursuant to **Section 8241**, for use of a replacement vessel.
- (d) A permit changed pursuant to this section is valid for the permit year during which it is issued.
- (e) Upon change of the designation of the holder of the permit, all rights, privileges, and obligations of a permit holder, including rights of renewal, are transferred to the new owner of the permitted vessel.
- **Comment.** Section 28135 combines and restates former Fish and Game Code Sections 8233.5 and 8237 without substantive change.
- Staff Note. Proposed Section 28135 is intended to combine and restate existing Fish and Game Code Sections 8233.5 and 8237 to improve their clarity, without changing their substantive effect. The existing provisions read as follows:
- "8233.5. Except as otherwise provided in this article, the department shall change the designation of the holder of a permit, and with it shall go all rights, privileges, and obligations of a permit holder, including rights of renewal, upon receipt of a notice of change of ownership to a new owner of a permitted vessel upon change of ownership in the permitted vessel. A permit changed pursuant to this section is valid for the permit year during which it is issued.
- 8237. (a) The department shall change the designation of the holder of a permit to the new owner of a permitted vessel upon change of ownership of the permitted vessel, whether the change of ownership is by contract, by operation of law, or otherwise.
- (b) The permit shall not be transferred to any other vessel, except by the issuance of a permit for use of the replacement vessel pursuant to subdivision (c) and Sections 8239 to 8241, inclusive.
- (c) The owner of the permitted vessel may seek to retire the permitted vessel from the commercial salmon fishery and apply for transfer of the permit, to be issued pursuant to Section 8241, for use of a replacement vessel."
- The staff invites comment on whether the proposed combining and restatement would cause any substantive change in the meaning of the provisions.

## § 28140. Replacement vessel permit

28140. A transfer may be approved and a permit issued for use of a replacement vessel pursuant to **Section 8241** under all of the following conditions:

(a) The vessel owner submits a written request for the transfer to the department on a form provided by the department and pays a nonrefundable transfer fee of two hundred dollars (\$200).

- (b) The permit for the permitted vessel is current, and the owner of the permitted vessel makes assurances in the application that any renewal of the permit which becomes due during the application processing period will be made.
- (c) The owner of the permitted vessel submits evidence with the application sufficient to establish that he or she is the owner of the permitted vessel at the time of the application for the transfer.
- (d) The vessel owner submits evidence with the application sufficient, in the judgment of the review board and the department, to establish that the replacement vessel has the same fishing potential as, or less fishing potential than, the permitted vessel.
- (e) Under penalty of perjury, the vessel owner signs the application for transfer and certifies that the included information is true to the best of his or her information and belief.
- (f) The same transfer has not been requested within the previous 12 months or the same transfer has not previously been denied and that denial is final, unless the application or supporting information are different than that contained in the previous application, as determined by the department and after consultation with the review board.
- (g) The permittee has 50 percent or greater ownership interest in the permitted vessel and in the replacement vessel. For purposes of this subdivision and subdivision (h), "permittee" means an individual designated as the owner of the permitted vessel.
- (h) Except as provided in **Section 8239.1 or paragraph (5) of subdivision (a) of Section 8246.7**, the permittee has maintained a 50 percent or greater ownership interest in the permitted vessel for not less than 18 months prior to the date of the transfer and the permit for use of the permitted vessel has been maintained for that vessel and has not been previously transferred less than 18 months prior to the date of the transfer.
- (i) The permittee has written authority from the legal owner, if other than the permittee or mortgager, if any, to transfer the vessel permit from the permitted vessel.
- (j) The department determines, after consultation with the review board, the following:
- (1) The replacement vessel has the same fishing potential as, or less fishing potential than, the permitted vessel. The review board and the department shall consider the type of fishery the vessel was previously used in and the vessel's highest and best use by a prudent operator, and the review board shall make written findings on those facts.

- (2) The replacement vessel's fishing potential will not substantially increase fishing capacity over that which resulted from the operation of the permitted vessel.
  - (3) The applicant owns the replacement vessel.

- (4) The conditions in this chapter are satisfied.
- **Comment.** Subdivisions (a) through (i) of Section 28140 continue former Fish and Game Code Section 8239 without substantive change.
- 8 Subdivision (j) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8241 without substantive change.

## § 28145. Fishing potential classification system for replacement vessels

- 28145. (a) The department, in consultation with the review board, shall establish and adopt, in the manner prescribed in **Section 8238.3**, a vessel classification system to determine the fishing potential of replacement vessels for applications for transferred permits to be issued pursuant to **Section 8241**, including consideration of how the vessel from which the permit is sought to be transferred was used, the vessel's highest and best use by a prudent operator, and the fishing potential of prospective vessels for applications for new, original permits.
- (b) The vessel classification system shall be used by the department in consultation with the review board for issuance of new original vessel permits pursuant to **Section 8243** and as a guideline for the review board in making its recommendations to the department on vessel permit transfers.
- Comment. Subdivision (a) of Section 28145 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8238 without substantive change.
- Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8238.1 without substantive change.

## § 28150. Request for review of vessel before submission of transfer application

- 28150. Notwithstanding **Section 8239, 8239.1, or 8239.2**, any person may request the review board to determine the fishing potential of any permitted vessel or any replacement vessel before a transfer application for a permit for use of a replacement vessel is submitted to the department. The person making a request under this subdivision is not required to be the owner of either vessel. A determination under this subdivision is not binding on the review board or the department and is only advisory.
- Comment. Section 28150 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8239.9 without substantive change.

#### § 28155. Transfer application based on lost, stolen, or destroyed vessel

28155. (a) Unless otherwise prohibited, the department shall accept a transfer application within one year after the date that a permitted vessel was lost, stolen, or destroyed, notwithstanding any inability to physically examine the permitted vessel to determine its salmon fishing potential. Only the permittee at the time of the loss, theft, or destruction of the vessel may apply for the transfer of the vessel

- permit. Proof that a vessel is lost, stolen, or destroyed shall be in the form of a copy of the report filed with the United States Coast Guard or any other law enforcement agency or fire department investigating the loss.
- (b) The owner, or the owner's agent, may request an extension of the time to complete a transfer under subdivision (a) if the application for extension is submitted before the end of the time to submit an application under subdivision (a), or before the end of any previous extensions granted under this subdivision, whichever date is later.
- (c) The department, after consultation with the review board and for good cause shown, including, but not limited to, inability to find a replacement vessel or pending litigation, may grant an extension of the time to complete a transfer under subdivision (a) for a period of six months. The department may grant further extensions under this subdivision, not to exceed a total time period of five years after the date the permitted vessel was lost, stolen, or destroyed if the permit fees are paid annually as required in paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 8239 and subdivision (c) of Section 8240.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the department shall not issue a permit for use of a replacement vessel if any of the following circumstances exist:
- (1) The permitted vessel was reported as lost, stolen, or destroyed by fraudulent means, or for fraudulent purposes.
- (2) The permit application contains or is accompanied with fraudulent or willfully misleading information.
- (3) The permit for the permitted vessel expires and is not renewed. Except as provided in **Section 8235**, an owner of a permitted vessel shall renew the permit before the expiration date even if that owner has a transfer application pending.
- (e) The department may refuse to issue a permit for use of a replacement vessel, or issue a permit to a new owner of a permitted vessel, on any grounds for which a permit may be suspended or revoked.
- **Comment.** Subdivisions (a) through (c) of Section 28155 continue former Fish and Game Code Section 8239.1 without substantive change.
- Subdivisions (d) and (e) continue former Fish and Game Code Section 8240 without substantive change.

## § 28160. Issuance of replacement vessel permit

28160. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the department shall issue a permit, upon payment of the transfer fees pursuant to **subdivision** (a) of Section 8239 and surrender to the department of the permit for the use of the permitted vessel, to the owner of a replacement vessel that is registered with the department pursuant to Section 7881, if the transfer has been approved pursuant to Section 8241.

**Comment.** Section 28160 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8233.4 without substantive change.

#### § 28165. Term of permit for replacement vehicle

- 28165. A permit issued for the use of a replacement vessel under **Section 8241** is valid for the balance of the permit year for which the permit for the use of the permitted vessel was originally issued or last renewed, and the permit issued under this section authorizes the use of the replacement vessel only for that period.
- **Comment.** Section 28165 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8239.6 without substantive change.

## § 28170. Revocation of permit based on fraud

- 28170. The commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing and consultation with the review board, shall revoke a commercial salmon vessel permit issued pursuant to this chapter if the vessel permit was obtained by fraudulent means.
- **Comment.** Section 28170 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8246.4 without substantive change.

## § 28175. Appeal of revocation or denial or permit transfer

- 28175. A person whose commercial salmon fishing vessel permit is revoked by the commission or who has been denied a permit transfer may appeal the revocation or denial to the commission by submitting the appeal in writing to the commission within 60 days of the decision.
- Comment. Section 28175 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8246.6 without change.

#### § 28180. Reversal of revocation order or denial of permit renewal or transfer

- 28180. (a) The commission shall reverse an order of revocation, order the permit renewed, or order the approval of a permit transfer only if it finds one of the following grounds:
- (1) The permittee failed to submit an application and pay the fees for renewal on or before April 30 pursuant to **Section 8235** and the failure to renew a permit until after the expiration date was due to death, physical illness, mental incapacity, or being called to active military duty, and the person was not reasonably able to have an agent renew the permit.
- (2) A lienholder of a permitted vessel, if the vessel is the property of the lienholder as a result of foreclosure, surrender, or litigation, can show loss due to the nonrenewal of a permit by the permittee, and the nonrenewal occurred without the knowledge of the lienholder.
- (3) If, in the case of permit revocation because of fraud, evidence is provided to the commission disputing the charges of fraud. If the commission finds there was no fraud after consideration of all of the evidence, the commission may order the revocation annulled, and, if the permit expiration date has passed during the pendency of the hearing on the appeal, the commission may order the department to renew the permit upon payment of the fees.

(4) The denial of the permit transfer was arbitrary or capricious.

- (5) The denial of the permit transfer was pursuant to **subdivision** (g) or (h) of **Section 8239** and the applicant can show that the 18-month requirement cannot be met due to death, physical illness, mental incapacity, or being called to active military duty.
  - (b) Each appeal shall be heard and considered separately on its own merits.
- **Comment.** Section 28180 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8246.7 without substantive change.

## § 28185. Suspension or revocation of commercial salmon fishing privilege

- 28185. (a) At any time after notice of an order suspending or revoking of a person's commercial salmon fishing privilege is issued by the commission, and before the order of suspension or revocation is final, the commission may, with the agreement of the person subject to the action, compromise or dismiss the action to suspend or revoke the commercial salmon fishing privilege in the best interests of the state, or the commission may compromise or dismiss the action with the agreement of the person subject to the action on terms and conditions, which may include, but are not limited to, the payment of civil damages, the reduction of a revocation to a suspension for a specified period of time, or any other terms and conditions.
- (b) The commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing and consultation with the review board, may suspend or revoke the commercial fishing privilege, authorized under a license issued for the purposes of **Section 7850 or 7852.3**, for any violation of a term or condition of an agreement to compromise or dismiss a separate suspension or revocation action which was made pursuant to subdivision (a).
- (c) If the commission orders a suspension or revocation of a person's commercial salmon fishing privilege, any permit issued pursuant to this chapter shall be renewed when the next renewal is due, or the permit shall expire as provided in **Section 8233**.
- (d) Civil damages imposed under **subdivision** (b) of Section 8246 shall be due and payable on or before a date which is 30 days after the compromise is entered into.
- (e) **Subdivision** (b) does not apply if an action is brought under **Section 2014** to recover civil damages from the person subject to action under this section.

**Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 28185 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8246(a) without substantive change.

Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8246(b) without substantive change.

Subdivision (c) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8246(c) without substantive change.

Subdivision (d) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8246.2(b) without substantive change.

Subdivision (e) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8246(d) without substantive change.

## § 28190. Determination of civil damages following suspension or revocation

- 28190. The commission, in consultation with the department and the review board, shall adopt regulations for the determination of civil damages provided for in **subdivision** (b) of Section 8246, which give due consideration to the appropriateness of the civil damages with respect to all of the following factors:
  - (a) The gravity of the violation.
  - (b) The good faith of the convicted licensee.
- 8 (c) The history of previous violations.
- 9 (d) The damage to the fishery.

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- (e) The cost of restoration of the fishery.
- 11 **Comment.** Section 28190 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8246.2(a) without substantive change.

## § 28195. Display of permit expiration date

- 28195. Each permit issued by the department shall display the expiration date on the face of the permit.
- 16 **Comment.** Section 28195 continues the second sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8233 without change.

## § 28200. Affixing of commercial fishing salmon stamp

- 28200. The first commercial fishing salmon stamp issued to an owner, or to that owner's agent, shall be affixed to the commercial fishing license of that owner or agent. Any additional commercial fishing salmon stamps issued to the owner or the owner's agent pursuant to **paragraph** (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 8234 for purposes of obtaining permits for use of additional commercial salmon fishing vessels shall be affixed to each additional vessel's registration issued pursuant to Section 7881.
- Comment. Section 28200 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8234(b) without substantive change.

## Article 2. Commercial Salmon Fishing Review Board

#### 29 § 28250. Creation of board

- 28250. There is in the department a commercial salmon fishing review board, which consists of five voting members appointed by the director.
- Comment. Section 28250 continues the first sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8247 without change.

#### § 28255. Legislative declaration

28255. The Legislature declares that individuals appointed as members of the review board shall be chosen from the commercial salmon fishing industry in order to represent and further the interest of the industry and commercial salmon fishing vessel owners, and this representation serves the general public interest.

1 **Comment.** Section 28255 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8247.5(a) without change.

### 3 § 28260. Adoption of regulations by director

- 28260. The director may adopt standards and criteria by regulation that shall be applied by the review board in carrying out its activities under this chapter.
- 6 **Comment.** Section 28260 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8247.7 without substantive change.

## 8 § 28265. Composition of board

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- 29265. (a) Three of the voting members of the review board shall be owners of permitted vessels appointed by the director from lists submitted by associations or groups representing commercial salmon fishing vessel owners.
- (b) Two of the voting members of the review board shall be owners of permitted vessels appointed by the director from lists submitted by individual commercial salmon fishing vessel owners.
- (c) Any voting member of the review board may appoint an alternate member to represent him or her at any meeting of the review board. The director may, within 60 days of the appointment, refuse an alternate member. The alternate shall serve at the pleasure of the member who appointed him or her and shall have all the powers and duties of a member of the commercial salmon fishing review board, except that the alternate shall only participate and vote in meetings in the absence of the member who appointed him or her.
- Comment. Section 28265 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8247.1 without change.

#### § 28270. Exemption of board members

- 25 28270. Each member of the review board is exempt from Section 87100 of the
- Government Code, unless the result of his or her actions taken as board members
- 27 has a material financial effect on him or her distinguishable from its effect on
- other members of the commercial salmon fishing industry generally.
- 29 **Comment.** Section 28270 former Fish and Game Code Section 8247.5(b) without change.

#### 30 **§ 28275. Member terms**

- 28275. The terms of the members of the review board shall be for staggered four year terms.
- Comment. Section 28275 continues the first sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8247.2 without change.

#### 35 § 28280. Removal of board member

- 36 28280. The director may remove a member of the review board for cause.
- Comment. Section 28280 continues the third sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section
   8247 without change.

#### § 28285. Member compensation

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- 2 28285. (a) Necessary and proper expenses shall be paid to review board members.
- (b) Each member, or any alternate member participating on behalf of a regular member in that member's absence, shall receive one hundred dollars (\$100) per
- 6 day, for each day of attendance and participation in meetings of the review board.
- 7 **Comment.** Section 28285 continues the second and third sentences of former Fish and Game 8 Code Section 8247.2 without substantive change.

## 9 § 28290. Meeting attendance by director or designee

- 28290. The director or a designee of the director shall attend meetings of the review board as a nonvoting member.
- 12 **Comment.** Section 28290 continues the second sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8247 without change.

#### § 28295. Function of board

- 15 28295. (a) The review board shall function as an advisory body to the department regarding implementation of the provisions of this chapter.
  - (b) The review board shall act by a majority vote of the members present and voting. The review board shall not act unless there is a quorum of the voting members, including alternate members in the absence of their appointing members, and the director or his or her designee if present.
- Comment. Section 28295 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8247.4 without substantive change.

#### § 28300. Duties of review board

- 28300. The review board shall do all of the following:
- (a) Consider and make recommendations to the department on requests for permit transfers.
  - (b) Recommend to the department, the number and classification of new vessel permits to be issued annually, if any, pursuant to **Section 8243**.
  - (c) Consult with and advise the commission as required by **Sections 8246**, **8246.2**, and **8246.4**.
- 31 (d) Consult with the department and advise on the establishment of the vessel classification system pursuant to **Section 8238**.
- Comment. Section 28300 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8247.8 without substantive change.

#### § 28305. Obligation of board members

- 36 28305. Members and alternate members of the review board shall act in the best
- interest of the state, the department, and the commercial salmon fishing industry.
- As members of the review board, no member or alternate member shall take any
- 39 action, because of his or her position, that results in a direct material effect on any

of them, distinguishable from its effect on other members of the commercial salmon fishing industry.

Comment. Section 28305 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8247.6 without change.

## CHAPTER 6. SALMON MANAGEMENT

#### § 28350. Department consultation

28350. (a) The department shall consult with the advisory committee and representatives of every user group known to the department on the progress being made in the development of the annual and long-term salmon management plans.

(b) For purposes of this section, "advisory committee" means the Advisory Committee on Salmon and Steelhead Trout, established pursuant to Resolution Chapter 141 of the Statutes of 1983, except that there shall be two additional members appointed by the Joint Committee on Fisheries and Aquaculture after consultation with the Director of Fish and Game and the Fish and Game Commission.

**Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 28350 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7662 without change.

Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7660 without substantive change.

#### CHAPTER 7. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

#### § 28400. Take from commercial passenger fishing boat

28400. (a) If a commercial passenger fishing boat is used to take salmon or has salmon aboard, in ocean waters north of Point Arguello, there shall be on board that vessel a total number of commercial fishing salmon stamps sufficient to have at least one for the operator and one for each crewmember required by United States Coast Guard regulations, excepting an operator or a crewmember who is exempt from the commercial fishing salmon stamp requirement of **Section 7860**. The commercial fishing salmon stamps shall be affixed to either the commercial fishing licenses of the operator and the crewmembers or, pursuant to subdivision (b), to the commercial passenger fishing license. No person shall operate, or cause to be operated, a commercial passenger fishing boat in violation of this subdivision. Vessels permitted as commercial salmon fishing vessels pursuant to **Section 8234** are exempt from the requirements of this subdivision.

(b) Notwithstanding **Section 1053**, the department may issue to the owner or operator of a vessel licensed pursuant to this chapter, upon application and payment of the fees prescribed in subdivision (c) of **Section 7860**, one commercial fishing salmon stamp for the operator and not more than one additional commercial salmon stamp for each crewmember required by the United States Coast Guard regulations. The commercial fishing salmon stamps issued under this

subdivision shall be affixed to the vessel's commercial passenger fishing boat license issued pursuant to this chapter.

**Comment**. Section 28400 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7925 without substantive change.

- Staff Note. Existing Fish and Game Code Section 7925(a) (which would be continued by proposed Section 28400(a)) requires there to be on board a described vessel commercial fishing salmon stamps sufficient for the operator and each crewmember, excepting an operator or a crewmember who is exempt from the similar requirement stated in "subdivision (b) of Section 7860." However, the reference to "subdivision (b) of Section 7860" is ambiguous, as that subdivision cross-references other subdivisions in Section 7860 that also contain exemptions from the commercial fishing salmon stamp requirement:
- "(b) Except as provided in subdivision (f) or (g), the operator of a vessel on which salmon are taken for commercial purposes shall not permit a person on board that vessel while salmon are being taken or transported unless that person was less than 18 years of age or 70 years of age or more on April 1 of the current license year or that person has a commercial fishing salmon stamp affixed to the person's commercial fishing license.
- (f) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), one crewmember of a vessel for which a commercial fishing salmon stamp is issued pursuant to subdivision (e) may be aboard that vessel and take salmon for commercial purposes as a crewmember on that vessel without obtaining a commercial fishing salmon stamp under the following conditions:
- (1) The crewmember is designated by name and commercial fishing license number on a form furnished by the department before salmon are taken on the vessel when that crewmember is aboard.
  - (2) The crewmember has a valid commercial fishing license issued under Section 7850.
- (3) The commercial fishing salmon stamp for the crewmember is affixed to the form prescribed in paragraph (1) on which the vessel registration number of the vessel is entered and on which the crewmember who is exempted by this subdivision is designated by the last entered name and commercial fishing license number.
- (g) Persons who are exempt from the license requirements, or who are not required to be licensed, pursuant to Section 7850, are exempt from the requirements of this section."

The staff reads the exemption in existing Section 7925(a) as intended to apply to all persons exempted from the stamp requirement under any subdivision of Section 7860, and proposed Section 28400(a) would therefore revise the exemption in existing Section 7925(a) to refer to operators and crewmembers exempted from the commercial fishing salmon stamp requirement of "Section 7860."

The staff invites comment on whether this revision changes the intended meaning of existing Section 7925.

## § 28405. Use of landing tax

28405. All moneys received as a landing tax from persons who receive salmon from fishermen under the provisions of Article 7.5 (commencing with Section 8040) of Chapter 1 of Part 3 of Division 6 shall be used only for the purpose of propagating salmon.

**Comment.** Section 28405 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8055 without substantive change.

## § 28410. Missing adipose fin

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28410. (a) Notwithstanding any measurement requirements under this code, and to implement the department's salmon tagging program, any person in possession of a salmon with a missing adipose fin, the small, fleshy fin on the back of the fish between the back fin and the tail, upon request by an authorized agent or employee of the department, shall immediately relinquish the head of the salmon to the state, at no charge, for recovery of any coded-wire tag. The head may be removed by the fish owner or, if removed by the official department representative, the head shall be removed in a manner to minimize loss of salmon flesh and the salmon shall immediately be returned to the rightful owner.

(b) It is unlawful to intentionally conceal, cull, or release into the waters, a salmon with a missing adipose fin that is otherwise legal to possess.

**Comment.** Section 28410 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8226 without substantive change.

#### PART 17. SARDINES

## TITLE 1. SARDINES GENERALLY

#### § 28500. Provisions not exclusive

28500. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern sardines include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:

- 21 (a) **Section 7703**.
- 22 (b) **Section 8046**.
- 23 (c) **Section 8597**.
- 24 (d) **Section 8780**.
- 25 (e) **Section 8870**.
- 26 (f) **Section 10660.**
- 27 **Comment.** Section 28500 is new.

## TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

## Article 1. General Provisions

#### 30 § 28550. Application of title

- 28550. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
- Comment. Section 28550 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

## 1 § 28555. Declaration of legislative intent

- 2 28555. It is the intent of the Legislature that the sardine resource be managed with the objective of maximizing the sustained harvest.
- 4 **Comment.** Section 28555 continues the first sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8150.7 without change.

#### **§ 28560. Conformity with federal fishery regulations**

- 28560. The department shall manage the sardine resource in conformance with the federal fishery regulations as recommended by the Pacific Fishery Management Council and as adopted by the Secretary of Commerce.
- 10 **Comment.** Section 28560 continues the second sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8150.7 without change.

## 12 **§ 28565. Take or possession**

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- 28565. (a) Sardines may not be taken or possessed on any boat, barge, or vessel except pursuant to **Section 8150.7**.
- (b) This section does not prohibit the possession or use of sardines imported into this state under a bill of lading identifying the country of origin.
- (c) Imported sardines may be used for dead bait under regulations adopted by the commission.
- 19 **Comment.** Section 28565 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8150.5 without 20 substantive change.

#### § 28570. Revocation or suspension of license

- 28570. (d) Notwithstanding **Sections 12000, 12001, and 12002**, the commercial fishing license of the master of a vessel may be revoked or suspended by the commission, when requested by the department, for a period not to exceed one year, upon the second conviction in three years of the master or the master's agent, servant, employee, or any other person acting under the master's direction or control, for a violation of any provision of this article.
- (b) A master's license shall not be revoked unless both the first and second convictions are for a violation by the master or a violation occurring when the person convicted was acting as the master's agent, servant, employee, or acting under the master's direction or control.
- 32 (c) The master of a vessel is the person on board the vessel who is in charge of the vessel.
- Comment. Section 28570 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 12022.8(d)-(f) applicable to the provisions of this article, without substantive change.

## Article 2. Miscellaneous Provisions

#### 37 **§ 28600. Unloading for use in cannery**

28600. (a) No sardines intended for or used in any cannery shall be unloaded

- from any vessel, except at a weighing or measuring device approved by the Bureau of Weights and Measures.
  - (b) Those sardines shall be weighed by a public weighmaster licensed as an individual under the laws of this state, and a receipt as to that weight shall be immediately issued by the weighmaster to the commercial fisherman at the time of receipt of the products.
  - (c) Copies of the receipt shall be handled in the manner provided in Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 14300) and Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 14500) of Title 9.
- Comment. Section 28600 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 7702.1 applicable to sardines without substantive change.

#### § 28605. Compliance with use stated on landing receipt

- 28605. No person shall receive, possess, or sell sardines for any purpose except for that purpose specified on the fish receipt completed at the time of landing of those sardines pursuant to **Section 8043**.
- 16 **Comment.** Section 28605 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8154 without substantive change.

## PART 18. SHAD

#### TITLE 1. SHAD GENERALLY

#### § 28650. Anadromous fish

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- 28650. For the purposes of Part 2 (commencing with Section 25050), shad is an anadromous fish.
- 23 **Comment.** Section 28650 is new.
- Staff Note. Based on staff research, it appears that shad is an anadromous fish. The staff invites comment on whether that is correct.

#### § 28655. Provisions not exclusive

- 28655. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern shad include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:
  - (a) **Section 7361**.
- 31 (b) **Section 8437**.
- 32 **Comment.** Section 28655 is new.

#### § 28660. Importation of shad

- 28660. (a) Shad legally taken in another state that permits the sale of that fish may be imported into this state under regulations of the commission.
- 36 (b) Before the commission adopts any regulation pursuant to this section, a public hearing shall be held in the San Francisco or Sacramento area.

**Comment.** Section 28660 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 2363 applicable to shad without substantive change.

#### TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

## 4 § 28700. Application of title

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- 5 28700. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
  - **Comment.** Section 28700 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

#### 8 § 28705. Take with purse or round haul net

- 28705. Shad may not be taken with a purse or round haul net.
- 10 **Comment.** Section 28705 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8756 applicable to shad without substantive change.

#### § 28710. Use of net in waters upstream from Carquinez Bridge

- 28710. (a) It is unlawful for any person to use, operate, or assist in using or operating any net to take shad for a commercial purpose in any tidal waters lying upstream from the Carquinez Bridge, or to possess a net on a boat in those waters that is unlawful to use in those waters.
- (b) The punishment for a first violation of this section is a fine of not more than two thousand dollars (\$2,000), imprisonment in a county jail for not more than one year, or both that fine and imprisonment.
- (c) A second or subsequent violation of this section is punishable by a fine of not less than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) nor more than four thousand dollars (\$4,000), or imprisonment in the county jail for one year, or both that fine and imprisonment.
- Comment. Subdivision (a) of Section 28710 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8670 applicable to shad without substantive change.
  - Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 12002(b)(5) without substantive change.
- Subdivision (c) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 12003 without substantive change.

## PART 19. SHARKS

#### TITLE 1. SHARKS GENERALLY

#### § 28750. Provisions not exclusive

- 28750. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern sharks include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:
  - (a) **Section 7059**.
- 37 (b) **Section 8052**.

- 1 (c) **Section 8394.5**.
- 2 (d) **Section 8496**.
- (e) Article 16 (commencing with Section 8561) of Chapter 2 of Part 3 of Division 6.
- 5 (f) **Section 8664.67**.
- 6 (g) **Section 8597**.
- 7 (h) **Section 8598**.
- 8 (i) **Section 9027.5**.
- 9 (j) **Section 9051**.

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10 **Comment.** Section 28750 is new.

## § 28755. Take generally

- 28755. It is unlawful to take any white shark (Carcharodon carcharias), except under permits issued pursuant to **Section 1002** for scientific or educational purposes.
- 15 **Comment.** Section 28755 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 5517 without substantive change.

#### § 28760. Shark fins

- 28760. (a) As used in this section, "shark fin" means the raw, dried, or otherwise processed detached fin, or the raw, dried, or otherwise processed detached tail, of an elasmobranch.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, it shall be unlawful for any person to possess, sell, offer for sale, trade, or distribute a shark fin.
  - (c) Any person who holds a license or permit pursuant to **Section 1002** may possess a shark fin or fins consistent with that license or permit.
- (d) Any person who holds a license or permit issued by the department to take or land sharks for recreational or commercial purposes may possess a shark fin or fins consistent with that license or permit.
- (e) Any person who holds a license or permit issued by the department to take or land sharks for recreational or commercial purposes may possess, including for purposes of consumption or taxidermy, or may donate to a person licensed or permitted pursuant to Section 1002, a shark fin or fins consistent with that license or permit.
- (f) Nothing in this section prohibits the sale or possession of a shark carcass, skin, or fin for taxidermy purposes pursuant to **Section 3087**.
- Comment. Subdivisions (a) through (d) of Section 28760 continue former Fish and Game
  Code Section 2021 without substantive change. Subdivision (e) of former Section 2021 is
  obsolete and is not continued.
- Subdivisions (e) and (f) continue former Fish and Game Code Section 2021.5(a) without substantive change. Subdivision (a)(2) of former Section 2021.5 is obsolete and is not continued.

#### § 28765. Report by Ocean Protection Council

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- 2 28765. (a) The Ocean Protection Council shall submit an annual report to the
- 3 Legislature that lists any shark species that have been independently certified to
- 4 meet internationally accepted standards for sustainable seafood, as defined in
- 5 Section 35550 of the Public Resources Code, and adopted by the Ocean Protection
- 6 Council pursuant to Section 35617 of the Public Resources Code, including chain of custody standards.
- (b) The report required by subdivision (a) shall be submitted in compliance with Section 9795 of the Government Code.
- 10 **Comment.** Section 28765 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2021.5(b) without substantive change.

## TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

## CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

#### § 28800. Application of title

- 28800. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
- 17 **Comment.** Section 28800 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

#### CHAPTER 2. SHARK PARTS

#### § 28850. Shark fin or tail

- 28850. (a) Except as permitted by this code or by regulation of the commission, it is unlawful to sell, purchase, deliver for a commercial purpose, or possess on a commercial fishing vessel registered pursuant to **Section 7881**, a shark fin or tail, or part of a shark fin or tail, that has been removed from the carcass.
- (b) A thresher shark fin or tail that has been removed from the carcass and whose original shape remains unaltered may be possessed on a registered commercial fishing vessel, if the carcass corresponding to the fin or tail is also possessed.
- Comment. Section 28850 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7704(c) without substantive change.

#### CHAPTER 3. ANGEL SHARKS

#### § 28900. Measurement

- 28900. (a) Angel shark total length shall be measured from the anterior end of the head to the tip of the tail while the fish is lying in a position of natural repose.
  - (b) Angel shark alternate length shall be measured from the point where the leading edge of the first dorsal fin meets the back to the tip of the tail.

- (c) When measuring total length or alternate length, the tip of the tail may be laid flat against the surface of the measuring device.
  - (d) Angel sharks may be constrained from lateral movement during measurement by restraining devices approved by the department.
- Comment. Section 28900 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8388(b) without substantive change.

## § 28905. Size restrictions

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- 28905. (a) No female angel shark measuring less than 42 inches in total length or 15 1/4 inches in alternate length, and no male angel shark measuring less than 40 inches in total length or 14 1/2 inches in alternate length, may be possessed, sold, or purchased.
- (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), ten percent of the angel sharks in any load may measure not more than 1/2 inch less than the minimum sizes specified in this section.
- 15 **Comment.** Section 28905 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8388(a) without substantive change.

#### § 28910. Take in gill or trammel net

- 28910. (a) An angel shark taken in a gill or trammel net shall be landed (brought ashore) with at least one intact pelvic fin and the tail fin attached.
- (b) An angel shark taken in a gill or trammel net shall not be transferred to or from another vessel, except that an angel shark may be transferred to or from a vessel with a department observer on board. An observer shall observe and make a written record of that transfer.
- **Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 28910 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8388(c) without substantive change.
- Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8388(d) without substantive change.

#### CHAPTER 4. BASKING SHARKS

#### § 28950. Regulation

- 28950. (a) The commission may adopt regulations to manage basking sharks.
- 31 (b) A basking shark may not be taken commercially, unless the commission 32 adopts regulations for that activity and the taking is in accordance with those 33 regulations.
- Comment. Section 28950 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8599.4 without substantive change.

#### CHAPTER 4. LEOPARD SHARKS

#### **§ 29000. Groundfish**

- 29000. For the purposes of Part 9 (commencing with Section 26300), a leopard shark is a groundfish.
- **Comment.** Section 29000 is new. See 14 C.C.R. § 28.56.

#### 6 § **29005.** Take

- 29005. (a) A person shall not take, possess, sell, or purchase, for a commercial purpose, any leopard shark less than 36 inches in total length.
- (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), a leopard shark less than 36 inches in total length possessed by a person for aquarium display on or before January 1, 1994, may be retained by that person, if a letter declaring that the shark was legally obtained prior to January 1, 1994, is provided to the Sacramento office of the department, on or before January 1, 1995.
- **Comment.** Section 29005 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8388.5 without substantive change.

## CHAPTER 5. WHITE SHARKS

## § 29050. Take for commercial purpose

- 29050. (a) It is unlawful to take any white shark (Carcharodon carcharias) for a commercial purpose, except under a permit issued pursuant to **Section 1002** for scientific or educational purposes, or pursuant to subdivision (b) for scientific or live display purposes.
- (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), a white shark may be taken incidentally in a commercial fishing operation using set gill nets, drift gill nets, or roundhaul nets. White shark taken pursuant to this subdivision shall not have the pelvic fin severed from the carcass, until after the white shark is brought ashore. White shark taken pursuant to this subdivision, if landed alive, may be sold for scientific or live display purposes.
- (c) Any white shark killed or injured by any person in self-defense may not be landed.
- **Comment.** Section 29050 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8599 without 31 substantive change.

#### § 29055. Collection of data

- 29055. The department shall cooperate, to the extent that it determines feasible, with appropriate scientific institutions, to facilitate data collection on white sharks taken incidentally by commercial fishing operations.
- **Comment.** Section 29055 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8599.3 without change.

## PART 20. STURGEON

#### TITLE 1. STURGEON GENERALLY

#### CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

#### § 29100. Anadromous fish

- 29100. For the purposes of Part 2 (commencing with Section 25050), a sturgeon is an anadromous fish.
- **Comment.** Section 29100 is new. See 14 C.C.R. 27.90.

#### § **29105.** Provisions not exclusive

- 29105. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern sturgeon include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:
- 12 (a) **Section 7155**.
- 13 (b) **Section 7361**.
- 14 (c) **Section 7856**.
- 15 (d) **Section 15301**.
- **Comment.** Section 29105 is new.

## CHAPTER 2. TAKE, POSSESSION, OR SALE

#### § 29150. Take or possession

- 29150. (a) It is unlawful to take or possess for a commercial purpose, buy or sell, or offer to buy or sell, a whole sturgeon, or part of a sturgeon, including, but not limited to, its eggs, except as follows:
- (1) A sturgeon, part of a sturgeon, or sturgeon eggs, taken or possessed by, and the cultured progeny of, an aquaculturist who is registered under **Section 15101**, may be bought or sold subject to regulations of the commission.
- (2) A sturgeon, part of a sturgeon, or sturgeon eggs, taken commercially in another state that permits the sale of sturgeon, and lawfully imported under **Section 2363**, may be possessed, bought, or sold.
- (3) Sturgeon, or part of a sturgeon, taken pursuant to a sport fishing license, which is processed in accordance with **Section 7230**.
- (b) For purposes of this section, it is prima facie evidence that a sturgeon or part of a sturgeon is possessed for a commercial purpose, if the possession is of more than two times the sport bag limit.
- (c) Notwithstanding **Section 12002**, the punishment for a violation of this section is a fine of not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) nor more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), imprisonment in a county jail not to exceed one year, or both that fine and imprisonment.

(d) For conviction of a violation of this section, the court may order forfeiture of any device or apparatus that is used in committing the offense, including, but not limited to, any vehicle used or intended for use in committing the offense.

**Comment.** Subdivisions (a) and (b) of Section 29150 continue former Fish and Game Code Section 7370 without substantive change.

Subdivision (c) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 12006(a)(1) without substantive change.

Subdivision (d) continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 12157(c)(1)(C) applicable to sturgeon without substantive change.

Which would be continued by proposed Section 29150), the prima facie evidence rule in Section 7370(b) (which would be continued by proposed Section 29150), the prima facie evidence rule in Section 7370(b) (which would be continued by proposed Section 29150(b)) could be held unconstitutional, based on authority holding that a presumption in a criminal statute may not relieve the prosecution of its burden of proving each element of a charged offense beyond a reasonable doubt. See People v. Roder, 33 Cal. 3d 491, 658 P.2d 1302, 189 Cal. Rptr. 501 (1983).

On the other hand, application of the prima facie evidence rule might be appropriate in a civil or licensure proceeding based on a violation of Section 7370.

The staff is conducting further research on this issue.

#### CHAPTER 3. IMPORTATION

#### § 29200. Importation of sturgeon

- 29200. (a) Sturgeon legally taken in another state that permits the sale of that fish may be imported into this state under regulations of the commission.
- (b) Before the commission adopts any regulation pursuant to this section, a public hearing shall be held in the San Francisco or Sacramento area.
- **Comment.** Section 29200 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 2363 applicable to sturgeon without substantive change.

#### CHAPTER 4. STURGEON EGG PROCESSING

#### § 29250. Required license

- 29250. (a) Every person engaged in the business of canning, curing, preserving, packing, or otherwise processing, or dealing at wholesale in, the eggs of sturgeon for human consumption, shall obtain a sturgeon egg processing license from the department for that purpose. The license required by this title is in addition to any other license, permit, or other authorization required by this code or by any other provision of law.
- (b) Possession of a sturgeon egg processing license issued pursuant to this title authorizes the licensee to can, cure, preserve, pack, or otherwise process, or deal at wholesale in, the eggs of sturgeon if, and only if, the eggs are lawfully taken or lawfully possessed pursuant to **Section 7230 or 8371**.
- **Comment.** Section 29250 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 10000 without substantive change.

#### § 29255. License fee

- 29255. A sturgeon egg processing license shall be issued and delivered upon application and the payment to the department of a base fee of one hundred dollars (\$100), adjusted under Section 2780. The license shall be valid for a period of 12 months from the date of issuance.
- **Comment.** Section 29255 continues the first sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 10001 without substantive change.

#### § 29260. License term

- 29260. A sturgeon egg processing license shall be issued and delivered upon application and the payment to the department of a base fee of one hundred dollars (\$100), as adjusted under Section 2780. The license shall be valid for a period of 12 months from the date of issuance.
- **Comment.** Section 29260 continues the second sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 10001 without substantive change.

## § 29265. Required documentation

- 29265. Every person licensed pursuant to this chapter shall make a true and legible record of each transaction involving the eggs of sturgeon. This documentation shall show all of the following:
  - (a) The weight of the eggs received.
  - (b) The name and address of the person from whom the eggs were received.
- (c) If the eggs were obtained from a sturgeon that was artificially propagated by a person other than the licensee, the name and address of that person.
- (d) If the eggs were obtained from a sturgeon that was not taken by the licensee, the name and address of the person from whom the licensee obtained the sturgeon from which the eggs were obtained.
  - (e) The date of receipt.
  - (f) If imported into this state, the place where the sturgeon were taken.
- (g) Whether the eggs are to be processed by the recipient or sold by him or her to another for processing, and, if the eggs are to be sold for processing by another, the name and address of that person.
- (h) Any other information that the department may require and specify on any form provided.
- **Comment.** Section 29265 restates former Fish and Game Code Section 10002 without substantive change.
- Staff Note. Proposed Section 29265(b)-(d) is intended to restate existing Fish and Game Code Section 10002(b) to improve the clarity of that provision, without changing its substantive effect. The existing provision reads as follows:
- "10002. Every person licensed pursuant to this division shall make a true and legible record of each transaction involving the eggs of sturgeon. This documentation shall show all of the following:
- 42 (b) The name and address of the person from whom the eggs were received, and, if different,

the name and address of the person who artificially propagated the sturgeon from which the eggs were obtained or the name and address of the person from whom the sturgeon were received from which the eggs were obtained."

The staff invites comment on whether the restatement would cause any substantive change in the meaning of the provision.

#### § 29270. Retention and inspection of documentation

- 29270. (a) The documentation required by **Section 10002** shall be kept by the person or business holding the sturgeon egg processing license for a period of two years from the date of receipt of eggs, and shall be available for inspection during normal business hours by the department.
- (b) Any information received or requested by the department shall be confidential, and the records shall not be public records, except that the information contained in the records may be compiled and published as summaries in a manner that will not disclose the individual record or business of any person.
- **Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 29270 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 10003 without substantive change.
  - Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 10004 without change.

## § 29275. Punishment for violation

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- 29275. (a) Any person convicted of a violation of a provision of this chapter, or a violation of any other provision of this code or any regulation adopted pursuant to this code relating to sturgeon, shall be prohibited from engaging in the business of canning, curing, preserving, packing, or otherwise processing, or dealing at wholesale or retail in the eggs of sturgeon in this state, for one year from the date of the conviction.
- (b) Any person convicted of a second or subsequent violation of a provision of this chapter, or a violation of any other provision of this code or any regulation adopted pursuant to this code relating to sturgeon, within five years of another offense resulting in a conviction of a violation of any of those provisions, is prohibited from engaging in any activity for which a sturgeon egg processing license is required, for five years from the date of the last conviction.
- (c) The commission shall revoke any license issued pursuant to this chapter to a person who is prohibited from engaging in that business under this section. No sturgeon egg processing license revoked pursuant to this section shall be issued, reissued, or reinstated during the period of prohibition prescribed in this section.
- (d) It is unlawful for any person to obtain, or attempt to obtain, a sturgeon egg processing license pursuant to this chapter during the period of prohibition prescribed in this section.
- **Comment.** Section 29275 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 10005 without substantive change.

#### TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

## 2 § **29350.** Application of title

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- 29350. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
- **Comment.** Section 29350 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

#### § 29355. Required return to water if caught in net

- 29355. (a) Any sturgeon that is taken in any type of net shall, regardless of its condition, be immediately freed and removed from the net by the fisherman, and immediately returned to the water without further harm.
- (b) A commercial fisherman shall not have any sturgeon, whether dead or alive, in his or her possession, at any time when conducting netting operations or when going to or from those operations, except when releasing a sturgeon from a net.
- (c) The return of sturgeon to the water pursuant to this section is not deterioration, waste, or spoilage of fish for purposes of **Section 7704**.
- **Comment.** Section 29355 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8370 applicable to sturgeon without substantive change.

## § 29360. Use of net in waters upstream from Carquinez Bridge

- 29360. (a) It is unlawful for any person to use, operate, or assist in using or operating any net to take sturgeon for a commercial purpose in any tidal waters lying upstream from the Carquinez Bridge, or to possess a net on a boat in those waters that is unlawful to use in those waters.
- (b) The punishment for a first violation of this section is a fine of not more than two thousand dollars (\$2,000), imprisonment in a county jail for not more than one year, or both that fine and imprisonment.
- (c) A second or subsequent violation of this section is punishable by a fine of not less than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) nor more than four thousand dollars (\$4,000), or imprisonment in the county jail for one year, or both that fine and imprisonment.
- Comment. Subdivision (a) of Section 29360 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8670 applicable to sturgeon without substantive change.
- Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 12002(b)(5) without substantive change.
- Subdivision (c) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 12003 without substantive change.

## PART 21. SURFPERCH

## TITLE 1. SURFPERCH GENERALLY

#### § 29400. Provisions not exclusive

29400. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern surfperch include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:

- (a) **Section 10664.**
- 8 (b) **Section 10666.**

- (c) **Section 10667**.
- **Comment.** Section 29400 is new.

#### TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

## § 29450. Application of title

- 29450. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
- **Comment.** Section 29450 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

#### **§ 29455. Take**

- 29455. (a) Upon the recommendation of the director regarding management measures for surfperch of the family Embiotocidae, the commission may adopt regulations to manage the commercial surfperch resource and fisheries consistent with **Part 1.7** (**commencing with Section 7050**), including, but not limited to, adoption of changes to the prohibitions imposed under subdivision (b).
- (b) Except as may be authorized under subdivision (a), surfperch of the family Embiotocidae may be taken only between July 16 and April 30, except shiner surfperch (Cymatogaster aggregata), which may be taken, sold, or purchased at any time. Surfperch may be sold or purchased only between July 16 and May 10, except as may be authorized under subdivision (a). South of a line drawn east and west through Point Arguello, barred surfperch, redtail surfperch, and calico surfperch may not be taken for a commercial purpose, except as may be authorized under subdivision (a). Surfperch of these three species that have been taken north of the line during the open season and shipped south of the line may be sold or purchased under regulations that the commission may prescribe.
- Comment. Section 29455 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8395 without substantive change.

#### PART 22. SWORDFISH

## TITLE 1. SWORDFISH GENERALLY

#### § 29500. Provisions not exclusive

29500. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern swordfish include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:

- (a) Section 8385.
- (b) Article 16 (commencing with Section 8561) of Chapter 2 of Part 3 of Division 6.
  - (c) **Section 8684**.
- 11 (d) **Section 9029**.

**Comment.** Section 29500 is new.

#### TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

## § 29550. Application of title

29550. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.

**Comment.** Section 29550 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

#### § 29555. Permit requirement

29555. (a) A swordfish shall not be taken, possessed aboard a boat, or landed by a person, for commercial purposes, except under a valid swordfish permit. If more than one person is aboard the boat, at least one person shall have a swordfish permit issued to that person that has not been revoked or suspended, subject to regulations adopted by the commission.

(b) The fee for a permit issued pursuant to subdivision (a) is three hundred thirty dollars (\$330). This permit fee does not apply to the holder of a valid drift gill net shark and swordfish permit required under Article 16 (commencing with Section 8560) of Chapter 2.

**Comment.** Subdivision (a) Section 29555 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8394 without change.

Subdivision (b) continues the first sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8394.5 without substantive change.

Subdivision (c) continues the second sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8394.5 without substantive change.

Staff Note. The second sentence of existing Fish and Game Code Section 8394 (which would be continued by the second sentence of proposed Section 29555(a)) requires a specified person to have a swordfish permit that has not been revoked or suspended, "subject to regulations adopted by the commission." Is the quoted language meant to describe the basis for the referenced revocation or suspension (i.e., "revoked or suspended *pursuant to* regulations adopted by the Commission"), or is the quoted language meant as a caveat to the whole second sentence of

Section 8394 (i.e., "at least one person shall have a swordfish permit issued to that person that has not been revoked or suspended, *except as otherwise provided by* regulations adopted by the commission")?

The staff invites comment on the meaning of the clause "subject to regulations adopted by the commission."

## PART 23. TROUT

### TITLE 1. TROUT GENERALLY

#### CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

#### § 29600. Provisions not exclusive

29600. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern trout include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:

13 (a) **Section 2349.** 

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- 14 (b) **Section 2720.**
- 15 (c) **Section 2786.**
- 16 (d) **Section 7145.**
- 17 (e) **Section 7155.**
- 18 (f) **Section 7260.**
- 19 (g) **Section 7261.**
- 20 (h) **Section 8385.**
- 21 (i) **Section 15005**.
- 22 **Comment.** Section 29600 is new.

#### § 29605. Legislative declaration

- 29605. (a) The Legislature finds and declares all of the following:
- (1) California has the greatest biodiversity of native trout species of any state in the nation. Trout can be found in more than 18,000 miles of California's cooler streams. California's trout are the principal sport fish in 3,581 cold-water lakes and reservoirs.
- (2) Self-sustaining native trout populations in "Heritage Trout Waters" that retain and promote genetic trout diversity and overall sustainable watershed and ecosystem environmental health are state policy.
- (b) Funding for "Heritage Trout Waters" is a priority for the Hatchery and Inland Fisheries Fund.
- (c) The commission may designate "Heritage Trout Waters" to recognize the beauty, diversity, historical significance, and special values of California's native trout. The commission's designation shall meet both of the following criteria:
- (1) Only waters supporting populations that best exemplify indigenous strains of native trout within their historic drainages may qualify for designation.

- (2) Only waters providing anglers with an opportunity to catch native trout consistent with the conservation of the native trout may qualify for designation.
- (3) Any stocking of heritage trout waters shall meet the criteria established by Chapter 7.2 (commencing with Section 1725) of Division 2.
- **Comment.** Section 29605 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7260 without substantive change.

#### **CHAPTER 2. SHIPMENT OF TROUT**

## § 29650. Transport of trout

- 29650. (a) It is unlawful at any time to offer for shipment, ship, or receive for shipment, or transport from this state any trout taken in the waters of this state, except as provided in subdivision (b).
- (b) The following persons may personally transport from this state not more than one daily bag limit of trout:
  - (1) The holder of a nonresident sport fishing license.
- (2) A person on active military duty with the armed forces of the United States who possesses a valid angling license.
- (3) A person on active military duty with an auxiliary branch of the armed forces of the United States who possesses a valid angling license.
- **Comment.** Section 29650 restates former Fish and Game Code Section 2356 without substantive change.
- **Staff Note.** Proposed Section 29650 is intended to restate existing Fish and Game Code Section 2356 to improve the clarity of that provision, without changing its substantive effect. The existing provision reads as follows:
- "2356. It is unlawful at any time to offer for shipment, ship, or receive for shipment, or transport from this state any trout taken in the waters of this state, except that the holder of a nonresident angling license, or any person on active military duty with the armed forces of the United States or on active military duty with an auxiliary branch thereof who possesses a valid angling license, may personally transport from this state not more than one daily bag limit of trout."
- The staff invites comment on whether the restatement would cause any substantive change in the meaning of the provision.

## § 29655. Shipment of trout into area where season closed

- 29655. It is unlawful to ship trout into an area where the season is closed, unless the shipment is accompanied by a written statement containing the name and address of, and signed by, the person taking the trout, and countersigned, for the purpose of identification, by the agent of the carrier to whom the trout are offered for shipment.
- Comment. Section 29655 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2358 without substantive change.

# CHAPTER 3. TROUT AND STEELHEAD CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT PLANNING ACT OF 1979

## **§ 29700. Name of act**

29700. This act shall be known as the Trout and Steelhead Conservation and Management Planning Act of 1979.

**Comment.** Section 29700 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 1725 without change.

## § 29705. Declaration of policy

29705. The Legislature hereby finds and declares that it is the policy of the state to do all of the following:

- (a) Establish and maintain wild trout stocks that, to the extent possible, should be native fish, in suitable waters of the state that are readily accessible to the general public as well as in those waters in remote areas.
- (b) Establish angling regulations designed to maintain the wild trout fishery in those waters by natural reproduction.
- (c) Discourage artificial planting of hatchery-raised hybrid and nonnative fish species in wild trout waters or in other areas that would adversely affect native aquatic and nonaquatic species.
- **Comment.** Section 29705 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 1726 without change.

#### § 29710. Declaration of need

- 29710. The Legislature further finds and declares all of the following:
- (a) Hatchery production and stocking of California's waters started over 140 years ago and is an enduring part of California's history and attempts to steward its natural resources.
- (b) Sustainable and adaptive management provides and improves recreational angling opportunities while protecting and maintaining native and wild trout fisheries, other species, and their mutual habitat.
- (c) Management of the genetic diversity of California's native trout species is imperative.
- (d) Habitat restoration and the protection of cold water ecosystems are both of utmost importance to maintaining healthy wild trout populations, ensuring and promoting angler opportunities, and the sustainability of the inland trout fishery.
- (e) The department shall seek to provide and enhance diverse recreational angling opportunities in California.
- **Comment.** Section 29710 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 1726.1 without change.

## § 29715. Determinations by department

29715. (a) For the purposes of this chapter, "trout" includes steelhead trout.

- (b) The department, in administering its existing wild trout program, shall maintain an inventory of all California trout streams and lakes to determine the most suitable angling regulations for each stream or lake. The department shall determine for each stream or lake whether it should be managed as a wild trout fishery, or whether its management should involve the temporary planting of native trout species to supplement wild trout populations that is consistent with this chapter. In maintaining the inventory, the department shall give priority to those streams and lakes that have the highest biological potential for producing sizeable wild trout, which are inhabited by rare species, or where the quality of the fishery is threatened or endangered and take into consideration public use. The biological and physical inventories prepared and maintained for each stream, stream system, or lake shall include an assessment of the resource status, threats to the continued well-being of the fishery resource, the potential for fishery resource development, and recommendations, including necessary changes in the allowed take of trout, for the development of each stream or lake to its full capacity as a fishery, consistent with this chapter.
- (c) This section does not provide any public entity or private party with any new or additional authority to affect the management of, or access to, any private land without the written consent of the owner. Privately owned lakes and ponds not open to the use of the general public shall be subject to this section only with the written consent of the owner. This chapter shall not be construed as authorizing or requiring special treatment of adjacent land areas or requiring land use restrictions. It is the intent of the Legislature that this chapter should not diminish the existing authority of the department.
- (d) The department shall make the inventory maintained pursuant to subdivision (b) publicly available on the department's Internet Web site and the department shall continuously revise that inventory with the goal of reviewing every watershed once per decade.
- **Comment.** Section 29715 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 1726.4 without change.

## § 29720. Declaration regarding funding

29720. The Legislature further finds and declares that activities and programs mandated by this chapter are a continuation and perpetuation of the department's existing wild trout program and other programs, and as such they shall be funded from existing budgetary resources.

**Comment.** Section 29720 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 1726.5 without change.

#### § 29725. Declaration of intended development

29725. (a) In order to provide for a diversity of available angling experiences throughout the state, it is the intent of the Legislature that the commission maintain the existing wild trout program, and as part of the program, develop

- additional wild trout waters in the more than 20,000 miles of trout streams and approximately 5,000 lakes containing trout in California.
- (b) The department shall prepare a list of no less than 25 miles of stream or stream segments and at least one lake that it deems suitable for designation as wild trout waters. The department shall submit this list to the commission for its consideration at the regular October commission meeting.
- (c) The commission may remove any stream or lake that it has designated as a wild trout fishery from the program at any time. If any of those waters are removed from the program, an equivalent amount of stream mileage or an equivalent size lake shall be added to the wild trout program.
- (d) The department shall prepare and complete management plans for all wild trout waters not more than three years following their initial designation by the commission and update the management plan every five years following completion of the initial management plan.
- **Comment.** Section 29725 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 1727 without change.

## § 29730. Update of trout management plan

- 29730. (a) Every five years the department shall update the Strategic Plan for Trout Management published in November 2003 as necessary to guide the state's trout management.
- (b) The Strategic Plan for Trout Management shall be intended to ensure all of the following:
- (1) Thriving and self-sustaining, wild and native trout populations throughout their historic ranges.
- (2) Providing and improving angling opportunities for wild and native trout and other trout.
  - (3) Providing for the conservation of wild and native trout.
  - (4) Environmental sustainability and overall ecosystem and watershed health.
- (c) The Strategic Plan for Trout Management shall be guided by all of the following considerations:
- (1) Adaptively managing trout populations, including, but not limited to, stocking practices, to establish thriving and self-sustaining native and wild trout fisheries in wild trout waters and, where possible, in other waters.
  - (2) Increasing angler satisfaction.
  - (3) Ensuring appropriate age distribution of wild trout when appropriate.
- (4) Establishing ecologically and environmentally sustainable hatchery and stocking practices for native trout, including, but not limited to, the following:
  - (A) Hatchery and stocking practices consistent with this chapter.
- (B) Stocking plans shall include consideration of angler satisfaction and public use of, and access to, the waters for angling. This may include, but is not limited to, harvest and catch rates, including, but not limited to, trophy catch rates, the

- potential for high angler satisfaction, and where appropriate, put and grow stocking.
  - (C) Native trout shall be preferentially stocked when stocking is employed.
  - (D) Designing stocking plans to maintain and optimize the genetic diversity of trout populations and to be consistent with the direction provided by the strategic trout management team.
  - (E) Stocking plans for species listed in **Section 7261** shall not exceed the documented biological carrying capacity of the water or ecosystem.
    - (5) Integrating stakeholder involvement into the planning process.

- (6) Monitoring and evaluating management processes through angler surveys, public meetings coordinated with county fish and game commissions, or by other means.
- (d) The department shall prepare and complete trout management plans consistent with the Strategic Plan for Trout Management for all wild trout waters not more than three years following their initial designation by the commission. The department shall update the management plan every five years or as necessary following completion of the initial management plan. The department shall prepare trout management plans for other waters consistent with the Strategic Plan for Trout Management as appropriate.
- (e) Before implementation, the Strategic Plan for Trout Management produced by the department shall be reviewed by the strategic trout management team, the hatchery operations committee, and an ad hoc peer review committee convened by the department to ensure compliance with sound management practices, improved genetic diversity, and use of the best available scientific information.
- (f) The Strategic Plan for Trout Management and plans completed pursuant to subdivision (d) shall be publicly available on the department's Internet Web site.
- Comment. Section 29730 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 1728 without change.

## § 29735. Priority for stocking native hatchery-produced species

- 29735. (a) The department shall give priority to stocking native hatchery-produced species in California's waters, where stocking is determined to be appropriate by the department. Stocking of hatchery-produced fish is not appropriate in all of California's waters, including, but not limited to, stocking in California's waters that would adversely affect species listed under the federal Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.) or the California Endangered Species Act (Chapter 1.5 (commencing with Section 2050) of Division 3).
- (b) Hatchery-produced trout shall be stocked to support sustainable angling recreation and promote angler access to trout fishing, including, but not limited to, urban fisheries.

- (c) The department may provide outreach and educational materials to all anglers to promote awareness of environmental sustainability, ecosystem health, fish genetics, angling opportunities, and fish population management.
  - (d) Educational programs utilizing the hatcheries shall be encouraged.

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- (e) The department shall ensure that all trout stocked in waters of the state for recreational purposes are unable to reproduce through triploidy or other means, with the exception of fish planted into brood stock lakes, surplus brood stock planted according to fishery management decisions, fish planted to supplement waters that the department has determined to be genetically isolated from native fish populations, and native trout species produced for recovery and restoration within their native range.
- (f) The department may develop, conduct, and respond to regular angler preference and satisfaction surveys. This is not a substitute for a preferred scientific data collection and monitoring program that would facilitate adaptive management of California's inland trout fisheries.
- (g) The department shall review angling regulations periodically and adjust those regulations to ensure consistency with the strategic plan described in **Section** 1728.
- Comment. Section 29735 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 1729 without substantive change.

## § 29740. Intradepartmental strategic trout management team

- 29740. (a) By January 1, 2014, the department shall form an intradepartmental strategic trout management team to provide direction and oversee trout management statewide. Working under the framework of the Strategic Plan for Trout Management, the strategic trout management team shall direct and implement focused management and monitoring efforts for trout at the watershed level, in cooperation with local stakeholders.
- (b) The strategic trout management team shall be responsible for developing basin management plans that are conservation based and are consistent throughout California for inland watersheds.
- (c) The basin plans in subdivision (b) shall be reviewed by an ad hoc peer review committee, which may be convened under the guidance of the department's Science Institute to ensure compliance with sound management practices and utilization of the best available scientific information.
- Comment. Section 29740 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 1730 without 36 change.

1	CHAPTER 4. STEELHEAD TROUT				
2	Article 1. General Provisions				
3	§ 29800. Anadromous fish				
4	29800. For the purposes of Part 2 (commencing with Section 25050), a steelhead				
5	trout is an anadromous fish.				
6	Comment. Section 29800 is new.				
7 8	Staff Note. Based on staff research, it appears that a steelhead trout is an anadromous fish. See existing Fish and Game Code Section 6900 et seq.				
9	The staff invites comment on whether that is correct.				
10	§ 29805. Provisions not exclusive				
11	29805. This chapter includes some but not all provisions of this code that govern				
12	steelhead trout. Other provisions that govern steelhead trout include, but are not				
13	limited to, the following provisions:				
14	(a) Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 2761) of Division 3.				
15	(b) <b>Section 7149.2.</b>				
16	(c) <b>Section 7361.</b>				
17	(d) <b>Section 13005</b> .				
18	(e) <b>Section 15007</b> .				
19	Comment. Section 29805 is new.				
20	Article 2. Take				
21	8 200 FO H 1 41 - 41 - 41 - 41				
21	\$ 29850. Hook other than in mouth				
22	29850. (a) It is unlawful, in inland waters, to kill or retain in possession any				
23	steelhead that has not taken the bait or lure in its mouth.				
24	(b) Any steelhead hooked in inland waters other than in its mouth shall be				
25	released unharmed.				
26 27	<b>Comment.</b> Section 29850 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 5514 applicable to steelhead trout without substantive change.				
28 29	Staff Note. See discussion of the proposed revision of this section following proposed Section 27405.				
30	Article 3. Report-Restoration Card				
	Tanasa et respera reconstanten em u				
31	§ 29900. Required trout fishing report-restoration card				
32	29900. (a) In addition to a valid California sport fishing license and any				
33	applicable sport license stamp issued pursuant to this code, a person taking				
34	steelhead trout in inland waters shall have in his or her possession a valid				
35	nontransferable steelhead trout fishing report-restoration card issued by the				
36	department. The cardholder shall record certain fishing information on the card as				

- designated by the department. The month, day, and location fished shall be recorded before the cardholder begins fishing for the day and when the cardholder moves to another location listed on the back of the report-restoration card. The cardholder shall immediately record catch information upon keeping a steelhead trout and immediately record catch information regarding released steelhead trout whenever the cardholder finishes fishing for the day, or moves to another location listed on the back of the report-restoration card. The cardholder shall return the card to the department on a schedule or date established by the department.
- (b) The base fee for the card shall be five dollars (\$5) for the 2004 license year, which may be adjusted annually thereafter pursuant to **Section 713**. The funds received by the department from the sale of the card shall be deposited in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund, and shall be available for expenditure upon appropriation by the Legislature. The department shall maintain the internal accountability necessary to ensure that all restrictions and requirements pertaining to the expenditure of these funds are met.
- (c) The commission shall adopt regulations necessary to implement this section. These regulations shall include, but not be limited to, procedures necessary to obtain appropriate steelhead trout resources management information, a requirement that the card contain a statement explaining potential uses of the funds received as authorized by **Section 7381**, and a requirement that the cards be returned to the department.
- **Comment.** Section 29900 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7380 without substantive change.

#### § 29905. Use of revenue

- 29905. (a) Revenue received pursuant to **Section 7380** may be expended, upon appropriation by the Legislature, only to monitor, restore, or enhance steelhead trout resources consistent with **Sections 6901 and 6902**, and to administer the fishing report-restoration card program. The department shall submit all proposed expenditures, including proposed expenditures for administrative purposes, to the Advisory Committee on Salmon and Steelhead Trout for review and comment before submitting a request for inclusion of the appropriation in the annual Budget Bill. The committee may recommend revisions in any proposed expenditure to the Legislature and the commission.
- (b) The department shall report to the Legislature on or before July 1, 2016, regarding the steelhead trout fishing report-restoration card program's projects undertaken using revenues derived pursuant to that program, the benefits derived, and its recommendations for revising the fishing report-restoration card requirement, if any. The report submitted pursuant to this subdivision shall be submitted in compliance with Section 9795 of the Government Code.
- **Comment.** Section 29905 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7381 without substantive change.

#### 1 § 29910. Inoperative date of article

- 2 29910. This article shall become inoperative on July 1, 2017, and, as of January
- 1, 2018, is repealed, unless a later enacted statute that is enacted before January 1,
- 4 2018, deletes or extends the date on which this article becomes inoperative or is
- 5 repealed.

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6 **Comment.** Section 29910 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7382 without substantive change.

#### TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

#### CHAPTER 1. TROUT GENERALLY

#### 10 § 29950. Application of title

- 29950. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
- 13 **Comment.** Section 29950 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

#### 14 **§ 29955. Sale or purchase**

- 29955. Except as otherwise provided in this title, it is unlawful to sell or purchase any species of trout.
- 17 **Comment.** Section 29955 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8430 without 18 change.

## CHAPTER 2. STEELHEAD AND DOLLY VARDEN TROUT

#### § 30000. Taken from out of state

- 30000. (a) Dolly Varden or steelhead trout taken outside the state may be possessed and sold within the state after inspection and tagging in accordance with regulations prescribed by the commission.
- (b) The inspection and tagging shall be paid for by the person submitting the trout for inspection and tagging.
- (c) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), steelhead trout taken outside the state may not be sold or possessed in **District 1 1/2** in excess of the daily bag limit on steelhead trout for that district.
- Comment. Subdivisions (a) and (b) of Section 30000 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8431 without substantive change.
- Subdivision (c) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8432 without substantive change.

#### § 30005. Take with purse or round haul net

- 30005. Steelhead may not be taken with a purse or round haul net.
- Comment. Section 30005 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8756 applicable to steelhead without substantive change.

## § 30010. Use of net in waters upstream from Carquinez Bridge

- 30010. (a) It is unlawful for any person to use, operate, or assist in using or operating any net to take steelhead for a commercial purpose in any tidal waters lying upstream from the Carquinez Bridge, or to possess a net on a boat in those waters that is unlawful to use in those waters.
- (b) The punishment for a first violation of this section is a fine of not more than two thousand dollars (\$2,000), imprisonment in a county jail for not more than one year, or both that fine and imprisonment.
- (c) A second or subsequent violation of this section is punishable by a fine of not less than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) nor more than four thousand dollars (\$4,000), or imprisonment in the county jail for one year, or both that fine and imprisonment.
- **Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 30010 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8670 applicable to steelhead without substantive change.
- Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 12002(b)(5) without substantive change.
- Subdivision (c) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 12003 without substantive change.

## 19 PART 24. TUNA

## TITLE 1. TUNA GENERALLY

#### CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

#### § 30100. Provisions not exclusive

- 30100. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern tuna include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:
- (a) **Section 8046**.
- 27 (b) **Section 8385.**

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- 28 (c) **Section 10064.**
- 29 (d) **Section 10667.**
- 30 **Comment.** Section 30100 is new.

#### CHAPTER 2. TAKE OR POSSESSION

#### § 30150. Conformity with federal law

30150. The commission may prohibit the taking or possessing of tuna in the same manner as taking or possessing tuna is prohibited by federal law or by rules or regulations adopted pursuant to the Tuna Conventions Act of 1950, as amended by Public Law 87-814 of the 87th Congress, notwithstanding any other provision of this code.

Comment. Section 30150 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 313 without change.

#### TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

#### CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

## 4 § 30200. Application of title

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- 5 30200. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
- 7 **Comment.** Section 30200 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

## CHAPTER 2. SPECIFIC TYPES OF TUNA

## 9 **§ 30250. Albacore**

- 30250. Albacore may be taken at any time.
- 11 **Comment.** Section 30250 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8376 without 12 change.

## 13 **§ 30255. Bluefin tuna**

- 30255. (a) Bluefin tuna may be taken at any time.
- 15 (b) No bluefin tuna weighing less than 7 1/2 pounds may be sold, purchased, or processed.
- 17 **Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 30255 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8374 applicable to bluefin tuna without change.
- Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8375 without change.

#### § 30260. Pacific bonito

- 30260. (a) Pacific bonito shall be measured from the tip of the lower jaw to the center of the fork of the tail fin.
- (b) Pacific bonito less than 24 inches fork length or five pounds in weight shall not be taken or possessed on any vessel at any time for any commercial purpose, except as follows:
- (1) A load of bonito taken on a vessel by the use of round haul nets may contain 18 percent or less by number of bonito smaller than the minimum size.
- (2) A load of fish taken on a vessel by the use of gill nets or trammel nets may contain 1,000 pounds or less of bonito smaller than the minimum size per trip.
- (3) Pacific bonito smaller than the minimum size that are incidentally taken may be used for any purpose.
- 32 **Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 30260 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8377.5 without change.
- Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8377 without substantive change.

#### 1 § 30265. Skipjack

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- 30265. Skipjack may be taken at any time. 2
- Comment. Section 30265 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8378 without 3 change. 4

#### § 30270. Yellowfin tuna 5

- 30270. Yellowfin tuna may be taken at any time. 6
- Comment. Section 30270 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8374 7 applicable to yellowfin tuna without change. 8

## PART 25. YELLOWTAIL

## TITLE 1. YELLOWTAIL GENERALLY

#### CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

#### § 30350. Provisions not exclusive

- 30350. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern yellowtail include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:
- (a) **Section 8385.**
- (b) **Section 10664.**
- (c) **Section 10667**. 18
- Comment. Section 30350 is new. 19

#### CHAPTER 2. IMPORTATION

## § 30400. Delivery of yellowtail taken from waters off coast of Mexico

- 30400. (a) Yellowtail taken in waters lying south of the maritime boundary line between the United States and Mexico, with that maritime boundary line including, but not limited to, the federal Exclusive Economic Zone boundary, may be delivered to California ports aboard boats, including boats carrying purse seine or round haul nets, in accordance with those regulations as the commission may make governing the inspection and marking of those fish imported into this state. The cost of that inspection and marking shall be paid by the importer.
- 28
  - (b) Yellowtail taken in Mexico shall not be imported, unless legally taken and legally possessed, and a declaration is submitted to the department pursuant to Section 2353.
- Comment. Section 30400 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 2362 32 applicable to yellowtail without substantive change. 33

#### TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

#### § 30450. Application of title

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- 3 30450. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
  - **Comment.** Section 30450 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

#### 6 § 30455. Size restrictions

- 30455. (a) Yellowtail shall be measured from the tip of the lower jaw to the end of the longer lobe of the tail.
- (b) Yellowtail measuring equal to or greater than 28 inches in length may be taken with hook and line at any time.
- (c) Yellowtail measuring less than 28 inches in length may not be sold or purchased, except that not more than five yellowtail per day of any length may be possessed by the holder of a commercial fishing license for noncommercial use, if taken incidentally in commercial fishing.
- **Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 30455 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8386 applicable to yellowtail without substantive change.
- Subdivision (b) continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8382 applicable to yellowtail without substantive change.
- Subdivision (c) continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8384 applicable to yellowtail without substantive change.

#### § 30460. Possession restrictions

- 30460. From May 1 to August 31, inclusive, all of the following are unlawful:
- (a) Possession by one person on a boat, barge, or other vessel of more than 500 pounds of yellowtail.
  - (b) Possession by two or more persons on a boat, barge, or other vessel a combined weight of more than 500 pounds of yellowtail per person.
  - (c) Possession by five or more persons on a boat, barge, or other vessel a combined weight of more than 2,500 pounds of yellowtail.
- Comment. Section 30460 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8387 without substantive change.

## § 30465. Use of purse seines or round haul nets

- 30465. (a) It is unlawful to use any purse seine or round haul net to take a yellowtail.
- (b) It is unlawful to possess a yellowtail, except those taken south of the international boundary between the United States and Mexico, and imported into the state under regulations of the commission as provided in **Section 2362**, on any boat carrying or using any purse seine or round haul net, including, but not limited to, a bait net as described in **Section 8780**.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the department may issue permits to hook and line commercial fishermen to possess a bona fide bait net on

their vessels for the purpose of taking bait for their own use only.

**Comment.** Section 30465 continues the parts of former Fish and Game Code Section 8623(a), (b), and (e) applicable to yellowtail without substantive change.

Staff Note. The part of existing Fish and Game Code Section 8623(a), (b), and (e) that appears applicable to yellowtail would be continued by proposed Section 30465. (Subdivisions (c) and (d) of Section 8623, which relate to the use of gill nets, would be continued by proposed provisions located among other gill net provisions.)

However, because Section 8623 addresses multiple subjects, the intended meaning of existing subdivision (e) of that section (which would be continued by proposed Section 30465(c)) is potentially ambiguous.

Existing Section 8623 in its entirety reads as follows:

- "8623. (a) It is unlawful to use any purse seine or round haul net to take yellowtail, barracuda, or white sea bass.
- (b) It is unlawful to possess any yellowtail, barracuda, or white sea bass, except those taken south of the international boundary between the United States and Mexico, and imported into the state under regulations of the commission as provided in Section 2362, on any boat carrying or using any purse seine or round haul net, including, but not limited to, a bait net as described in Section 8780.
- (c) Gill nets with meshes of a minimum length of 3 1/2 inches may be used to take yellowtail and barracuda.
- (d) Gill nets with meshes of a minimum length of six inches may be used to take white sea bass; however, during the period from June 16 to March 14, inclusive, not more than 20 percent by number of a load of fish may be white seabass 28 inches or more in total length, up to a maximum of 10 white seabass per load, if taken in gill nets or trammel nets with meshes from 3 1/2 to 6 inches in length.
- (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the department may issue permits to hook and line commercial fishermen to possess a bona fide bait net on their vessels for the purpose of taking bait for their own use only.

As the only subdivision in existing Section 8623 that contains a reference to a bait net, or appears to have any relevance to bait nets, is existing Section 8623(b) (which would be continued by proposed Section 30465(b)), proposed Section 30465(c) would revise the clause in existing Section 8623(e) that reads "Notwithstanding the provisions of this section" to read "Notwithstanding subdivision (b)."

The staff invites comment on whether this revision preserves the intended meaning of existing Section 8623(e).

#### **DIVISION 9. INVERTEBRATES**

## PART 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

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3	<b>§ 30600.</b>	<b>Provisions</b>	not (	exclusive

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- 30600. Animals governed by this division are also governed by other provisions of this code, including but not limited to Division 5 (commencing with Section 5000).
- 7 **Comment.** Section 30600 is new.

#### § 30605. Scope of commercial provisions

30605. The provisions of this division that are expressly identified as commercial provisions apply to the taking and possession of invertebrates for any commercial purpose. Those commercial provisions do not apply to activities governed by **Division 12** (commencing with Section 15000).

**Comment.** Section 30605 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 7600 applicable to the provisions of this division without substantive change.

## § 30610. Take or possession in tidal area

- 30610. (a) Except as otherwise expressly permitted in this code, an invertebrate may not be taken, possessed aboard a boat, or landed for a commercial purpose by any person in any tide pool or tidal area, including tide flats or other areas between the high tidemark and 1,000 feet beyond the low tidemark, unless a valid tidal invertebrate permit has been issued to that person that has not been suspended or revoked.
- 22 (b) The taking, possessing, or landing of an invertebrate pursuant to this section 23 shall be subject to regulations adopted by the commission.
  - **Comment.** Section 30610 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8500 without substantive change.

## PART 2. ABALONE

## TITLE 1. ABALONE GENERALLY

#### CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

#### 29 **§ 30650. Mollusk**

- 30 30650. For the purposes of Part 9 (commencing with Section 33400), an abalone is a mollusk.
- 32 **Comment.** Section 30650 is new.
  - Staff Note. Based on staff research, it appears that an abalone is a mollusk. The staff invites comment on whether that is correct.

#### § 30655. Provisions not exclusive

- 30655. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern abalone include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:
  - (a) **Section 7856**.
  - (b) **Section 10664.**
- 7 (c) **Section 10666.**

- 8 (d) **Section 10667.**
- **Comment.** Section 30655 is new.

# 10 Chapter 2. Take

#### § 30700. Take from ocean waters

- 30700. (a) A person shall not take abalone from ocean waters unless he or she first obtains, in addition to a valid California sport fishing license and any applicable license validation or stamp issued pursuant to this code, an abalone report card, and maintains that report card in his or her possession while taking abalone.
- (b) The department or an authorized license agent shall issue an abalone report card upon payment of a fee of fifteen dollars (\$15) in the 2004 license year, which shall be adjusted annually thereafter pursuant to **Section 713**.
- (c) The commission shall adjust the amount of the fees specified in subdivision (b) as necessary, to fully recover, but not exceed, all reasonable administrative and implementation costs of the department and the commission relating to those licenses.
- (d) Notwithstanding **Section 12000(a)**, a person who violates this section is guilty of an infraction punishable by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) and not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or of a misdemeanor.
- **Comment.** Subdivisions (a) through (c) of Section 30700 continue former Fish and Game Code Section 7149.8 without substantive change.
- Subdivision (d) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 12000(b)(3) without substantive change.

## CHAPTER 3. IMPORTATION

#### § 30750. Requirements

- 30750. (a) Abalone or abalone meat legally taken outside this state may be imported into this state when accompanied by a United States customhouse entry certificate showing the place of origin, and a certificate or clearance from the responsible governmental agency to the effect that the shipment was made in compliance with the laws and regulations of the place or country of origin.
- (b) Abalone and abalone meat described in subdivision (a) may be possessed in this state, and shipped or transported out of the state, but all containers of that

abalone or abalone meat shall be marked with the abalone's place or country of origin.

Comment. Section 30750 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2371 without substantive change.

## CHAPTER 4. GEOGRAPHIC RESTRICTIONS

## § 30800. Moratorium on take, possession, or landing

 30800. (a) A moratorium is imposed on the taking, possessing, or landing of abalone (genus Haliotis) for commercial or recreational purposes in ocean waters of the state south of a line drawn due west magnetic from the center of the mouth of the San Francisco Bay, including all islands offshore the mainland of California, including, but not limited to, the Farallon Islands and the Southern California Channel Islands.

(b) It is unlawful to take, possess, or land abalone for commercial or recreational purposes in those ocean waters while the moratorium described in subdivision (a) is in effect.

**Comment.** Section 30800 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 5521 without substantive change.

#### § 30805. Commercial restriction on take

- 30805. (a) In addition to the moratorium imposed by **Section 5521**, and notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is unlawful to take abalone for commercial purposes in **District 6, 7, 16, 17, or 19A, in District 10** north of Point Lobos, or in **District 20** between Southeast Rock and the extreme westerly end of Santa Catalina Island.
- (b) For a person who is required to obtain a sport fishing license, the possession of more than 12 individual abalone or abalone in excess of the annual bag limit is prima facie evidence that the person possesses the abalone for commercial purposes.

**Comment.** Section 30805 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 5521.5 without substantive change.

- Section 5521.5 (which would be continued by proposed Section 30805). Subdivision (a) prohibits the *take* of abalone for commercial purposes in specified locations, whereas subdivision (b) provides that possession of a specified quantity of abalone by specified persons is prima facie evidence that the person *possessed* the abalone for commercial purposes. Is this discrepancy between the conduct constituting the violation specified in subdivision (a), and the conduct established by prima facie evidence pursuant to subdivision (b), intended?
- (2) Existing Section 5521.5(b) on its face applies only to persons who are required to obtain sport fishing licenses. However, some persons are permitted to engage in sport fishing without a sport fishing license (e.g., a person under the age of 16 years). Is Section 5521.5(b) meant to exclude such persons from the application of the provision, or is it solely meant to exclude commercial fishermen?
  - (3) In a criminal prosecution for unlawful take of abalone under Section 5521.5, the prima

facie evidence rule in Section 5521.5(b) (which would be continued by proposed Section 30805(b)) could be held unconstitutional, based on authority holding that a presumption in a criminal statute may not relieve the prosecution of its burden of proving each element of a charged offense beyond a reasonable doubt. See People v. Roder, 33 Cal. 3d 491, 658 P.2d 1302, 189 Cal. Rptr. 501 (1983).

On the other hand, application of the prima facie evidence rule might be appropriate in a civil or licensure proceeding based on a violation of Section 5521.5.

The staff is conducting further research on this issue.

### § 30810. Collection as broodstock by aquaculturist

30810. Notwithstanding **Sections 5521 and 5521.5**, a registered aquaculturist may collect abalone for broodstock, in accordance with **subdivision** (b) **of Section 15301**.

**Comment.** Section 30810 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 5521.6 without substantive change.

#### CHAPTER 5. PENALTIES

#### § 30850. Base punishment for violation

30850. (a) Notwithstanding **Section 12000**, and except as provided in **Section 12006.6**, the punishment for a violation of any provision of **Section 5521 or 5521.5**, or any regulation adopted pursuant to either **Section 5521 or 5521.5**, or of **Section 7121** involving abalone, is a fine of not less than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) or more than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000) and imprisonment in the county jail for a period not to exceed one year. The court shall permanently revoke any commercial fishing license, commercial fishing permit, or sport fishing license issued by the department. Any vessel, diving or other fishing gear or apparatus, or vehicle used in the commission of an offense punishable under this section, may be seized and may be ordered forfeited by the court pursuant to **subdivision (c) of Section 12157**. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the commercial license of any person arrested for a violation punishable under this section may not be sold, transferred, loaned, or leased, or used as security for any financial transaction until disposition of the charges is final.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the money collected from any fine or forfeiture imposed or collected for the taking of abalone for any purpose other than for profit in violation of this article or any other provision of law shall be deposited as follows:
  - (1) One-half in the Abalone Restoration and Preservation Account.
- (2) One-half in the county treasury of the county in which the violation occurred.

**Comment.** Section 30850 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 12009 without substantive change.

Staff Notes. (1) Existing Fish and Game Code Section 12009 (which would be continued by proposed Section 30850, immediately above) and existing Fish and Game Code Section 12006.6

(which would be continued by proposed Section 30855, immediately below) both specify punishment for a violation of either existing Section 5521 or 5521.5. However, the punishment specified under Section 12006.6 is to be imposed only if the violation occurs in a specially described location, and the person committing the violation has engaged in specified excess take.

Section 12006.6 provides that punishment under that section shall be imposed "in addition to Section 12009," suggesting Section 12006.6 is intended to *enhance* (i.e. add to) the punishment provided for under Section 12009. This construction of the two sections is also largely consistent with the punishments specified by the two sections, as the "base" punishment section (Section 12009) requires two aspects of punishment that are not part of the specified punishment under Section 12006.6 (jail time, and immediate revocation of any sport fishing license held by the offender).

However, the staff still has several questions about the intended interrelationship between the two sections:

- (1) Both sections provide for imposition of an identical fine not less than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) or more than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000). If it is correct that Section 12006.6 is intended to provide for enhanced punishment beyond that required by Section 12009, does that mean a person sentenced pursuant to Section 12006.6 can receive *double* that specified fine?
- (2) The punishments called for by the two sections do not make clear which construction of the two sections is intended. For example, both sections provide for exactly the same fine not less than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) or more than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000). Does this mean that a person sentenced pursuant to Section 12006.6 can receive that same fine *twice*? That result would seem odd, given that Section 12006.6 provides for *no* additional jail time beyond the jail time required by Section 12009.
- (3) Section 12009(b) provides (with emphasis added) that "[n]otwithstanding any other provision of law," the money collected from any fine or forfeiture imposed or collected for the taking of abalone for any purpose other than for profit in violation of this article or any other provision of law shall be deposited as follows:
  - (1) One-half in the Abalone Restoration and Preservation Account.
  - (2) One-half in the county treasury of the county in which the violation occurred."

However, Section 12006.6(d), a "provision of law" described by Section 12009(b), provides that "[n]ot less than 50 percent of the revenue deposited in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund from fines and forfeitures collected pursuant to this section shall be allocated for the support of the Special Operations Unit of the Wildlife Protection Division of the department and used for law enforcement purposes." It is unclear how these apportionment provisions are intended to be reconciled.

The staff invites comment on all these issues.

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#### § 30855. Enhanced punishment for take in closed area

30855. Notwithstanding **Section 12000 or 12002.8**, and in addition to **Section 12009**, and notwithstanding the type of fishing license or permit held, if any person is convicted of a violation of **Section 5521 or 5521.5**, and the offense occurs in an area closed to the taking of abalone for commercial purposes, and the person takes or possesses more than 12 abalone at one time or takes abalone in excess of the annual bag limit, that person shall be punished by all of the following:

- (a) A fine of not less than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) or more than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000).
- (b) The court shall order the department to permanently revoke, and the department shall permanently revoke, the commercial fishing license and any

- commercial fishing permits of that person. The person punished under this subdivision shall not, thereafter, be eligible for any license or permit to take or possess fish for sport or commercial purposes, including, but not limited to, a commercial fishing license or a sport fishing or sport ocean fishing license. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the commercial license or permit of a person arrested for a violation punishable under this section may not be sold, transferred, loaned, leased, or used as security for any financial transaction until disposition of the charges is final.
  - (c) Any vessel, diving or other fishing gear or apparatus, or vehicle used in the commission of an offense punishable under this section shall be seized, and shall be ordered forfeited in the same manner prescribed for nets or traps used in violation of this code, as described in **Article 3** (commencing with Section 8630) of Chapter 3 of Part 3 of Division 6, or in the manner prescribed in Section 12157.
  - (d) Not less than 50 percent of the revenue deposited in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund from fines and forfeitures collected pursuant to this section shall be allocated for the support of the Special Operations Unit of the Wildlife Protection Division of the department and used for law enforcement purposes.
  - **Comment.** Section 30855 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 12006.6 without substantive change.

# § 30860. Unlawful sale or purchase

- 30860. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a violation of **Section 7121** for the sale or purchase of abalone taken by a person required to be licensed pursuant to **Section 7145** is punishable by a fine of not less than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) or more than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000).
- (b) If the violation in question involved a person who knowingly purchased or received, for commercial purposes, abalone taken by a person required to be licensed pursuant to **Section 7145**, the violation is punishable by a fine of not less than seven thousand five hundred dollars (\$7,500) or more than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000).
- Comment. Section 30860 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 12022.3 applicable to abalone without substantive change.

# § 30865. Suspension of license or permit based on pending criminal charge

- 30865. (a) When a complaint has been filed in a court of competent jurisdiction charging a person with a violation that may result in suspension or revocation of any license or permit to take abalone for a commercial purpose, and no disposition of the complaint has occurred within 90 days after it has been filed in the court, the department may suspend the license or permit of that person.
- (b) Whenever the department proposes to suspend a license or permit under this section, notice and an opportunity to be heard shall be given to the licensee or permittee, before taking the action. The notice shall contain a statement setting

- forth the proposed action and the grounds for the action, and notify the licensee or permittee of his or her right to a hearing as provided in this section. Within 10 days after the receipt of the notice from the department, the licensee or permittee may request a hearing. The hearing shall be held by the commission at the next regularly scheduled hearing of the commission held more than 30 days after the notice of intent to suspend the license or permit was sent. The licensee or permittee shall be given 10 days' notice of the time and place of the hearing.
- (c) A decision shall be made within a reasonable time on whether the license or permit shall be suspended until the disposition of the complaint by the court. In determining whether to order the suspension, the commission shall consider whether or not the violation could have a detrimental effect on the resources and whether or not a suspension is in the best public interest, and shall find whether there is sufficient evidence that a violation has occurred. A failure to make a finding that there is sufficient evidence that a violation has occurred, or a finding there is insufficient evidence, shall terminate the proceedings under this section.
- (d) If the person is acquitted of the charges in the complaint, or the charges are dismissed, any suspension under this section is thereby terminated.
- (e) No complaint shall be filed in a court charging a commercial abalone violation unless evidence supporting the charge has been reviewed by the appropriate county or city prosecuting agency, and a criminal complaint has been issued by that agency.
- **Comment.** Section 30865 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 12022.10 without substantive change.

# § 30870. Revocation of license or permit upon conviction

- 30870. (a) The court shall order the department to permanently revoke, and the department shall permanently revoke, the commercial fishing license and any commercial fishing permit of any person convicted of either of the following:
  - (1) Taking or possessing abalone out of season.
- (2) Taking or possessing abalone taken illegally from any area north of Point Sur.
- (b) The court shall order the department to permanently revoke, and the department shall permanently revoke, the commercial fishing license and any commercial fishing permit of any person convicted of either of the following offenses, if the person possessed more than 12 abalone at the time of the offense:
- (1) Removing abalone from the shell, or possessing abalone illegally removed from the shell.
  - (2) Taking or possessing abalone that are less than the minimum size.
- (c) Any person whose license or permit is revoked pursuant to subdivision (a) or (b) shall not thereafter be eligible for any license or permit to take or possess fish for a sport or commercial purpose.
- **Comment.** Section 30870 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 12022.8(a)-(c) without substantive change.

# § 30875. Forfeiture of device or apparatus used

- 30875. For conviction of a violation of an offense that involves the sale, purchase, or possession of abalone for a commercial purpose, the court may order forfeiture of any device or apparatus that is used in committing the offense, including, but not limited to, any vehicle used or intended for use in committing the offense.
- **Comment.** Section 30875 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 12157(c)(1)(B) without substantive change.

# CHAPTER 6. RECREATIONAL ABALONE MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

# § 30950. "Program"

30950. For the purposes of this chapter, the following terms have the following meanings:

- (a) "Program" means the Recreational Abalone Management Program.
- (b) "Research" includes, but is not limited to, investigation, experimentation, monitoring, and analysis.
- (c) "Management" means establishing and maintaining an optimal sustainable utilization.
- Comment. Subdivision (a) of Section 30950 continues the third sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 7149.9(a) without change.
- Subdivisions (b) and (c) continue the second sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 7149.9(a)(1) without substantive change.

#### § 30955. Use of fees

- 30955. (a) Fees received by the department pursuant to **Section 7149.8** shall be deposited in the Abalone Restoration and Preservation Account within the Fish and Game Preservation Fund, which is hereby created. Notwithstanding Section 13340 of the Government Code, the moneys in the account are continuously appropriated, without regard to fiscal year, to the department to be used only for the Recreational Abalone Management Program.
- (b) At least 15 percent of the funds deposited in the account shall be used for program activities south of San Francisco. To the extent possible, participants in the management activities of the program in that area shall be former commercial abalone divers.
- (c) The department shall maintain internal accounts that ensure that the fees received pursuant to **Section 7149.8** are disbursed for the purposes of subdivision (a). Not more than 20 percent of the fees received pursuant to **Section 7149.8** shall be used for administration by the department.
- (d) Unencumbered fees collected pursuant to **Section 7149.8** during any previous calendar year may be expended for the purposes of subdivisions (a) and (b). All interest and other earnings on the fees received pursuant to **Section 7149.8**

- shall be deposited in the account and shall be used for the purposes of subdivisions (a) and (b).
- Comment. Subdivision (a) of Section 30955 continues the first two sentences of former Fish and Game Code Section 7149.9(a) without substantive change.
- Subdivisions (b) through (d) continue former Fish and Game Code Section 7149.9(b)-(d) without substantive change.

# § 30960. Program elements

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- 30960. The program shall include the following elements:
- (a) Research and management of abalone and abalone habitat.
- (b) Supplementary funding of allocations for the enforcement of statutes and regulations applicable to abalone, including, but not limited to, the acquisition of special equipment and the production and dissemination of printed materials, such as pamphlets, booklets, and posters, aimed at compliance with recreational abalone regulations.
- (c) Direction for volunteer groups relating to abalone and abalone habitat management, presentations of abalone related matters at scientific conferences and educational institutions, and publication of abalone related material.
- **Comment.** Section 30960 continues the first sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 7149.9(a)(1), and former Fish and Game Code Section 7149.9(a)(2) and (3), without substantive change.

#### CHAPTER 7. ABALONE RECOVERY AND MANAGEMENT PLAN

# § 31000. Declaration of legislative intent

- 31000. It is the intent of the Legislature that the commission undertake management of abalone in a manner consistent with the abalone recovery and management plan submitted pursuant to **Section 5522**.
- Comment. Section 31000 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 5520 without substantive change.

# § 31005. Elements of plan

- 31005. (a) On or before January 1, 2003, the department shall submit to the commission a comprehensive abalone recovery and management plan. The plan shall contain all of the following:
- (1) An explanation of the scientific knowledge regarding the biology, habitat requirements, and threats to abalone.
- (2) A summary of the interim and long-term recovery goals, including a range of alternative interim and long-term conservation and management goals and activities. The department shall report why it prefers the recommended activities.
- (3) Alternatives for allocating harvest between sport and commercial divers if the allocation of the abalone harvest is warranted.
- (4) An estimate of the time and costs required to meet the interim and long-term recovery goals for the species, including available or anticipated funding sources,

- and an initial projection of the time and costs associated with meeting the final recovery goals. An implementation schedule shall also be included.
- (5) An estimate of the time necessary to meet the interim recovery goals and triggers for review and amendment of strategy.
- (6) A description of objective measurable criteria by which to determine whether the goals and objectives of the recovery strategy are being met and procedures for recognition of successful recovery. These criteria and procedures shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (A) Specified abundance and size frequency distribution criteria for former abalone beds within suitable habitat not dominated by sea otters.
- (B) Size frequency distributions exhibiting multiple size classes as necessary to ensure continued recruitment into fishable stock.
- (C) The reproductive importance to the entire ecosystem of those areas proposed for reopening to harvest and the potential impact of each reopening on the recovery of abalone population in adjacent areas.
- (b) Where appropriate, the recovery and management plan may include the following:
  - (1) A network of no-take abalone reserves.
- (2) A total allowable catch, reflecting the long-term yield each species is capable of sustaining, using the best available science and bearing in mind the ecological importance of the species and the variability of marine ecosystems.
  - (3) A permanent reduction in harvest.
- Comment. Section 31005 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 5522(a) and (b) without change.

# § 31010. Funding of plan

- 31010. Funding to prepare the recovery and management plan described in Section 31005 and any planning and scoping meetings shall be derived from the fees collected for the abalone stamp.
- Comment. Section 31010 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 5522(c) without substantive change.

# § 31015. Action following adoption of plan

- 31015. (a) On or before January 1, 2008, and following the adoption of the recovery and management plan by the commission, the department may apply to the commission to reopen sport or commercial fishing in all or any portion of the waters described in **Section 5521**.
- (b) If the commission makes a finding that the resource can support additional harvest activities and that these activities are consistent with the abalone recovery plan, all or a portion of the waters described in **Section 5521** may be reopened and management measures prescribed and implemented, as appropriate.

(c) The commission may close or, where appropriate, may establish no-take marine refuges in any area opened pursuant to this section if it makes a finding that this action is necessary to comply with the abalone management plan.

**Comment.** Section 31015 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 5522(d) without substantive change.

# § 31020. Priority for previous commercial permittees

31020. If the commission determines that commercial fishing is an appropriate management measure, priority for participation in the fishery shall be given to those persons who held a commercial abalone permit during the 1996–97 permit year.

**Comment.** Section 31020 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 5522(e) without change.

# CHAPTER 8. RECREATIONAL ABALONE ADVISORY COMMITTEE

#### § 31050. Committee requirements

- 31050. (a) The director shall appoint a Recreational Abalone Advisory Committee, consisting of nine members who shall serve without compensation. The members of the committee shall be selected as follows:
- (1) Six members who are not officers or employees of the department. The six members shall be residents of California, and meet the following requirements:
- (A) Two members shall reside north of the southern boundary line of Marin County and a line extending due east from the easternmost point of Marin County located in San Pablo Bay. The two members shall be selected from nominations submitted by the Northern California Shellfish Assessment Program or by individuals or organizations that actively participate in the recreational abalone fishery, except that not more than one of the members selected shall be an active or former commercial abalone diver or involved in commercial seafood processing or marketing.
- (B) Two members shall reside south of the southern boundary line of Marin County and a line extending due east from the easternmost point of Marin County located in San Pablo Bay, and north of the boundary between Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo Counties and a line extending due east from the easternmost point in that boundary line. The two members shall be selected from nominations submitted by the Central California Council of Divers, the Southern California Shellfish Assessment Program, or by individuals or organizations that actively participate in the recreational abalone fishery, except that not more than one of the members selected shall be an active or former commercial abalone diver or involved in commercial seafood processing or marketing.
- (C) Two members shall reside south of the boundary between Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo Counties and a line extending due east from the easternmost

- point in that boundary line. The two members shall be selected from nominations submitted by the Greater Los Angeles Council of Divers, the San Diego Council of Divers, the Channel Islands Council of Divers, the Southern California Shellfish Assessment Program, or by individuals or organizations that actively participate in the recreational abalone fishery, except that not more than one of the members selected shall be an active or former commercial abalone diver or involved in commercial seafood processing or marketing.
- (2) One member shall represent the department in enforcement activities and shall be selected from personnel in the Wildlife Protection Division.
- (3) Two members shall be marine scientists who are or have been involved in abalone research at universities, state universities, or in state or federal programs. Not more than one of the persons shall be an officer or employee of the department.
- (b) No member shall be involved in or profit from the culture for sale (commercial aquaculture) of abalone.
- (c) The advisory committee shall meet at least once each calendar year to review proposals, and recommend projects and budgets to the director for the expenditure of fees received pursuant to **Section 7149.8**. The committee may review progress reports and the results of projects funded under this section, and make recommendations to the director regarding abalone resource management.
- **Comment.** Section 31050 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7400 without substantive change.

# CHAPTER 9. ABALONE RESOURCES RESTORATION AND ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM

# § 31100. Funding of program

- 31100. (a) Any landing tax collected pursuant to former Fish and Game Code Section 8051.3 shall be deposited in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund, and shall be used only for the Abalone Resources Restoration and Enhancement Program.
- (b) The department shall maintain internal accounts necessary to ensure that the funds are disbursed for the purposes in this section.
- (c) The department may use for administration no more of the landing tax collected pursuant to former Fish and Game Code Section 8051.3 than an amount equal to the regularly approved department indirect overhead rate.
- (d) Any interest on the revenues from the landing tax collected pursuant to former Fish and Game Code Section 8051.3 shall be deposited in the fund, and used for the purposes in this subdivision.
- (e) This section applies to the taking and possession of abalone for any commercial purpose.
- (f) This section does not apply to activities governed by **Division 12** (commencing with Section 15000).

1 2 3 4	Comment. Subdivisions (a) through (d) of Section 31100 continue former Fish and Game Code Section 8051.4(a) without substantive change.  Subdivisions (e) and (f) continue the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 7600 applicable to former Fish and Game Code Section 8051.4(a) without substantive change.
5	TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS [RESERVED]
6	PART 3. CLAMS
7	TITLE 1. CLAMS GENERALLY
8	CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS
9	§ 31200. Mollusk
10 11	31200. For the purposes of Part 9 (commencing with Section 33000), a clam is a mollusk.
12	Comment. Section 31200 is new.
13 14	Staff Note. Based on staff research, it appears that a clam is a mollusk. The staff invites comment on whether that is correct.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	§ 31205. Provisions not exclusive  31205. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern clams include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:  (a) Section 8597.  (b) Section 9050.  (c) Section 10500.  (d) Section 10711.  (e) Section 15005.  (f) Section 15401.  Comment. Section 31205 is new.
26	CHAPTER 2. PISMO CLAMS
27	§ 31250. Possession
28	31250. No pismo clam not in the shell may be possessed, except when it is being
29 30 31	prepared for immediate consumption.  Comment. Section 31250 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7290 without change.
32	§ 31255. Shipping
33	31255. No pismo clam taken in this state may be shipped.

**Comment.** Section 31255 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2368 without substantive change.

# § 31260. Importing

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- 31260. (a) Pismo clams taken outside this state may be imported into this state when accompanied by a United States customhouse entry certificate showing their place of origin, and a certificate or clearance from the responsible governmental agency to the effect that such shipment was made in compliance with the laws and regulations of the place or country of origin.
- (b) Pismo clams authorized for importation pursuant to subdivision (a) may be canned and shipped outside this state.
- (c) The commission may prescribe regulations governing the inspection and marking of pismo clams imported into this state. The cost of such inspection and marking shall be paid by the importer of the pismo clams.
- **Comment.** Section 31260 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2369 without substantive change.

# CHAPTER 3. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

# § 31300. Digging instruments

- 31300. No instrument capable of being used to dig clams may be possessed between one-half hour after sunset and one-half hour before sunrise, on any beach of this state, except tools and implements used in the work of cleaning, repairing, or maintaining a beach, when possessed by a person authorized by appropriate authority to perform that work.
- Comment. Section 31300 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7332 without substantive change.

# TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

# CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

# § 31350. Application of title

- 31350. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
- 30 **Comment.** Section 31350 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

# 31 CHAPTER 2. TAKE

# 32 § 31400. When take permitted

31400. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, in **Districts 8, 9, and 17**, clams may be taken between September 1 and April 30, and in other districts clams may be taken at any time.

**Comment.** Section 31400 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8340 without substantive change.

# § 31405. Commission regulation of take of freshwater claims for commercial purpose

31405. Notwithstanding **Section 200**, the commission shall regulate the taking of freshwater clams for commercial purposes.

**Comment.** Section 31405 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8475 without substantive change.

**Staff Note.** Existing Fish and Game Code Section 8475 (which would be continued by proposed Section 31405), is located in an article of the existing code entitled "Fresh-water Fish for Bait."

The staff invites comment on whether this section is intended to apply only to taking of freshwater clams for use as bait.

#### § 31410. Littlenecks, chiones and hard-shell cockles

- 31410. (a) All species of clams commonly known as littlenecks, chiones and hard-shell cockles, including thin-shelled littleneck, common littleneck, Japanese littleneck, rough-sided littleneck, smooth chione, wavy chione, and banded chione, may be taken at any time, except in the waters of Marin County, where they may be taken only between September 1 and March 31.
- (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), a clam listed in subdivision (a) that measures less than one and one-half inches in greatest diameter may not be taken, possessed, transported, or sold at any time.
- (c) The bag limit on clams listed in subdivision (a) is 50 per day, in the aggregate. Not more than one daily bag limit of clams listed in subdivision (a) may be possessed by any person during one day.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a clam listed in subdivision (a), when legally taken outside the state and brought within the state pursuant to this code, may be possessed, transported, and sold without restrictions, except that any shipment of clams listed in subdivision (a) into this state shall be accompanied by a bill of lading, or invoice, showing the species, total number or weight, and the origin of the clams.
- Comment. Section 31410 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8341 without substantive change.

#### § 31415. Northern razor clams

- 31415. Northern razor clams (Siliqua patula) may not be sold, except that Northern razor clams taken outside the state and brought within the state may be possessed, transported, and sold, without restriction.
- Comment. Section 31415 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8343 without substantive change.

#### § 31420. Pismo clams

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- 2 31420. It is unlawful for any person to sell or purchase a pismo clam taken in this state.
- 4 **Comment.** Section 31420 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8346 without substantive change.

#### 6 § 31425. Washington clams and gappers

- 31425. (a) In **Districts 1 1/2, 8, and 9,** the bag limit on Washington clams and gapers, sometimes known as bigneck clams, is 25 in the aggregate. In all other districts the bag limit is 10 Washington clams and 10 gapers.
- (b) No more than the daily bag limit may be possessed by any person during one day, except that a market or restaurant, where clams are sold to the public, may possess any number of Washington clams and gapers legally taken.
- (c) In **Districts 8 and 9**, the holder of a commercial fishing license who has in his possession a current daily written order for clams issued by a fish dealer or restaurant may possess any number of Washington clams and gapers legally taken, up to but not exceeding the number specified in the order.
- 17 **Comment.** Section 31425 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8342 without substantive change.

# 19 PART 4. CRAB

# TITLE 1. CRAB GENERALLY

#### CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

#### 22 **§ 31500.** Crustacean

- 31500. For the purposes of Part 6 (commencing with Section 32850), a crab is a crustacean.
- 25 **Comment.** Section 31500 is new.
- Staff Note. Based on staff research, it appears that a crab is a crustacean. The staff invites comment on whether that is correct.

# § 31505. Provisions not exclusive

- 31505. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern crab include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:
- 32 (a) **Section 8597.**
- 33 (b) **Section 8598.**
- 34 (c) **Section 8890**.
- 35 (d) **Section 9001.**
- 36 (e) **Section 9001.7**

(f) **Section 9012**. (g) **Section 9050**.

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3 **Comment.** Section 31505 is new.

# CHAPTER 2. IMPORTATION

# § 31550. Importation of crab meat

31550. Crab meat from outside the state may be imported into the state under regulations of the commission.

**Comment.** Section 31550 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2364 without substantive change.

# TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

# CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

# § 31600. Application of title

31600. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.

**Comment.** Section 31600 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

#### § 31655. Definitions

- 31655. Unless the provision or context otherwise requires, the definitions in this section govern the construction of this title.
- (a) "Dungeness crab" or "market crab" means crab of the species Cancer magister.
- (b) "Reconstruction" means major work on the hull of a vessel to make that vessel operable in the California crab fishery if that work may reasonably be expected to be of a duration that will preclude operation of that vessel in the crab fishery for the length of the crab season or longer.
- (c) "Rock crab" means any crab of the genus Cancer other than Dungeness crab and includes rock crab (Cancer antennarius), red crab (Cancer productus), and yellow crab (Cancer anthonyi).
- (d) "Under construction" means having plans and materials and proceeding with work toward the completion of an operational Dungeness crab fishing vessel.
- 30 **Comment.** Section 31655 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8275 without substantive change.

# CHAPTER 2. TAKE AND POSSESSION

# § 31700. Use of trawl or drag net

31700. (a) It is unlawful to take or possess more than 500 pounds of crabs on

- any boat on which any type of trawl or drag net is carried or operated.
- Comment. Section 31700 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8834 without
   substantive change.

# 4 § 31705. Concurrent take for commercial and sport purposes

- 5 31705. No vessel may be used to take and land crab for both commercial and sport purposes in the same day.
- Comment. Section 31705 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 9012(a) without change.

# 9 § 31710. Restrictions on eligibility to take crab

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- 31710. (a) Eligibility to take crab in waters of the state and offshore for commercial purposes may be subject to restrictions, including, but not limited to, restrictions on the number of traps utilized by that person, if either of the following occurs:
- (1) A person holds a California Dungeness crab permit with California landings of less than 5,000 pounds between November 15, 2003, and July 15, 2008, inclusive, as reported in California landings receipts.
- (2) A person has purchased a Dungeness crab permit on or after July 15, 2008, from a permitholder whose California landings were less than 5,000 pounds between November 15, 2003, and July 15, 2008, inclusive, as reported in California landings receipts.
- (b) This section shall become inoperative on April 1, 2019, and, as of January 1, 2020, is repealed, unless a later enacted statute that becomes operative on or before January 1, 2020, deletes or extends the date on which this section becomes inoperative or is repealed.
- Comment. Subdivision (a) of Section 31710 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.4(g) without substantive change.
- Subdivision (b) continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.4(h) applicable to former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.4(g) without substantive change.

#### § 31715. Crab meat and frozen crab

- 31715. Crab meat and frozen crab taken during the open season may be possessed, transported, and sold at any time, subject to the regulations of the commission. The cost of inspection and marking, under the regulations of the commission, shall be paid by the owner or seller of the crab or crab meat.
- Comment. Section 31715 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8281 without substantive change.

#### CHAPTER 3. DUNGENESS CRAB

# Article 1. General Provisions

#### 3 § 31750. Provisions not exclusive

- 31750. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern Dungeness crab include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:
- 7 (a) Section **6903.5.**
- 8 (b) Section **8598**.

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- 9 (c) **Section 9001.**
- 10 (d) **Section 9006**.
- 11 **(e) Section 9011**.
- 12 **Comment.** Section 31750 is new.

# § 31755. Prohibited sale of take from specified waters

- 31755. It is unlawful to sell any Dungeness crab taken in any of the following waters:
- (a) The Eel River and its tributaries, between the Pacific Ocean and the west line of Sec. 35, T. 3 N., R. 1 W., H. B. & M.
- (b) The Pacific Ocean, within a radius of one mile from the mouth of the Eel River.
  - (c) Humboldt Bay, including the entrance of that bay, and the Pacific Ocean within a radius of one mile from the extreme western point of the north jetty at the entrance of the bay, and for a radius of one mile from the extreme western point of the south jetty at the entrance of the bay.
  - (d) Trinidad Bay, the body of water within the area enclosed by a line running southeasterly from the westernmost point of Trinidad Head to the mouth of Luftenholtz Creek.
  - (e) Bodega Lagoon.
- Comment. Section 31755 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8279 without substantive change.

# § 31760. Take in Crescent City Harbor area

- 31 31760. Except as provided in **Section 8276.2**, Dungeness crab may not be taken 32 for commercial purposes in any district, or part of a district, lying within the 33 portions of Crescent City Harbor between the south sand barrier and the 34 breakwater.
- 35 **Comment.** Section 31760 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276(c) without 36 substantive change.

# 37 § 31765. Use of trawl or drag net south of Point Reyes

31765. It is unlawful for any person on a vessel on which any type of trawl or

- drag net is carried or operated to take or possess Dungeness crab, or to transfer
- 2 Dungeness crab to another vessel, south of a line extending due west, true, from
- 3 Point Reyes.

**Comment.** Section 31765 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8834.5 without substantive change.

#### § 31770. Size and sex restrictions

- 31770. (a) Except as otherwise provided, it is unlawful to take, possess, buy, or sell a male Dungeness crab of less than six and one-quarter (6 1/4) inches in breadth, or a female Dungeness crab of any breadth.
- (b) In any load or lot of Dungeness crabs, one percent or less in number may be less than six and one-quarter (6 1/4) inches and equal to or greater than five and three-quarters (5 3/4) inches in breadth.
- (c) The breadth of a Dungeness crab shall be measured by the shortest distance through the body from edge of shell to edge of shell directly from front of points (lateral spines).
- **Comment.** Section 31770 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8278 without substantive change.
  - Staff Note. Existing Fish and Game Code Section 8278 (which would be continued by proposed Section 31770) generally prohibits the take, possession, purchase, or sale, of undersized male Dungeness crabs, or female Dungeness crabs of any size, "except that not more than 1 percent in number of any load or lot of Dungeness crabs may be less than six and one-quarter (6 1/4) inches in breadth but not less than five and three-quarters (5 3/4) inches in breadth."
    - Is this exception intended to include female Dungeness crabs of the specified breadth?

# Article 2. Geographic Restrictions

# § 31850. Delayed opening season in Districts 6, 7, 8 and 9

- 31850. (a) If there is any delay ordered by the director in the opening of the Dungeness crab fishery in **Districts 6, 7, 8, and 9** pursuant to Article 4 (commencing with Section 31950), a vessel shall not take or land crab within those districts during any closure.
- (b) If there is any delay in the opening of the Dungeness crab season pursuant to Article 4 (commencing with Section 31950), the opening of the season in those districts shall be preceded by a 64-hour gear setting period, as ordered by the director.
- **Comment.** Section 31850 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.3(a) and (b) without substantive change.
- Staff Note. The staff invites comment on whether the prohibition in existing Fish and Game Code Section 8276.3(a) (which would be continued by Section 31850(a)) and the requirement in Section 8276.3(b) (which would be continued by Section 31850(b)) are limited in their application to only the Dungeness crab fishery, or are intended to apply to the take of *any* crab in Districts 6, 7, 8, or 9.

#### § 31855. Ocean waters

- 31855. (a) A person shall not take, possess onboard, or land Dungeness crab for commercial purposes from any vessel in ocean waters in **District 6, 7, 8, or 9** for 30 days after the opening of the Dungeness crab fishing season in California, if both of the following events have occurred:
- (1) The opening of the season has been delayed pursuant to state law in California.
- (2) The person has taken, possessed onboard, or landed Dungeness crab for commercial purposes, from ocean waters outside of **District 6, 7, 8, or 9**, prior to the opening of the season in those districts.
- (b) A person shall not take, possess onboard, or land Dungeness crab for commercial purposes from any vessel in ocean waters south of the border between Oregon and California for 30 days after the opening of the Dungeness crab fishing season in California, if both of the following events have occurred:
- (1) The opening of the season has been delayed pursuant to state law in California.
- (2) The person has taken, possessed onboard, or landed Dungeness crab for commercial purposes in Oregon or Washington prior to the opening of the season in California.
- (c) A person shall not take, possess onboard, or land Dungeness crab for commercial purposes from any vessel in ocean waters north of the border between Oregon and California for 30 days after the opening of the Dungeness crab fishing season in Oregon or Washington, if both of the following events have occurred:
  - (1) The opening of the season has been delayed in Oregon or Washington.
- (2) The person has taken, possessed onboard, or landed Dungeness crab for commercial purposes in California prior to the opening of the season in ocean waters off Oregon or Washington.
- (d) A person shall not take, possess onboard, or land Dungeness crab for commercial purposes from any vessel in ocean waters off Washington, Oregon, or California for 30 days after the opening of the Dungeness crab fishing season in California, Oregon, or Washington, if both of the following events have occurred:
- (1) The opening of the season has been delayed in Washington, Oregon, or California.
- (2) The person has taken, possessed onboard, or landed Dungeness crab for commercial purposes in either of the two other states prior to the delayed opening in the ocean waters off any one of the three states.
- (e) Notwithstanding **Section 12000**, a violation of this section does not constitute a misdemeanor. Pursuant to **Section 7857**, the commission shall revoke the Dungeness crab vessel permit held by any person who violates this section.
- **Comment.** Section 31855 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8279.1(a)-(e) without substantive change.

Staff Note. Existing Fish and Game Code Section 8279.1(e) (which would be continued by Section 31855(e)) provides that a violation of the section "does not constitute a misdemeanor."

Is this provision intended to provide that a violation of the section is not a crime at all?

# § 31860. Inoperative date of article

31860. This article shall become inoperative on April 1, 2019, and, as of January 1, 2020, is repealed, unless a later enacted statute that becomes operative on or before January 1, 2020, deletes or extends the date on which this article becomes inoperative or is repealed.

**Comment.** Section 31860 combines and continues former Fish and Game Code Sections 8276.3(c) and 8279.1(f) without substantive change.

# Article 3. Seasons Generally

# § 31900. Seasons

- 31900. Except as provided in **Section 8276.2**:
- (a) Dungeness crab may be taken for commercial purposes in **Districts 6, 7, 8, and 9** only between December 1 and July 15.
- (b) Dungeness crab may be taken for commercial purposes in all other districts only between November 15 and June 30.
- **Comment.** Section 31900 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276(a) and (b) without substantive change.

#### § 31905. Extension of season

- 31905. (a) The director may extend the Dungeness crab season in any district or part of a district, as provided in this section.
- (b) Before extending a Dungeness crab season, the director shall consider written findings of the department regarding the state of the Dungeness crab resource in the district, or part of a district, which consider, but are not limited to, population and maturity. The director may extend the season only if the written findings do not conclude that the extension will damage the Dungeness crab resource.
- (c) The director shall not extend the Dungeness crab season past August 31 in a district, or part thereof, north of the southern boundary of Mendocino County or past July 31 in a district, or part of a district, south of Mendocino County. The director shall order closure of the season at any time during the extension period if the director determines that further fishing will damage the Dungeness crab resource.
- **Comment.** Section 31905 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8277 without substantive change.

# Article 4. Delayed Opening Seasons

# § 31950. Authority of director to order delay

31950. (a) In **Districts 6, 7, 8, and 9**, the director may order a delay in the opening of the Dungeness crab fishery beyond December 1 in any year, pursuant to this article.

(b) The opening shall not be delayed beyond January 15 of any year.

**Comment.** Section 31950 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.2(a) without substantive change.

**Staff Note.** Existing Fish and Game Code Section 8276.2(a) (which would be continued by proposed Section 31950) authorizes the director to delay the opening of the Dungeness crab fishery in Districts 6, 7, 8, and 9 beyond December 1 of any year. Although the authority is contained in the first subdivision of a section that is otherwise about quality testing, Section 8276.2(a) does not expressly limit the director's authority to delay the opening based on the results of that testing.

Nevertheless, it is the staff's understanding that limitation on the director's authority is implied, and proposed Section 31950 would make that limitation express.

The staff invites comment on whether the director's authority under existing Section 8276.2 is so limited.

# § 31955. Authority of director to order quality testing

- 31955. (a) On or about November 1 of each year, the director may authorize one or more operators of commercial fishing vessels to take and land a limited number of Dungeness crab, for the purpose of quality testing pursuant to a testing program conducted by, or on behalf of, the Pacific States Marine Fisheries Commission, or by an entity approved by the department.
- (b) The entity authorized to conduct the approved testing program may test, or cause to be tested, crabs taken for quality and soft shells pursuant to the approved testing program.
- **Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 31955 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.2(b)(1) without substantive change.
- Subdivision (b) continues the second sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.2(c) without substantive change.

# § 31960. Testing guidelines

- 31960. For purposes of the testing program, the department shall develop guidelines after consulting with representatives of the California Dungeness crab industry, which shall include California delegates to the Tri-State Dungeness Crab Commission, members of the California Dungeness Crab Task Force, or both. The guidelines shall include the following:
- (a) Suggested guidelines for the management of the funds received from, but not limited to, the sale of the crab meat pursuant to Section 31970, including the suggested guideline that funds in excess of the program costs may be donated for charitable purposes.
  - (b) Guidelines for the testing program.

(c) Guidelines that establish measures to track crab caught for purposes of the testing program, including, but not limited to, the guideline that all crab caught and sold for the testing program shall be canned.

**Comment.** Section 31960 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.2(b)(2)(B) without substantive change.

# § 31965. Delay in season opening in Districts 6, 7, 8, and 9 based on testing

- 31965. (a) If the quality testing authorized in Section 31955 is performed and indicates the Dungeness crabs are not soft-shelled or of low quality, the director shall order that the Dungeness crab season in Districts 6, 7, 8, and 9 open on December 1.
- (b) If the quality testing authorized in Section 31955 is performed and results in a finding that Dungeness crabs are soft-shelled or of low quality, the director shall authorize a second test to be conducted on or about November 15, pursuant to the approved testing program.
- (c) If the second test results in a finding that Dungeness crabs are soft-shelled or of low quality, the director may order the opening of the Dungeness crab season in **Districts 6, 7, 8, and 9** delayed for a period of 15 days, and may authorize a third test to be conducted on or about December 1.
- (d) If a third test results in a finding that Dungeness crabs are soft-shelled or of low quality, the director may order the opening of the Dungeness crab season in **Districts 6, 7, 8, and 9** delayed for a period of an additional 15 days, and authorize a fourth test to be conducted.
- (d) The director may continue to follow this same procedure each time a test results in a finding that Dungeness crabs are soft-shelled or of low quality, except that tests shall not be conducted after January 1 for that season, and the opening of the Dungeness crab season in **Districts 6, 7, 8, and 9** shall not be delayed by the director beyond January 15.

**Comment.** Section 31965 restates the first, and third through sixth, sentences of former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.2(c), without substantive change.

**Staff Note.** Proposed Section 31965 is intended to restate the first, and third through sixth, sentences of existing Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(b)(4)(B) to improve the clarity of those provisions, without changing their substantive effect. The existing provisions read as follows:

"The director shall order the opening of the Dungeness crab season in Districts 6, 7, 8, and 9 on December 1 if the quality tests authorized in subdivision (b) indicate the Dungeness crabs are not soft-shelled or low quality.... If the tests are conducted on or about November 1 and result in a finding that Dungeness crabs are soft-shelled or low quality, the director shall authorize a second test to be conducted on or about November 15 pursuant to the approved testing program. If the second test results in a finding that Dungeness crabs are soft-shelled or low quality, the director may order the season opening delayed for a period of 15 days and may authorize a third test to be conducted on or about December 1. If the third test results in a finding that Dungeness crabs remain soft-shelled or of low quality, the director may order the season opening delayed for a period of an additional 15 days and authorize a fourth test to be conducted. This procedure may continue to be followed, except that tests shall not be conducted after January 1 for that season, and the season opening shall not be delayed by the director later than January 15."

The staff invites comment on whether the restatement would cause any substantive

# change in the meaning of these provisions.

#### § 31970. Sale of crab meet extracted for testing

- 31970. (a) The meat extracted from Dungeness crab tested pursuant to Section 31955 may be sold by the entity approved by the department to conduct the testing, and revenues from that sale may be used for purposes of managing the testing program.
- (b) Revenues shall be deposited in an account managed and overseen by the Pacific States Marine Fisheries Commission.
- **Comment.** Section 31970 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.2(b)(2)(A) without substantive change.

# § 31975. Inoperative date of article

- 31975. This article shall become inoperative on April 1, 2019, and, as of January 1, 2020, is repealed, unless a later enacted statute that becomes operative on or before January 1, 2020, deletes or extends the date on which this article becomes inoperative or is repealed.
- **Comment.** Section 31975 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.2(d) without substantive change.

# Article 5. Use of Traps Generally

#### § 32050. Use of traps

- 32050. (a) Subject to Article 6 (commencing with Section 8275) of Chapter 2, and Article 1 (commencing with Section 9000) of Chapter 4, Dungeness crab may be taken with Dungeness crab traps.
- (b) A Dungeness crab trap may have any number of openings of any size. However, every Dungeness crab trap shall have at least two rigid circular openings of not less than 4 1/4 inches, inside diameter, on the top or side of the trap. If both of the openings are located on the side of the trap, at least one of the openings shall be located so that at least one-half of the opening is in the upper half of the trap.
- (c) In **Districts 6, 7, 8, and 9**, no trap shall be used to take Dungeness crab if that trap is attached to another trap or other traps by a common line.
- **Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 32050 combines and continues the first sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8284(a) and former Fish and Game Code Section 9011(a)(1) without substantive change.
- Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 9011(a)(2) without change.
- Subdivision (c) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 9012(b) without substantive change.

# § 32055. Setting and baiting of traps

- 32055. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), crab traps may be set and baited 18 hours in advance of the opening date of the Dungeness crab season, if no other attempt is made to take or possess Dungeness crab.
- (b) Crab traps may be set and baited 64 hours prior to the opening date of the Dungeness crab season in **Districts 6, 7, 8, and 9**. Crab traps may be set and baited in advance of that opening date in those districts, if no other attempt is made to take or possess Dungeness crab in those districts.
- **Comment.** Section 32055 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8283 without substantive change.

# § 32060. Incidental take

- 32060. (a) Unless otherwise provided, any fish may be taken incidentally in crab traps being used to take Dungeness crab.
- (b) Subject to Article 6 (commencing with Section 8275) of Chapter 2, rock crab may be taken incidentally with a Dungeness crab trap used pursuant to Section 9011(a)(1) and (2) to take Dungeness crab, provided that the incidental taking occurs only during the season when it is lawful to take both species.
- (c) A rock crab taken incidentally with a Dungeness crab trap in non-compliance with **Article 6 (commencing with Section 8275) of Chapter 2** shall be immediately returned to the waters from which it was taken.
- **Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 32060 continues the second sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8284(a) without substantive change.
- Subdivisions (b) and (c) continue former Fish and Game Code Section 9011(a)(3) without substantive change.

# § 32065. Report to Legislature

- 32065. On or before January 1, 2013, the department shall report to the appropriate policy and fiscal committees of the Legislature the impacts, if any, of the changes made to **Section 9011(a) and Section 9011(b)** by Chapter 478 of the Statutes of 2009. The report shall include information about citations issued pursuant to **Section 9011(a) and Section 9011(b)** relating to both rock crab and Dungeness crab for the years 2010 to 2012, inclusive.
- **Comment.** Section 32065 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 9011(c) without substantive change.
  - Staff Note. The staff invites comment on whether existing Fish and Game Code Section 9011(c) (which would be continued by proposed Section 37365) is obsolete, and need not be continued in the proposed law.

# Article 6. Trap Limit Program

# **§ 32100. "Council"**

32100. For purposes of this article, "council" means the Ocean Protection Council established pursuant to Section 35600 of the Public Resources Code.

**Comment.** Section 32100 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.5(h) without substantive change.

# § 32105. Legislative declaration

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- 32105. (a) It is the intent of the Legislature that the department, the council, and the Dungeness crab task force work with the Pacific States Marine Fisheries Commission and the Tri-state Dungeness Crab Commission to resolve any issues pertaining to moving the fair start line south to the border of California and Mexico.
- (b) For the purposes of this section, the resolution of issues pertaining to the fair start line shall be limited to assessing the positive and negative implications of including **District 10** in the tri-state agreement, including working with the Tri-state Dungeness Crab Commission to amend Oregon and Washington laws to include **District 10** in the regular season fair start clause, and discussion of providing different rules for **District 10** with regard to preseason quality testing.
- 15 **Comment.** Section 32105 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.5(g) without substantive change.

# § 32110. Adoption of program

- 32110. In consultation with the Dungeness crab task force, or its appointed representatives, the director shall adopt a program, by March 31, 2013, for Dungeness crab trap limits for all California permits.
- Comment. Section 32110 continues the first sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.5(a) without change.
  - Staff Note. The staff invites comment on whether existing Fish and Game Code Section 8276.5(a) (which would be continued by proposed Section 32110) is obsolete, and need not be continued in the proposed law.

# § 32115. Program requirements

- 32115. Unless the director finds that there is consensus in the Dungeness crab industry that modifications to the following requirements are more desirable, with evidence of consensus, including, but not limited to, the record of the Dungeness crab task force, the program shall include all of the requirements of this article.
- Comment. Section 32115 continues the second sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.5(a) without substantive change.

#### § 32120. Tier requirements

- 32120. (a) The program shall contain seven tiers of Dungeness crab trap limits based on California landings receipts under California permits between November 15, 2003, and July 15, 2008, as follows:
- (1) The 55 California permits with the highest California landings shall receive a maximum allocation of 500 trap tags.
- (2) The 55 California permits with the next highest California landings to those in paragraph (1) shall receive a maximum allocation of 450 trap tags.

- (3) The 55 California permits with the next highest California landings to those in paragraph (2) shall receive a maximum allocation of 400 trap tags.
- (4) The 55 California permits with the next highest California landings to those in paragraph (3) shall receive a maximum allocation of 350 trap tags.
- (5) The 55 California permits with the next highest California landings to those in paragraph (4) shall receive a maximum allocation of 300 trap tags.
- (6) The remaining California permits with the next highest California landings to those in paragraph (5), which are not described in **paragraph** (1) or (2) of subdivision (g) of Section 8276.4, shall receive a maximum allocation of 250 trap tags.
- (7) The California permits described in **paragraphs** (1) and (2) of subdivision (g) of Section 8276.4 shall receive a maximum allocation of 175 tags. The tags in this tier shall not be transferable for the first two years of the program.
- (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the director shall not remove a permitholder from a tier described in that subdivision if, after an allocation is made pursuant to that subdivision, an appeal pursuant to Section EEE places a permitholder in a tier different than the original allocation.
- **Comment.** Section 32120 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.5(a)(1) and (a)(2) without substantive change.

Staff Note. The staff invites comment on whether the second sentence of existing Fish and Game Code Section 8276.5(a)(1)(G) (which would be continued by proposed Section 32120(a)(7)), indicating that tags in the described tier shall not be transferable for the first two years of the Dungeness crab trap limit program, is obsolete and need not be continued in the proposed law.

# § 32125. Program participant requirements

- 32125. Participants in the program shall meet all of the following requirements:
- (a) Pay a biennial fee for each trap tag issued pursuant to this article to pay the pro rata share of costs of the program, including, but not limited to, informing permitholders of the program, collecting fees, acquiring and sending trap tags to permitholders, paying for a portion of enforcement costs, and monitoring the results of the program. The fee shall not exceed five dollars (\$5) per trap, per two-year period. All of the trap tags allocated to each permit pursuant to this article shall be purchased by the permitholder or the permit shall be void.
- (b) Purchase a biennial crab trap limit permit of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per two-year period to pay for the department's reasonable regulatory costs.
  - (c) Not lease a crab trap tag.
- (d) Transfer a tag only as part of a transaction to purchase a California permitted crab vessel.
- (e) A Dungeness crab trap that is fished shall contain a trap tag that is fastened to the main buoy, and an additional tag provided by the permitholder attached to

- the trap. The department shall mandate the information that is required to appear on both buoy and trap tags.
- Comment. Section 32125 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.5(a)(3) without substantive change.

# § 32130. Department obligations

- 32130. The department shall annually provide an accounting of all costs associated with the crab trap limit program, and use excess funds collected to reduce the cost of the crab trap limit permit fee or tag fee in subsequent years of the program.
- **Comment.** Section 32130 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.5(a)(4) without substantive change.

# 12 § **32135. Lost tags**

- 32135. Permitholders may replace lost tags by application to the department, and payment of a fee not to exceed the reasonable costs incurred by the department, which may be waived or reduced by the department in the case of catastrophic loss of tags.
- **Comment.** Section 32135 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.5(a)(5) without substantive change.
  - Staff Note. Existing Fish and Game Code Section 8276.5(a)(6) (which would be continued by Section 32135) relates to the appeal by a Dungeness crab permitholder of a trap tag allocation, an appeal that the provision indicates must have been submitted to the director by March 31, 2014. Based on that requirement, existing Section 8276.5(a)(6) has not been continued in the proposed law.
  - The staff invites comment on whether Section 8276.5(a)(6) should be continued in the proposed law.

# § 32140. Violation of program requirement

- 32140. (a) In addition to criminal penalties authorized by law, a violation of the requirements of the program shall be subject to the following civil penalties:
- (1) Conviction of a first offense shall result in a fine of not less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) and not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per illegal trap or fraudulent tag.
- (2) Conviction of a second offense shall result in a fine of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) and not more than two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) per illegal trap or fraudulent tag, and the permit may be suspended for one year.
- (3) Conviction of a third offense shall result in a fine of not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per illegal trap or fraudulent tag, and the permit may be permanently revoked.
- (b) The severity of a penalty within the ranges described in subdivision (a) shall be based on a determination whether the violation was willful or negligent and other factors.

- (c) The portion of monetary judgments for noncompliance that are paid to the department shall be deposited in the Dungeness Crab Account created pursuant to Section EEE.
- Comment. Section 32140 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.5(b) without substantive change.

#### § 32145. Submission of proposed program to task force

- 32145. (a) The director shall submit a proposed program pursuant to this section to the Dungeness crab task force for review, and shall not implement the program until the task force has had 60 days or more to review the proposed program and recommend any proposed changes.
- (b) The director may implement the program earlier than 60 days after it is submitted to the Dungeness crab task force for review, if recommended by the task force.
- (c) After the program is implemented, the director may modify the program, if consistent with the requirements of this article, after consultation with the Dungeness crab task force or its representatives, and after the task force has had 60 days or more to review the proposed modifications and recommend any proposed changes.
- (d) The director may implement the modifications earlier than 60 days after it is sent to the Dungeness crab task force for review, if recommended by the task force.
- **Comment.** Section 32145 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.5(d) without substantive change.

# § 32150. Dungeness Crab Account

- 32150. (a) The Dungeness Crab Account is hereby established in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund, and the fees collected pursuant to this article shall be deposited in that account. The money in the account shall be used by the department, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for administering and enforcing the program.
- (b) For purposes of meeting the necessary expenses of initial organization and operation of the program until fees may be collected, or other funding sources may be received, the department may borrow money as needed for these expenses from the council. The borrowed money shall be repaid within one year from the fees collected or other funding sources received. The council shall give high priority to providing funds or services to the department, in addition to loans, to assist in the development of the program, including, but not limited to, the costs of convening the Dungeness crab task force, environmental review, and the department's costs of attending meetings with task force members.
- **Comment.** Section 32150 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.5(e) and (f) without substantive change.

#### 1 § 32155. Inoperative date of article

- 32155. This article shall become inoperative on April 1, 2019, and, as of January 2
- 1, 2020, is repealed, unless a later enacted statute that becomes operative on or 3
- before January 1, 2020, deletes or extends the date on which this article becomes 4
- inoperative or is repealed. 5

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Comment. Section 32155 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.5(i) without 6 substantive change.

# Article 7. Dungeness Crab Task Force

#### 9 § 32200. Creation of task force

32200. The Ocean Protection Council shall make a grant, upon appropriation of funding by the Legislature, for the development and administration of a Dungeness crab task force. 12

Comment. Section 32200 continues the first sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 13 14 8276.4(a) without change.

#### 15 § 32205. Task force membership

- 32205. The membership of the Dungeness crab task force shall be comprised of all of the following:
- (a) Two members representing sport fishing interests. 18
  - (b) Two members representing crab processing interests.
- (c) One member representing commercial passenger fishing vessel interests. 20
- (d) Two nonvoting members representing nongovernmental organization 21 interests. 22
  - (e) One nonvoting representative of Sea Grant.
    - (f) Two nonvoting members representing the department.
    - (g) Seventeen members representing commercial fishery interests, elected by licensed persons possessing valid Dungeness crab permits in their respective ports and production levels, as follows:
    - (1) Four members from Crescent City.
- (2) One member from Trinidad. 29
  - (3) Two members from Eureka.
  - (4) Two members from Fort Bragg.
- (5) Two members from Bodega Bay. 32
- (6) Two members from San Francisco. 33
- (7) Two members from Half Moon Bay. 34
- (8) One member from ports south of Half Moon Bay. 35
- (9) One member who has a valid California nonresident crab permit. 36
- Comment. Section 32205 continues the second sentence of former Fish and Game Code 37
- 38 Section 8276.4(a), and former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.4(a)(1)-(7), without substantive
- 39 change.

# § 32210. Ports with multiple representatives

- 32210. (a) For ports with more than one representative, elected members and their alternates shall represent both the upper and lower, and in some cases middle, production levels.
- (b) Production levels shall be based on the average landing during the previous five years, of valid crab permitholders who landed a minimum of 25,000 pounds of crab during the same period.
- **Comment.** Section 32210 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.4(b) without substantive change.

# § 32215. Responsibilities of task force

32215. The Dungeness crab task force shall do all of the following:

- (a) Review and evaluate the Dungeness crab management measures described in **Section 8276.5**, with initial recommendations to the Joint Committee on Fisheries and Aquaculture, the department, and the commission, no later than January 15, 2015, and final recommendations to those entities no later than January 15, 2017.
- (b) Make recommendations by January 15, 2015, on all of the following: the need for a permanent Dungeness crab advisory committee, the economic impact of the program described in **Section 8276.5** on permitholders of different tiers and the economies of different ports, the cost of the program to the department, including enforcement costs, the viability of a buyout program for the permitholders described in **subparagraph** (G) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 8276.5, refining sport and commercial Dungeness crab management, and the need for statutory changes to accomplish task force objectives.
- (c) In considering Dungeness crab management options, prioritize the review of pot limit restriction options, current and future sport and commercial fishery effort, season modifications, essential fishery information needs, and short- and long-term objectives for improved management.
- **Comment.** Section 32215 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.4(c) without substantive change.

#### § 32220. Subcommittees

- 32220. (a) The task force may establish subcommittees of specific user groups from the task force membership to focus on issues specific to sport fishing, commercial harvest, or crab processing.
- 35 (b) The subcommittees shall report their recommendations, if any, to the task 36 force.
- **Comment.** Section 32220 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.4(d) without substantive change.

#### § 32225. Grant to cover costs

32225. The Ocean Protection Council may include in a grant funding to cover department staffing costs, as well as travel costs for task force participants specified in subdivision (f) of Section 32205.

**Comment.** Section 32225 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.4(e) without substantive change.

# § 32230. Task force recommendations

32230. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this article and Article 6 (commencing with Section 37400), a recommendation shall be forwarded to the Joint Committee on Fisheries and Aquaculture, the department, and the commission upon an affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the task force members.

(b) For the purposes of this article and Article 6 (commencing with Section 37400), a proposed recommendation that receives an affirmative vote of at least 15 of the non-ex officio members of the Dungeness crab task force may be transmitted to the director or the Legislature as a recommendation, shall be considered to be the consensus of the task force, and shall be considered to be evidence of consensus in the Dungeness crab industry. Any proposed recommendation that does not receive a vote sufficient to authorize transmittal to the director or Legislature as a recommendation shall be evidence of a lack of consensus by the Dungeness crab task force, and shall be considered to be evidence of a lack of consensus in the crab industry.

**Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 32230 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.4(f) without substantive change.

Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.5(c) without substantive change.

# § 32235. Inoperative date of article

32235. This article shall become inoperative on April 1, 2019, and, as of January 1, 2020, is repealed, unless a later enacted statute that becomes operative on or before January 1, 2020, deletes or extends the date on which this article becomes inoperative or is repealed.

**Comment.** Section 32235 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8276.4(h) without substantive change.

# CHAPTER 4. DUNGENESS CRAB VESSEL PERMITS

#### Article 1. General Provisions

# § 32300. Permit requirement

32300. A person shall not use a vessel to take, possess, or land Dungeness crab for commercial purposes using Dungeness crab traps authorized pursuant to

- Section 9011, unless the owner of that vessel has a Dungeness crab vessel permit for that vessel that has not been suspended or revoked.
- Comment. Section 32300 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(a) without substantive change.

# § 32305. Taking or landing without permit

32305. The commission may revoke the commercial fishing license issued pursuant to **Section 7852** of any person owning a fishing vessel engaging in the taking or landing of Dungeness crab by traps for which that person has not obtained a Dungeness crab vessel permit, and the commission may revoke the registration, issued pursuant to **Section 7881**, for that vessel.

**Comment.** Section 32305 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.4(a) without substantive change.

# § 32310. Fees for permit

32310. The department shall charge a fee for each Dungeness crab vessel permit of two hundred dollars (\$200) for a resident of California, and four hundred dollars (\$400) for a nonresident of California, for the reasonable regulatory costs of the department.

**Comment.** Section 32310 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.6(a) without substantive change.

Staff Note. On September 18, 2015, a three judge panel of the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals, in Marilley v. Bonham, 802 F.3d 958 (9th Cir. 2015), held that the setting of a Dungeness crab vessel permit fee for nonresidents under existing Section 8280.6 (which would be continued by proposed Section 32310), higher than the fee for the same permit for residents violates the Privileges and Immunities Clause of the United States Constitution. U.S. Const. art. IV, § 2, cl. 1.

On February 26, 2016, the opinion of the three judge panel was ordered to be reheard en banc. The staff has therefore proposed no revision to Section 8550.5 based on this decision at this time.

# § 32315. Retaining eligibility for permit

32315. (a) In order for a vessel to retain eligibility, a permit shall be obtained each year subsequent to the initial permit year and the vessel shall be registered pursuant to **Section 7881**.

- (b) The vessel owner shall have a valid commercial fishing license issued to that person pursuant to **Section 7852** that has not been suspended or revoked.
- (c) Minimum landings of Dungeness crab shall not be required annually to be eligible for a Dungeness crab vessel permit.
- Comment. Section 32315 continues the second through fourth sentences of former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.2(e) without substantive change.

# § 32320. Due date for application

32320. Applications for renewal of all Dungeness crab vessel permits shall be received by the department, or, if mailed, postmarked, by April 30 of each year.

**Comment.** Section 32320 continues the first sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.2(e) without substantive change.

# § 32325. Permitted persons

- 32325. (a) A Dungeness crab vessel permit shall be issued only to the person owning the vessel at the time of application for that permit. A person shall not be issued more than one permit for each vessel owned by that person and qualifying for a permit pursuant to **Section 8280.1**.
- (b) A Dungeness crab vessel permit shall be issued only to the owner of a vessel taking crab by traps. A permit shall not be issued to the owner of a vessel using trawl or other nets unless the owner of that vessel qualifies for a permit pursuant to **paragraph** (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 8280.1. A trawl or other net vessel authorized under this code to take Dungeness crab incidental to the taking of fish in trawl or other nets shall not be required to possess a Dungeness crab vessel permit.
- (c) The owner of a Dungeness crab vessel, for purposes of this section, may include a person with a bona fide contract for the purchase of a vessel who otherwise meets all other qualifications for a Dungeness crab vessel permit. If a contract is found to be fraudulent or written or entered into for the purposes of circumventing qualification criteria for the issuance of a permit, the applicant shall be permanently ineligible for a Dungeness crab vessel permit.
- (d) Dungeness crab vessel permits shall not be combined or otherwise aggregated for the purpose of replacing smaller vessels in the fishery with a larger vessel, and a permit shall not be divided or otherwise separated for the purpose of replacing a vessel in the fishery with two or more smaller vessels.
- **Comment.** Section 32325 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.2(a)-(d) without substantive change.

# § 32330. Submission of false information

- 32330. If a person submits false information for the purposes of obtaining a Dungeness crab vessel permit under this chapter, the department shall revoke all of the following privileges:
  - (a) The person's Dungeness crab vessel permit, if issued.
- 32 (b) The person's commercial fishing license issued pursuant to **Section 7850**, for a period of not less than five years.
  - (c) The commercial boat registration of any vessel registered to that person pursuant to **Section 7881** of which that person is the owner, for a period of not less than five years.
- Comment. Section 32330 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(g)(1) without substantive change.

# § 32335. Additional penalty for fishing without permit

32335. In addition to criminal penalties authorized by law, a person who fishes without a Dungeness crab vessel permit, or who uses a Dungeness crab vessel

permit to fish illegally on another vessel other than the permitted one, shall be subject to a fine not more than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) and, at the discretion of the department, revocation of the person's fishing license for a period not to exceed five years, and revocation of the person's commercial boat registration license, for a period not to exceed five years.

**Comment.** Section 32335 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(g)(2) without substantive change.

# **§ 32340. Review panel**

- 32340. (a) The director shall convene a Dungeness crab review panel for the purpose of reviewing applications for Dungeness crab vessel permits pursuant to **paragraphs** (2) and (4) of subdivision (b) of Section 8280.1 and applications for permit transfers pursuant to Section 8280.3, if the department determines that the additional review and advice of the panel will be helpful in deciding whether to issue a permit or approve a transfer.
- (b) The panel shall consist of one nonvoting representative of the department, and three public voting members selected by the director to represent the Dungeness crab fishing industry. One public member shall be licensed pursuant to **Article 7 (commencing with Section 8030) of Chapter 1**, and active in Dungeness crab processing in this state. Two public members shall be licensed pursuant to **Section 7852** and active in the taking and landing of Dungeness crab in this state, one of which shall be from Sonoma County or a county south of Sonoma County, and one of which shall be from Mendocino County or a county north of Mendocino County.
- (c) The public members shall be reimbursed for their necessary and proper expenses to participate on the panel.
- (d) A public member shall serve on the panel for not more than four consecutive years.
- (e) The panel may conduct its review of applications referred to it by mail or teleconference.
- (f) The panel shall review each application for a permit or permit transfer referred to it by the department, and shall consider all oral and written evidence presented by the applicant that is pertinent to the application under review. If the panel recommends issuance of a permit or approval of the transfer, the department may issue a Dungeness crab vessel permit pursuant to **Section 8280.1** or approve a permit transfer pursuant to **Section 8280.3**.
- (g) All appeals of denials of Dungeness crab vessel permits shall be made to the commission, and may be heard by the commission, if the appeal of denial is filed in writing with the commission not later than 90 days from the date of a permit denial. The commission may order the department to issue a permit upon appeal if the commission finds that the appellant qualified for a permit under this chapter.
- **Comment.** Section 32340 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.5(a)-(e) without substantive change.

# § 32345. Inoperative date of article

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- 32345. This article shall become inoperative on April 1, 2019, and, as of January 1, 2020, is repealed, unless a later enacted statute that becomes operative on or before January 1, 2020, deletes or extends the date on which this article becomes inoperative or is repealed.
- Comment. Section 32345 combines and continues former Fish and Game Code Sections 8280.1(h), 8280.2(f), 8280.4(b), 8280.5(f), and 8280.6(d), without substantive change.

# Article 2. Eligibility for Permit

# § 32400. Valid commercial license

32400. Except as otherwise provided in this article, a Dungeness crab vessel permit may be issued for use on qualifying vessels, only if the permittee has a commercial fishing license issued pursuant to **Section 7852** that has not been suspended or revoked, and meets the requirements of one or more of the following sections:

- 15 (a) Section 32405.
  - (b) Section 32410.
- (c) Section 32415.
- (c) Section 32420.
- 19 (c) Section 32425.
- 20 (c) Section 32430.
- 21 (c) Section 32435.
- Comment. Section 32400 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(b) without substantive change.

# § 32405. Eligibility based on prior landings

- 32405. (a) Pursuant to Section 32400, a Dungeness crab vessel permit may be issued to the owner of a commercial fishing vessel that has been registered pursuant to **Section 7881** in each of the 1991–92, 1992–93, and 1993–94 permit years, if the requirements of either of the following paragraphs are satisfied:
- (1) A minimum of four landings were made from that vessel in each of three Dungeness crab seasons from November 1, 1984, to April 1, 1994. Eligibility pursuant to this paragraph includes a person purchasing a vessel qualifying pursuant to this paragraph.
- (2) A minimum of four landings were made from that vessel in this state, and documented by landing receipts delivered to the department pursuant to **Section 8046**, in one Dungeness crab season from November 1, 1984, to April 1, 1994, and the department finds that the owner, despite a good faith intention to do so, was unable to make four landings in each of two of the previous three Dungeness crab seasons, due to illness, injury or other hardship.

(b) A permit may be issued under this section to a person whose commercial fishing license was issued pursuant to Article 7 (commencing with Section 8030) of Chapter 1, and not pursuant to Section 7852.

**Comment.** Section 32405 combines and restates former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(b)(1) and (b)(2) without substantive change.

Staff Notes. (1) Proposed Section 32405 is intended to combine and restate existing Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(b)(1) and (b)(2) to improve the clarity of those paragraphs, without changing their substantive effect. The existing paragraphs read as follows:

- "(b) A Dungeness crab vessel permit may be issued only to the following persons for use on qualifying vessels:
- (1) A person, who has a commercial fishing license issued pursuant to Section 7852 or Article 7 (commencing with Section 8030) of Chapter 1 that has not been suspended or revoked, who is the owner of a commercial fishing vessel that has been registered with the department pursuant to Section 7881 in each of the 1991–92, 1992–93, and 1993–94 permit years and a minimum of four landings in each of three Dungeness crab seasons in the period from November 1, 1984, to April 1, 1994, have been made from that vessel. This paragraph includes any person purchasing a vessel qualifying pursuant to this paragraph.
- (2) A person who has a commercial fishing license issued pursuant to Section 7852 or Article 7 (commencing with Section 8030) of Chapter 1 that has not been suspended or revoked, who is the owner of a commercial fishing vessel that has been registered with the department pursuant to Section 7881 in each of the 1991–92, 1992–93, and 1993–94 permit years and a minimum of four landings in one of the Dungeness crab seasons in the period from November 1, 1984, to April 1, 1994, have been made from that vessel in this state as documented by landing receipts delivered to the department pursuant to Section 8046, who the department finds to have been unable, due to illness or injury or any other hardship, to make a minimum of four landings in each of two of the previous three Dungeness crab seasons, and who, in good faith, intended to participate in the Dungeness crab fishery in those seasons."

# The staff invites comment on whether the restatement of these paragraphs would cause any substantive change in their meaning.

(2) Existing Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(b)(1) and (b)(2) both alternatively authorize the issuance of a Dungeness crab vessel permit to a person "who has a commercial fishing license issued pursuant to Section 7852 or Article 7 (commencing with Section 8030) of Chapter 1 that has not been suspended or revoked." (Emphasis added.)

The staff is unaware of a "commercial fishing license" that can currently be issued pursuant to "Article 7 (commencing with Section 8030) of Chapter 1" [of Part 3 of Division 6] of the existing code. Moreover, existing Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(d) provides (with emphasis added):

"A person shall not be issued a Dungeness crab vessel permit under this section for any vessel unless that person has a valid commercial fishing license issued pursuant to Section 7852 that has not been suspended or revoked."

# The staff invites comment on how to resolve this apparent discrepancy.

(3) Neither existing Section 8280.1(b)(1) nor (b)(2) explicitly require that the permit sought pursuant to either of those provisions must be placed on the vessel described in either provision that provided the basis for permit eligibility. Cf. existing Section 8280.1(b)(6) (requiring permit sought pursuant to that subdivision "to be placed on a vessel that the person purchases or contracts for construction on or before April 1, 1996").

The staff invites comment on whether a permit obtained pursuant to either Section 8280.1(b)(1) or (b)(2) must be placed on the vessel that provided the basis for eligibility under either of those provisions, and if so whether proposed Section 32405 should expressly state that requirement.

(4) Qualification for a permit under existing Section 8280.1(b)(2) (as well as Section

8280.1(b)(3), (b)(5), and (b)(6)) requires that the landings needed for permit eligibility must be "documented by landing receipts delivered to the department pursuant to Section 8046." Qualification for a permit under existing Section 8280.1(b)(1) (as well as existing Section 8280.1(b)(4)) does not expressly include that documentation requirement.

The staff invites comment on whether this requirement, or the expression of this requirement, should be standardized among all Dungeness crab permit eligibility provisions.

# § 32410. Eligibility based on historic participation in fishery

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- 32410. (a) Pursuant to Section 32400, a Dungeness crab vessel permit may be issued to the owner of a fishing vessel that has been registered pursuant to **Section 7881** in each of the 1991–92, 1992–93, and 1993–94 permit years and is not equipped for trawling with a net, if the owner satisfies the following additional requirements:
  - (1) The owner meets the requirements of **Section 8101**.
- (2) The owner made not less than four landings of Dungeness crab taken in a crab trap in a Dungeness crab season on or before March 31, 1994, as documented by landing receipts prepared in that person's name that were delivered to the department pursuant to **Section 8046**.
- (3) The owner has not been issued a permit for another vessel pursuant to any other section of this article.
- (b) The department shall separately identify permits issued pursuant to this section, and those permits shall become immediately null and void upon the death of the permittee.
- (c) The department shall not issue or renew any permit under this section if the applicant or permittee failed to meet the participation requirements of four landings in a Dungeness crab season prior to April 1, 1994, or has been issued a Dungeness crab permit for a vessel under any other section of this article.
- (d) Not more than one Dungeness crab vessel permit shall be issued to any person pursuant to this section.
- (e) Notwithstanding Article 3 (commencing with Section 37800), all permits issued pursuant to this section shall be nontransferable.
- **Comment.** Section 32410 restates former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(b)(3) without substantive change.
- Staff Notes. (1) Proposed Section 32410 is intended to restate existing Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(b)(3) to improve the clarity of that paragraph, without changing its substantive effect. The existing paragraph reads as follows:
- "(b) A Dungeness crab vessel permit may be issued only to the following persons for use on qualifying vessels:
- (3) A person who has a commercial fishing license issued pursuant to Section 7852 that has not been suspended or revoked, who meets the requirements of Section 8101, and who, notwithstanding Section 8101, is, at the time of application, the owner of a fishing vessel that is not equipped for trawling with a net and that has been registered pursuant to Section 7881 in each of the 1991–92, 1992–93, and 1993–94 permit years. Not more than one Dungeness crab vessel permit shall be issued to any person qualifying under Section 8101 and all permits issued under

Section 8101, notwithstanding subdivision (b) of Section 8280.3, shall be nontransferable. A person qualifying for a permit under this paragraph shall have participated in the Dungeness crab fishery on or before March 31, 1994, as documented by landing receipts that were prepared in that person's name for not less than four landings of Dungeness crab taken in a crab trap in a Dungeness crab season and were delivered to the department pursuant to Section 8046. A person shall not be issued a permit under this paragraph if that person has been issued a permit under any other provision of this section for another vessel. For purposes of Section 8101, "participated in the fishery" means made not less than four landings of Dungeness crab taken by traps in that person's name in one Dungeness crab season. The department shall separately identify permits issued pursuant to this paragraph and those permits shall become immediately null and void upon the death of the permittee. The department shall not issue or renew any permit under this paragraph to a person if the person failed to meet the participation requirements of four landings in one season prior to April 1, 1994, or has been issued a Dungeness crab permit for a vessel under any other paragraph of this subdivision."

# The staff invites comment on whether the restatement would cause any substantive change in the meaning of Section 8280.1(b)(3).

(2) The text at the beginning of existing Section 8280.1(b)(3), providing both that the permit applicant must "[meet] the requirements of Section 8101," and satisfy other requirements "notwithstanding Section 8101," is substantially confusing. Is the latter reference intended to be an exception to the requirements of Section 8101 that otherwise would have to be met, or is it meant to refer to some requirement beyond what is required by Section 8101?

The staff invites comment clarifying the intent of this statutory language.

# § 32415. Eligibility based on work on another vessel

- 32415. Pursuant to Section 32400, a Dungeness crab vessel permit may be issued to the owner of a vessel that has been registered pursuant to Section 7881 in each of the 1991–92, 1992–93, and 1993–94 permit years, and satisfies the following additional requirements:
- (a) The owner held a Dungeness crab permit issued pursuant to former Fish and Game Code Section 8280 as it read on April 1, 1994.
- (b) The owner participated in the Dungeness crab fishery between November 1, 1984, and April 1, 1994.
- (c) The owner did not make, or department records do not indicate that the owner made, a minimum of four landings per season for three Dungeness crab seasons from that vessel, or in the owner's name, because the owner was working aboard another vessel engaged in the Dungeness crab fishery in California, pursuant to a partnership or other working arrangement.

Comment. Section 32415 restates former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(b)(4)(A) without substantive change.

- Staff Notes. (1) Proposed Section 32415 is intended to restate existing Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(b)(4)(A) to improve the clarity of that subparagraph, without changing its substantive effect. The existing subparagraph reads as follows:
- "(b) A Dungeness crab vessel permit may be issued only to the following persons for use on qualifying vessels:
- (4) A person who has a commercial fishing license issued pursuant to Section 7852 that has not been suspended or revoked, who meets one of the following conditions:
  - (A) The person held a Dungeness crab permit issued pursuant to Section 8280 as it read on

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April 1, 1994, and participated in the Dungeness crab fishery between November 1, 1984, and April 1, 1994, and is the owner of a vessel that has been registered with the department in each of the 1991–92, 1992–93, and 1993–94 permit years but did not make landings or the department records do not indicate a minimum of four landings per season for three Dungeness crab seasons from that vessel or in that person's name because of a partnership or other working arrangement where the person was working aboard another vessel engaged in the Dungeness crab fishery in California."

# The staff invites comment on whether the restatement would cause any substantive change in the meaning of Section 8280.1(b)(4)(A).

- (2) The last part of existing Section 8280.1(b)(4)(A) (which would be continued by proposed Section 32415(c))) requires, as a condition of permit eligibility pursuant to that paragraph, that the applicant "did not make landings or the department records do not indicate a minimum of four landings per season for three Dungeness crab seasons from that vessel or in that person's name because of a partnership or other working arrangement where the person was working aboard another vessel engaged in the Dungeness crab fishery in California." (Emphasis added.) The staff has the following questions about this requirement:
- (a) Does the non-owned vessel that the applicant was working aboard that prevented the applicant from making a minimum of four landings in three prior crab seasons have to have made those landings? If not, how is it established that the applicant was unable to make the required landings because the applicant was working aboard another vessel?
- (b) Do the three prior crab seasons in which the applicant was unable to make the minimum number of required landings have to be on or before to April 1,1994, and/or on or after November 1,1984, as is required by existing Section 8280.1(b)(1), (b)(2), (b)(4)(B), (b)(5), and (b)(6)?

The staff invites comment on these issues.

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# § 32420. Eligibility based on specialized landings

- 32420. Pursuant to Section 32400, a Dungeness crab vessel permit may be issued to the owner of a vessel that has been registered pursuant to **Section 7881** in each of the 1991–92, 1992–93, and 1993–94 permit years, if the following requirements are satisfied:
- (a) The owner held a Dungeness crab permit issued pursuant to former Fish and Game Code Section 8280 as it read on April 1, 1994.
- (b) The owner participated in the Dungeness crab fishery between November 1, 1984, and April 1, 1994.
- (c) A minimum of four landings utilizing traps were made from that vessel in at least one Dungeness crab season from November 1, 1984, and April 1, 1994.
- (d) In each of two other Dungeness crab seasons in that same period, landings using traps were made from that vessel, as documented by landing receipts, that satisfy one of the following requirements:
  - (1) A minimum of four landings were made.
  - (2) Landings in excess of 10,000 pounds were made.

**Comment.** Section 32420 restates former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(b)(4)(B) without substantive change.

- **Staff Note.** Proposed Section 32420 is intended to restate existing Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(b)(4)(B) to improve the clarity of that subparagraph, without changing its substantive effect. The existing subparagraph reads as follows:
- "(b) A Dungeness crab vessel permit may be issued only to the following persons for use on qualifying vessels:

(4) A person who has a commercial fishing license issued pursuant to Section 7852 that has not been suspended or revoked, who meets one of the following conditions:

...

(B) The person held a Dungeness crab permit issued under Section 8280 as it read on April 1, 1994, and is the owner of a commercial fishing vessel that has been registered with the department pursuant to Section 7881 in each of the 1991–92, 1992–93, and 1993–94 permit years and from which a minimum of four landings utilizing traps were made in at least one Dungeness crab season in the period between November 1, 1984, and April 1, 1994, and from which either four landings were made utilizing traps or landings in excess of 10,000 pounds were made utilizing traps in each of two other Dungeness crab seasons in that same period, as documented by landing receipts."

 The staff invites comment on whether the restatement would cause any substantive change in the meaning of Section 8280.1(b)(4)(B).

# § 32425. Eligibility based on hardship due to nonresidency

- 32425. Pursuant to Section 32400, a Dungeness crab vessel permit may be issued to a person who satisfies all of the following requirements:
- (a) The person held a Dungeness crab permit issued pursuant to former Fish and Game Code Section 8280 as it read on April 1, 1994, or was an officer in a California corporation that was licensed pursuant to Article 7 (commencing with Section 8030) of Chapter 1, as of April 1, 1994.
- (b) The person began construction or reconstruction of a vessel on or before January 1, 1992, for the purpose of engaging in the California Dungeness crab fishery, including purchase of equipment and gear.
- (c) The person intended in good faith to thereafter participate in the California Dungeness crab fishery.
  - (d) A denial of a permit would create a financial hardship on the person.
- (e) For purposes of determining financial hardship, the applicant is a nonresident, and cannot participate with his or her vessel or vessels in the Dungeness crab fishery of another state, because of that state's limited entry or moratorium on the issuance of permits for the taking of Dungeness crab.
- **Comment.** Section 32425 restates former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(b)(4)(C) without substantive change.

Staff Notes. (1) Proposed Section 32425 is intended to restate existing Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(b)(4)(C) to improve the clarity of that subparagraph, without changing its substantive effect. The existing subparagraph reads as follows:

 "(b) A Dungeness crab vessel permit may be issued only to the following persons for use on qualifying vessels:

(4) A person who has a commercial fishing license issued pursuant to Section 7852 that has not been suspended or revoked, who meets one of the following conditions:

(C) The person held a Dungeness crab vessel permit issued under Section 8280 as it read on April 1, 1994, or was an officer in a California corporation that was licensed pursuant to Article 7 (commencing with Section 8030) of Chapter 1 as of April 1, 1994, and began construction or reconstruction of a vessel on or before January 1, 1992, for the purpose of engaging in the

Dungeness crab fishery, including the purchase of equipment and gear to engage in that fishery in California. A person may be issued a permit under this condition only if the person intended in good faith to participate in the California Dungeness crab fishery, a denial of a permit would create a financial hardship on that person, and, for purposes of determining financial hardship, the applicant is a nonresident and cannot participate with his or her vessel or vessels in the Dungeness crab fishery of another state because of that state's limited entry or moratorium on the issuance of permits for the taking of Dungeness crab."

# The staff invites comment on whether the restatement would cause any substantive change in the meaning of Section 8280.1(b)(4)(C).

- (2) The last part of existing Section 8280.1(b)(4)(C) (which would be continued by proposed Section 32425(d) and (e)) requires, as a condition of permit eligibility pursuant to that paragraph, that "a denial of a permit would create a financial hardship on that person, and, for purposes of determining financial hardship, the applicant is a nonresident and cannot participate with his or her vessel or vessels in the Dungeness crab fishery of another state because of that state's limited entry or moratorium on the issuance of permits for the taking of Dungeness crab. The staff has the following questions about this requirement:
- (a) Is the nonresidency described in this provision an essential prerequisite to establishing the financial hardship required by this provision, or can a resident applicant establish that denial of a permit would cause financial hardship, for reasons other than the described nonresidency?
- (b) If an applicant establishes the nonresidency described in this provision, is that fact by itself sufficient to establish the financial hardship required by the provision, or must this nonresident additionally establish that a denial of a permit would cause that particular applicant financial hardship?

The staff invites comment on these issues.

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# § 32430. Eligibility based on continuous ownership of participating vessel

- 32430. (a) Pursuant to Section 32400, a Dungeness crab vessel permit may be issued to a person who satisfies all of the following requirements:
- (1) The person held a Dungeness crab permit issued pursuant to former Fish and Game Code Section 8280 as it read on April 1, 1994.
- (2) The person made a minimum of four landings of Dungeness crab taken by traps in each of three Dungeness crab seasons in the period from November 1, 1984, to April 1, 1994, in his or her name, in this state, from a vessel owned by that person, as documented by landing receipts.
- (3) Between April 1, 1991, and January 1, 1995, the person purchased, contracted to purchase, or constructed a vessel that does not otherwise qualify for a Dungeness crab vessel permit pursuant to Section 32405, 32415, 32420, or 32425.
- (4) The person has continuously owned that vessel since its purchase or construction.
  - (5) The person satisfies either of the following requirements:
- (A) The person used that vessel to take Dungeness crab in this state on or before March 31, 1995, as documented by one or more landing receipts delivered to the department pursuant to **Section 8046**.
- (B) The person intended in good faith, based on evidence that the department and the review panel may require, including investment in crab gear, to enter that vessel in this state's Dungeness crab fishery not later than December 1, 1995.

(b) Not more than one permit may be issued to any one person under this section.

**Comment.** Section 32430 restates former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(b)(5) without substantive change.

- Staff Note. Proposed Section 32430 is intended to restate existing Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(b)(5) to improve the clarity of that paragraph, without changing its substantive effect. The existing paragraph reads as follows:
- "(b) A Dungeness crab vessel permit may be issued only to the following persons for use on qualifying vessels:

...

(5) A person who has a commercial fishing license issued pursuant to Section 7852 that has not been suspended or revoked, who held a Dungeness crab permit issued under Section 8280 as it read on April 1, 1994, who made a minimum of four landings of Dungeness crab taken by traps in each of three Dungeness crab seasons in the period from November 1, 1984, to April 1, 1994, in his or her name in this state from a vessel owned by that person, as documented by landing receipts, who, between April 1, 1991, and January 1, 1995, purchased, contracted to purchase, or constructed a vessel, not otherwise qualifying pursuant to paragraph (1), (2), or (4), who has continuously owned that vessel since its purchase or construction, and who either (A) has used that vessel for the taking of Dungeness crab in this state on or before March 31, 1995, as documented by one or more landing receipts delivered to the department pursuant to Section 8046, or (B) intended in good faith, based on evidence that the department and the review panel may require, including investment in crab gear, to enter that vessel in this state's Dungeness crab fishery not later than December 1, 1995. Not more than one permit may be issued to any one person under this paragraph."

The staff invites comment on whether the restatement would cause any substantive change in the meaning of Section 8280.1(b)(5).

## § 32435. Eligibility based on vessel of limited size

- 32435. (a) Pursuant to Section 32400, a Dungeness crab vessel permit may be issued to a person if all of the following requirements are satisfied:
- (1) The person held a Dungeness crab permit issued pursuant to former Fish and Game Code Section 8280 as it read on April 1, 1994.
- (2) The person made a minimum of four landings utilizing traps in this state in each of three Dungeness crab seasons from November 1, 1984, and April 1, 1994, in his or her name, as documented by landing receipts, from a vessel operated by that person.
  - (3) The person currently does not own a vessel in his or her name.
- (4) The person has not sold or transferred a vessel otherwise qualifying for a permit under this section.
- (5) The vessel on which the permit would be placed is not greater in size than the vessel from which the previous landings were made.
  - (6) The vessel is no more than 60 feet in overall length.
- (7) The vessel was purchased or contracted for construction by the person on or before April 1, 1996.

- (b) A permit issued under this section is nontransferable, shall not be used for a vessel not owned by that person, and shall be revoked if any of the following circumstances occur:
  - (1) The person fails to renew the permit.

- (2) The person fails to annually renew his or her commercial fishing license issued pursuant to **Section 7852**.
- (3) The person is or becomes the owner of another vessel permitted to operate in the Dungeness crab fishery pursuant to this section.
- **Comment.** Section 32435 restates former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(b)(6) without substantive change.

**Staff Notes.** (1) Proposed Section 32435 is intended to restate existing Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(b)(6) to improve the clarity of that paragraph, without changing its substantive effect. The existing paragraph reads as follows:

"A person who held a Dungeness crab permit issued under Section 8280 as it read on April 1, 1994, who made a minimum of four landings utilizing traps in this state in each of three Dungeness crab seasons in the period between November 1, 1984, and April 1, 1994, in his or her name from a vessel operated by that person as documented by landing receipts, who currently does not own a vessel in his or her name, and who has not sold or transferred a vessel otherwise qualifying for a permit under this section. A permit may be issued under this paragraph for a vessel not greater in size than the vessel from which the previous landings were made, and, in no event, for a vessel of more than 60 feet in overall length, to be placed on a vessel that the person purchases or contracts for construction on or before April 1, 1996. A permit issued under this paragraph shall be nontransferable and shall not be used for a vessel not owned by that person, and shall be revoked if the person (A) fails to renew the permit or annually renew his or her commercial fishing license issued pursuant to Section 7852 or (B) is or becomes the owner of another vessel permitted to operate in the Dungeness crab fishery pursuant to this section."

The staff invites comment on whether the restatement would cause any substantive change in the meaning of Section 8280.1(b)(6).

# § 32440. Waiver of ownership requirement

32440. The department may waive the requirement under Section 32405, 32410, 32415, or 32420 that a person own a commercial fishing vessel that has been registered pursuant to **Section 7881** in each of the 1991–92, 1992–93, and 1993–94 permit years, for one of those required years, if all the following conditions are met:

- (a) The vessel was registered and used in the California Dungeness crab fishery during the registration year immediately prior to the year for which the waiver is sought.
- (b) The vessel was registered and used in the California Dungeness crab fishery after the year for which the waiver is sought.
- (c) The reason for the failure to register in the year for which the waiver is sought was a death, illness, or injury, or other hardship, as determined by the review panel, which prevented the vessel from being registered and operated in the fishery for that registration year.

**Comment.** Section 32440 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(f) without substantive change.

## § 32445. Documentation required for permit

- 32445. The department may require affidavits offered under penalty of perjury from persons applying for permits under this article, or from witnesses corroborating the statements of a person applying for a Dungeness crab vessel
- 5 permit. Affidavits offered under penalty of perjury shall be required of an
- applicant if the department cannot locate records required to qualify for a permit
- 7 under this article.

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Comment. Section 32445 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(c) without substantive change.

## 10 § **32450. Inoperative date of article**

- 32450. This article shall become inoperative on April 1, 2019, and, as of January 1, 2020, is repealed, unless a later enacted statute that becomes operative on or before January 1, 2020, deletes or extends the date on which this article becomes inoperative or is repealed.
- 15 **Comment.** Section 32450 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.1(h) without substantive change.

## Article 3. Transfers

### § 32500. General restriction on transfer

- 32500. Notwithstanding **Article 9** (commencing with Section 8100) of Chapter 1, a Dungeness crab vessel permit shall not be transferred, except as provided in this article.
- Comment. Section 32500 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.3(a) without substantive change.

# § 32505. Application for transfer

- 32505. A vessel owner shall sign an application for transfer, and certify that the information included in the application is true to the best of his or her information and belief.
- Comment. Section 32505 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.6(c) without change.

# § 32510. Transfer upon sale of permitted vessel

- 32510. (a) The owner of a vessel to whom a Dungeness crab vessel permit has been issued shall transfer the permit for the use of that vessel, upon the sale of the vessel by the permitholder to the person purchasing the vessel.
- (b) Upon notice to the department, the person purchasing the vessel may use the vessel for the taking and landing of Dungeness crab for any and all of the unexpired portion of the permit year, and is eligible for a permit pursuant to **Section 8280.1** for the use of that vessel in subsequent years.

- (c) The person purchasing the vessel shall not transfer the permit for use of that vessel in the Dungeness crab fishery to another replacement vessel during the same permit year.
- **Comment.** Section 32510 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.3(b) without substantive change.

# § 32515. Transfer to replacement vessel of equivalent capacity

- 32515. (a) The owner of a vessel to whom a Dungeness crab vessel permit has been issued may transfer the permit to a replacement vessel of equivalent capacity, except as specified in this article.
- (b) Upon notice to the department and payment of the transfer fee specified in **Section 8280.6**, the replacement vessel may be used for the taking and landing of Dungeness crab for any and all of the unexpired portion of the permit year, and the owner of the replacement vessel is eligible for a permit pursuant to **Section 8280.1** for the use of that replacement vessel in subsequent years.
- **Comment.** Section 32515 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.3(c) without substantive change.

## § 32520. Transfer to replacement vessel of greater capacity

- 32520. The owner of a permitted vessel may transfer a Dungeness crab vessel permit to a replacement vessel of greater capacity that satisfy either of the following conditions:
- (a) The replacement vessel was owned by that person on or before November 15, 1995, and is no more than 10 feet longer overall than the vessel for which the permit was originally issued.
- (b) The replacement vessel was purchased after November 15, 1995, and is no more than five feet longer overall than the vessel for which the permit was originally issued.
- **Comment.** Section 32520 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.3(d) without substantive change.
- **Staff Notes.** (1) Proposed Section 32520 is intended to restate existing Fish and Game Code Section 8280.3(d) to improve the clarity of that subdivision, without changing its substantive effect. The existing subdivision reads as follows:
- "The owner of a permitted vessel may transfer the permit to a vessel of greater capacity that was owned by that person on or before November 15, 1995, not to exceed 10 feet longer in length overall than the vessel for which the permit was originally issued or to a vessel of greater capacity purchased after November 15, 1995, not to exceed 5 feet longer in length overall than the vessel for which the permit was originally issued."

The staff invites comment on whether the restatement would cause any substantive change in the meaning of the subdivision.

- (2) Unlike existing Fish and Game Code Sections 8280.3(b) and (c), existing Section 8280.3(d) (which would be continued by proposed Section 32520) does not expressly provide that following the specified permit transfer the owner may use the replacement vessel to take and land Dungeness crab for the unexpired portion of the permit year, nor provide that the owner is eligible for a permit to use that replacement vessel in subsequent years.
- The staff invites comment as to whether those provisions should be added to proposed Section 32520.

# § 32525. Transfer to replacement vessel not equipped with trawl nets

- 32525. The department may authorize the owner of a permitted vessel to transfer a Dungeness crab vessel permit to a replacement vessel that does not fish with trawl nets, if all of the following conditions are satisfied:
  - (a) The replacement vessel was owned by the owner on or before April 1, 1996.
- (b) The replacement vessel is more than five feet longer overall that the vessel for which the permit was previously issued.
- (c) A vessel of a larger size is essential to the owner for participation in a fishery other than a trawl net fishery.
- (d) The owner held a permit on or before January 1, 1995, for the fishery for which a larger vessel is needed, and has participated in that fishery.
- (e) The permit for the vessel from which the permit is to be transferred qualified pursuant to **paragraph** (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 8280.1.
- (f) The vessel to which the permit is to be transferred does not exceed 20 feet longer in length overall than the vessel for which the permit was originally issued, and the vessel to which the permit is to be transferred does not exceed 60 feet in overall length.
- **Comment.** Section 32525 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.3(e) without substantive change.

Staff Notes. (1) Proposed Section 32525 is intended to restate existing Fish and Game Code Section 8280.3(e) to improve the clarity of that subdivision, without changing its substantive effect. The existing subdivision reads as follows:

"The department may authorize the owner of a permitted vessel to transfer the permit to a replacement vessel that was owned by that person on or before April 1, 1996, that does not fish with trawl nets that is greater than five feet longer in length overall than the vessel for which the permit was originally issued, if all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- (1) A vessel of a larger size is essential to the owner for participation in another fishery other than a trawl net fishery.
- (2) The owner held a permit on or before January 1, 1995, for the fishery for which a larger vessel is needed and has participated in that fishery.
- (3) The permit for the vessel from which the permit is to be transferred qualified pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 8280.1.
- (4) The vessel to which the permit is to be transferred does not exceed 20 feet longer in length overall than the vessel for which the permit was originally issued and the vessel to which the permit is to be transferred does not exceed 60 feet in overall length."

# The staff invites comment on whether the restatement would cause any substantive change in the meaning of the subdivision.

(2) The introductory language of existing Fish and Game Code Section 8280.3(e) indicates that the Department "may authorize" the transfer of a Dungeness crab vessel permit under specified circumstances. This language does not conform to the introductory language of subdivisions (c) and (d) of Section 8280.3 (which would be continued, respectively, by proposed Sections 32515 and 32520), both of which provide that an owner "may transfer" a Dungeness crab vessel permit under different specified circumstances.

The staff invites comment as to whether there is some intended difference in meaning with regard to the introductory language of these provisions, and if not whether it would be problematic to conform the language.

(3) Unlike existing Fish and Game Code Sections 8280.3(b) and (c), existing Section 8280.3(e) does not expressly provide that following the specified permit transfer the owner may use the

replacement vessel to take and land Dungeness crab for the unexpired portion of the permit year, nor provide that the owner is eligible for a permit to use that replacement vessel in subsequent vears.

The staff invites comment as to whether those provisions should be added to proposed Section 32525.

# § 32530. Restriction on multiple transfers

32530. A transfer of a permit to a larger vessel shall not be allowed more than one time. If a permit is transferred to a larger vessel, any Dungeness crab vessel permit for that permit year or any subsequent permit years for that larger vessel shall not be transferred to another larger vessel. The department shall not thereafter issue a Dungeness crab vessel permit for the use of the original vessel from which the permit was transferred, except that the original vessel may be used to take or land Dungeness crab after that transfer, if its use is authorized pursuant to another Dungeness crab vessel permit subsequently transferred to that vessel pursuant to this paragraph.

**Comment.** Section 32530 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.3(f) without substantive change.

# § 32535. Transfer based on serious damage, loss or destruction of permitted vessel

32535. (a) Notwithstanding **subdivision** (e) **of Section 8280.2**, the owner of a vessel for which a Dungeness crab vessel permit was issued that is lost or destroyed, or suffers serious damage that renders the vessel inoperable, may, during the period of two years after the loss or damage of the vessel for which the permit was originally issued, transfer the permit to another vessel, if all the following conditions are satisfied:

- (1) The replacement vessel is of equivalent size and capacity of the vessel that was lost or damaged.
- (2) The permittee at the time of the loss, theft, damage, or destruction of the vessel applies for the transfer.
  - (3) The lost or damaged vessel has a current permit.
- (4) The owner of the lost or damaged vessel makes assurances in the application that any renewal of the permit that becomes due during the application processing period will be made.
- (5) The owner of the lost or damaged vessel submits proof that the department may reasonably require to establish the loss or damage of the vessel. Proof of loss or destruction shall be documented by submission of a copy of the report filed with the United States Coast Guard or any other law enforcement or fire agency that investigated the loss. In the case of mechanical breakdown, the request shall include an estimate of the costs to repair the vessel from a marine surveyor or boat repair yard.
  - (6) The department gives written approval of the transfer.
- (b) The department shall not issue a permit for a replacement vessel pursuant to this paragraph if the lost or damaged vessel was reported lost, stolen, destroyed,

mechanically broken down, or damaged for fraudulent purposes.

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(c) If the permit is not permanently transferred to another vessel owned by the person to whom the vessel permit was originally issued within two years of the loss or damage, the permit shall become void by operation of law.

**Comment.** Section 32535 restates former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.3(g)(2) without substantive change.

**Staff Notes.** (1) Proposed Section 32535 is intended to restate existing Fish and Game Code Section 8280.3(g)(2) to improve the clarity of that paragraph, without changing its substantive effect. The existing paragraph reads as follows:

"Notwithstanding subdivision (e) of Section 8280.2, in the event of loss or destruction of a vessel for which a Dungeness crab vessel permit was issued, or serious damage that renders the vessel inoperable, and upon written approval of the department, the owner of the vessel to whom the permit was issued may retain the permit and may transfer the permit to another vessel of equivalent size and capacity of the vessel that was lost or damaged during the period of two years after the loss or damage of the vessel for which the permit was originally issued. The owner of the lost or damaged vessel shall submit proof that the department may reasonably require to establish the loss or damage of the vessel. Only the permittee at the time of the loss, theft, damage, or destruction of the vessel may apply for the transfer of the vessel permit. Proof of loss or destruction shall be documented by submission of a copy of the report filed with the United States Coast Guard or any other law enforcement or fire agency that investigated the loss. In the case of mechanical breakdown, the request shall include an estimate of the costs to repair the vessel from a marine surveyor or boat repair yard. The department shall not issue a permit for a replacement vessel pursuant to this paragraph if the lost or damaged vessel was reported lost, stolen, destroyed, mechanically broken down, or damaged for fraudulent purposes. The department shall only transfer a permit pursuant to this paragraph if the lost or damaged vessel has a current permit and the owner of the lost or damaged vessel makes assurances in the application that any renewal of the permit that becomes due during the application processing period will be made. If the permit is not permanently transferred to another vessel owned by the person to whom the vessel permit was originally issued within two years of the loss or damage, the permit shall become void by operation of law."

# The staff invites comment on whether the restatement would cause any substantive change in the meaning of the subdivision.

(2) Unlike existing Fish and Game Code Sections 8280.3(b) and (c), existing Section 8280.3(g)(2) does not expressly provide that following the specified permit transfer the owner may use the replacement vessel to take and land Dungeness crab for the unexpired portion of the permit year, nor provide that the owner is eligible for a permit to use that replacement vessel in subsequent years.

The staff invites comment as to whether those provisions should be added to proposed Section 32535.

## § 32540. Temporary transfer to non-permitted replacement vessel

32540. (a) The owner of a vessel to whom a Dungeness crab vessel permit has been issued, which is seriously damaged, suffers major mechanical breakdown, or is lost or destroyed, as determined by the department and approved by the director, may temporarily transfer the permit to a replacement vessel for which use in the Dungeness crab fishery is not permitted pursuant to this section or **Section 8280.1** if all of the following conditions are satisfied:

(1) The vessel from which the permit is transferred has made California

Dungeness crab landings with trap gear, which have been documented on department landing receipts.

- (2) The vessel from which the permit is transferred has had California Dungeness crab landings amounting to not less than 5,000 pounds cumulative for the past two Dungeness crab seasons.
- (3) The replacement vessel is of equivalent size and capacity of the originally permitted vessel.
- (4) The replacement vessel is no greater than 10 feet longer in length overall than the vessel from which the permit is transferred.
- (5) The permittee at the time of the loss, theft, damage, breakdown, or destruction of the vessel applies for the transfer.
- (6) The owner of the vessel submits proof that the department may reasonably require to establish the existence of the conditions of this section. Proof of loss or destruction shall be documented by submission of a copy of the report filed with the United States Coast Guard or any other law enforcement or fire agency that investigated the loss. In the case of mechanical breakdown, the request shall include an estimate of the costs to repair the vessel from a marine surveyor or boat repair yard.
  - (7) The department gives written approval of the transfer.
- (c) The transfer shall be for a period of not more than six months during the current permit year.
- (d) The department shall not issue a permit for a replacement vessel pursuant to this subdivision if the permitted vessel was reported lost, stolen, mechanically broken down, destroyed, or damaged for fraudulent purposes.
- (e) Upon approval by the director, the owner of a vessel granted a six-month temporary transfer under this section may be granted an additional six-month extension of the temporary transfer.

**Comment.** Section 32540 restates former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.3(g)(1) without substantive change.

**Staff Notes.** (1) Proposed Section 32540 is intended to restate existing Fish and Game Code Section 8280.3(g)(1) to improve the clarity of that paragraph, without changing its substantive effect. The existing paragraph reads as follows:

"Upon the written approval of the department, the owner of a vessel to whom the Dungeness crab vessel permit has been issued, which has California Dungeness crab landings made with trap gear documented on department landing receipts and which has had California Dungeness crab landings amounting to not less than 5,000 pounds cumulative for the past two Dungeness crab seasons, may temporarily transfer the permit to a replacement vessel for which use in the Dungeness crab fishery is not permitted pursuant to this section or Section 8280.1 that is of equivalent size and capacity of the originally permitted vessel, no greater than 10 feet longer in length overall than the vessel from which the permit is transferred, for a period of not more than six months during the current permit year if the vessel for which the permit was issued is seriously damaged, suffers major mechanical breakdown, or is lost or destroyed, as determined by the department, upon approval of the director. The owner of the vessel shall submit proof that the department may reasonably require to establish the existence of the conditions of this paragraph. Only the permittee at the time of the loss, theft, damage, breakdown, or destruction of the vessel may apply for the transfer of the vessel permit. Proof of loss or destruction shall be documented

by submission of a copy of the report filed with the United States Coast Guard or any other law enforcement or fire agency that investigated the loss. In the case of mechanical breakdown, the request shall include an estimate of the costs to repair the vessel from a marine surveyor or boat repair yard. The department shall not issue a permit for a replacement vessel pursuant to this subdivision if the permitted vessel was reported lost, stolen, mechanically broken down, destroyed, or damaged for fraudulent purposes. Upon approval by the director, the owner of a vessel granted a six-month temporary transfer under this section may be granted an additional six-month extension of the temporary transfer."

# The staff invites comment on whether the restatement would cause any substantive change in the meaning of the subdivision.

(2) Unlike existing Fish and Game Code Sections 8280.3(b) and (c), existing Section 8280.3(g)(1) does not expressly provide that following the specified permit transfer the owner may use the replacement vessel to take and land Dungeness crab for the unexpired portion of the permit year, nor provide that the owner is eligible for a permit to use that replacement vessel in subsequent years.

The staff invites comment as to whether those provisions should be added to proposed Section 32540.

# § 32545. Retention of permit upon sale of permitted vessel

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- 32545. (a) Upon written approval of the department, the owner of a vessel to whom the Dungeness crab vessel permit has been issued may retain that permit upon the sale of that permitted vessel, for the purpose of transferring the permit to another vessel to be purchased by that individual within one year of the time of sale of the vessel for which the permit was originally issued, if the requirements of this article are satisfied, including the payment of transfer fees.
- (b) If the permit is not transferred to a new vessel owned by the person to whom the vessel permit was originally issued within one year of the sale of the vessel for which it was originally issued, or if the person does not retain ownership of the new vessel to which the permit is transferred for a period of not less than one year, the permit shall become void by operation of law.
- **Comment.** Section 32545 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.3(h) without substantive change.

## § 32550. Death or incapacity of permitholder

- 32550. (a) In the event of the death or incapacity of a permitholder, the permit shall be transferred, upon application, to the heirs or assigns, or to the working partner, of the permitholder, together with the transfer of the vessel for which the permit was issued.
- (b) The new owner may continue to operate the vessel under the permit, renew the permit, or transfer the permit, upon sale of the vessel pursuant to Section 32510.
- (c) The estate of the holder of a transferable Dungeness crab vessel permit may renew that permit as provided for in statute, if needed to keep it valid, or may transfer that permit pursuant to these regulations, no later than two years from the date of death of the permitholder as listed on the death certificate.
  - Comment. Section 32550 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.3(i) without

1 substantive change.

#### § 32555. Fees for transfer

- 32555. The department shall charge a nonrefundable fee of two hundred dollars (\$200) for each transfer of a permit authorized pursuant to this article, for the reasonable regulatory costs of the department.
- **Comment.** Section 32555 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.6(b) without substantive change.

# § 32560. Inoperative date of article

- 32560. This article shall become inoperative on April 1, 2019, and, as of January 1, 2020, is repealed, unless a later enacted statute that becomes operative on or before January 1, 2020, deletes or extends the date on which this article becomes inoperative or is repealed.
- Comment. Section 32560 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.3(j) and 8280.6(c) without substantive change.

### Article 4. Miscellaneous Provisions

# § 32600. Legislative declaration

- 32600. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that the Dungeness crab fishery is important to the state because it provides a valuable food product, employment for those persons engaged in the fishery, and economic benefits to the coastal communities of the state.
- (b) The Legislature further finds that, in order to protect the Dungeness crab fishery, it is necessary to limit the number of vessels participating in that fishery to take Dungeness crab and it may be necessary to limit the quantity and capacity of the fishing gear used on each vessel to take Dungeness crab.
- (c) The Legislature further finds and declares that to limit the number of vessels in the Dungeness crab fishery, it is necessary to require that the owner of each vessel participating in the fishery obtain and possess a permit for that vessel and that the initial issuance of permits shall be limited to those persons owning vessels qualifying under **Section 8280.1**.
- **Comment.** Section 32600 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280 without substantive change.

## § 32605. Location where permits valid

- 32605. Dungeness crab vessel permits are valid only in waters of the state and in the Pacific Ocean in federal waters south of the border with Oregon.
- **Comment.** Section 32605 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.9 without substantive change.

# § 32610. Assistance of unpermitted vessel

- 32610. (a) Notwithstanding **Section 8280.1**, the owner of a vessel, who has a Dungeness crab vessel permit for that vessel that has not been suspended or revoked, may contract for the use of a vessel that is registered pursuant to **Section 7881** and for which a Dungeness crab vessel permit has not been issued, for the purpose of assisting the crew of the permitted vessel in the deployment of Dungeness crab traps.
- (b) An unpermitted vessel used for the purpose of assisting in the deployment of Dungeness crab traps pursuant to this section shall not have on board any Dungeness crab, or equipment for the retrieval of Dungeness crab traps.
- **Comment.** Section 32610 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8280.7 without substantive change.

## CHAPTER 5. ROCK CRAB

# § 32650. Rock crab season

- 32650. (a) Subject to this chapter and Article 1 (commencing with Section 9000) of Chapter 4, and subject to the regulation of the commission authorized under subdivision (c), rock crab may be taken in traps in any waters of the state at any time, except in Districts 9, 19A, 19B, and 21 and those portions of District 20 lying on the north and east sides of Santa Catalina Island north of Southeast Rock. Rock crab (Cancer antennarius), red crab (Cancer productus), or yellow crab (Cancer anthonyi), which is less than 4 1/4 inches, measured in a straight line through the body, from edge of shell to edge of shell at the widest part, shall not be taken, possessed, bought, or sold.
- (b) Any person taking rock crab shall carry a measuring device and shall measure any rock crab immediately upon removal from the trap. If the person determines that the rock crab is undersize, the person shall return it to the water immediately.
- (c) Upon the recommendation of the director regarding rock crab fishery management measures, and following a public hearing on the matter, the commission may adopt regulations to manage the rock crab resource consistent with Part 1.7 (commencing with Section 7050).
- **Comment.** Section 32650 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8282 without substantive change.

## § 32655. Take of rock crab

- 32655. (a) Subject to Article 6 (commencing with Section 8275) of Chapter 2, rock crab, as defined in Section 8275, may be taken with rock crab traps.
- (b) A rock crab trap may have any number of openings of any size. However, a rock crab trap constructed of wire mesh with an inside mesh measurement of not less than 1 7/8 inches by 3 7/8 inches, with the 3 7/8 inch measurement parallel to the floor, shall have at least one rigid circular opening of not less than 3 1/4

- inches, inside diameter, located on any outside wall of the rearmost chamber of the 1 crab trap and shall be located so that at least one-half of the opening is in the upper 2 half of the trap. Rock crab traps constructed of other material shall have at least 3 two rigid circular openings of not less than 3 1/4 inches, inside diameter, on the 4 top or side of the rearmost chamber of the trap. If both of the openings are located 5 on the side of the trap, at least one of the openings shall be located so that at least one-half of the opening is in the upper half of the trap. No rigid circular opening, 7 as required, shall extend more than 1/2 inch beyond the plane of the wall side or 8 top of the trap in which it is located, and it shall be clearly accessible to any crab which may be in the trap. 10
  - (c) Subject to Article 6 (commencing with Section 8275) of Chapter 2, Dungeness crab may be taken incidentally with a rock crab trap used pursuant to this subdivision to take rock crab, provided that the incidental taking occurs only during the season when it is lawful to take both species. A Dungeness crab, taken incidentally with a rock crab trap, which does not comply with Article 6 (commencing with Section 8275) of Chapter 2, shall be immediately returned to the waters from which it was taken.
  - (d) A person shall not possess any lobster aboard a vessel while the vessel is being used pursuant to this subdivision to take rock crab.
  - **Comment.** Section 32655 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 9011(b) without substantive change.

#### § 32660. Incidental take

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- 32660. (a) Except as provided in **Section 9011** or subdivision (b), any species other than rock crab taken incidentally in a crab trap being used to take rock crab shall be immediately released back to the water.
- (b) The following species may be taken incidentally in crab traps being used to take rock crab, under a permit issued pursuant to **Section 9001 in Districts 19 and 118.5**:
- (1) Kellet's whelk.
- (2) Octopus.
  - (3) Crabs other than of the genus Cancer, except as provided in **Section 9011**.
- 32 **Comment.** Section 32660 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8284(b) and (c) 33 without substantive change.

## TITLE 3. LICENSE SUSPENSION

#### § 32700. Revocation or suspension of license

32700. (d) Notwithstanding **Sections 12000, 12001, and 12002**, the commercial fishing license of the master of a vessel may be revoked or suspended by the commission, when requested by the department, for a period not to exceed one year, upon the second conviction in three years of the master or the master's agent,

- servant, employee, or any other person acting under the master's direction or control, for a violation of any provision of this part.
  - (b) A master's license shall not be revoked unless both the first and second convictions are for a violation by the master or a violation occurring when the person convicted was acting as the master's agent, servant, employee, or acting under the master's direction or control.
  - (c) The master of a vessel is the person on board the vessel who is in charge of the vessel.
- 9 **Comment.** Section 32700 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 12022.8(d)-(f) applicable to the provisions of this part, without substantive change.

# PART 5. CRAYFISH

# TITLE 1. CRAYFISH GENERALLY

# 13 **§ 32750. Crustacean**

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- 32750. For the purposes of Part 6 (commencing with Section 32850), a crayfish is a crustacean.
- 16 **Comment.** Section 32750 is new.
- 17 Staff Note. Based on staff research, it appears that a crayfish is a crustacean. The staff invites comment on whether that is correct.

#### 19 § 32755. Provisions not exclusive

- 32755. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern crayfish include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:
- 23 (a) **Section 2116**.
- 24 (b) **Section 15005**.
- 25 **Comment.** Section 32755 is new.

# TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

## § 32800. Application of title

- 32800. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
- 30 **Comment.** Section 32800 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

# 31 **§ 32805. Take**

- 32 32805. The taking of crayfish shall be subject to regulations prescribed by the commission.
- Comment. Section 32805 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8490 without substantive change.

#### § 32810. Use of traps

- 32810. (a) Crayfish traps may be used at any time, in any district, to take crayfish only.
  - (b) Traps shall not exceed three feet in greatest dimension.
- (c) Any other species taken with crayfish traps shall be returned to the water immediately.
  - (d) The commission may prohibit the use of crayfish traps that will injure fish, or that will entrap unnecessarily large numbers of fish other than crayfish.
- **Comment.** Section 32810 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 9024 without substantive change.

# § 32815. Take in Lake Tahoe

- 32815. (a) Any allowance for the commercial taking of crayfish in Lake Tahoe or in the Lake Tahoe Basin shall be for the primary purpose of population reduction and control of the signal crayfish, an invasive species. The commercial taking of crayfish may be allowed only to the extent that it is consistent with state goals for management of invasive species and other environmental standards, including an environmental analysis conducted by the Tahoe Regional Planning Agency or another appropriate lead agency for each proposed individual harvest operation.
- (b) The commission shall ensure that, with respect to the taking of crayfish for commercial purposes in Lake Tahoe or in the Lake Tahoe Basin, the commission's regulations are consistent with the Lake Tahoe Region Aquatic Invasive Species Management Plan, as amended.
- Comment. Section 32815 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8491 without change.

# § 32820. Overfishing in Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta

- 32820. The department shall take the steps it determines are necessary to prevent overfishing of crayfish in the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta. Those steps may include, but are not limited to, submitting to the Legislature proposed legislation to place limitations on the commercial crayfishing in that area.
- Comment. Section 32820 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8492 without change.

## PART 6. CRUSTACEANS

## TITLE 1. CRUSTACEANS GENERALLY

## § 32850. Provisions not exclusive

32850. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern crustaceans include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:

- 1 (a) **Section 1003**.
- (b) **Section 2271**.
- 3 (c) **Section 7891**.
- 4 (d) **Section 9000**.
- 5 (e) **Section 9001.**
- 6 (f) **Section 9001.7**.
- 7 (g) **Section 9006**.
- 8 (h) **Section 10060**.
- 9 (i) **Section 10664**.
- 10 (j) **Section 10667**.
- 11 (k) **Section 15007**.
- 12 **Comment.** Section 32850 is new.

# 13 **§ 32855. Use as bait**

32855. A crustacean may be used for bait, or released in the same waters from

- which it was taken.
- 16 Comment. Section 32855 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 5505
- 17 applicable to crustaceans without substantive change.

# TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

# 19 § **32900.** Application of title

- 32900. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial
- 21 provisions.

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22 **Comment.** Section 32900 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

# § 32905. Take with powered equipment

- 32905. (a) Powered equipment of such design as may be prescribed by the commission may be used to take crustaceans under a revocable permit issued by the department and under regulations adopted by the commission.
- (b) Taking of lobster or crabs under this section is subject to **Article 5**
- (commencing with Section 8250) and Article 6 (commencing with Section 8275) of Chapter 2 of Part 3 of Division 6.
- Comment. Section 32905 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 9053 applicable to 5s without substantive change.

# PART 7. KRILL

# TITLE 1. KRILL GENERALLY

## 34 **§ 32950. Crustacean**

35 32950. For the purposes of Part 6 (commencing with Section 32850), krill is a

36 crustacean.

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Comment. Section 32950 is new.

Staff Note. Based on staff research, it appears that krill is a crustacean. The staff invites comment on whether that is correct.

# TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

## 5 § 33000. Application of title

- 33000. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
- 8 **Comment.** Section 33000 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

#### 9 § **33005.** Take

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- 33005. (a) It is unlawful to take or land krill of any species of euphausiid for any purpose, except scientific research pursuant to regulations adopted by the commission.
- 13 (b) This section applies to krill taken in the waters of the state and up to 200 miles offshore, as long as federal law does not regulate the taking of krill.
- 15 **Comment.** Section 33005 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8510 without substantive change.

# PART 8. LOBSTER

## TITLE 1. LOBSTER GENERALLY

#### 19 **§ 33100. Crustacean**

- 33100. For the purposes of Part 6 (commencing with Section 32850), a lobster is a crustacean.
- 22 **Comment.** Section 33100 is new.
  - Staff Note. Based on staff research, it appears that a lobster is a crustacean. The staff invites comment on whether that is correct.

#### 25 § 33105. Provisions not exclusive

- 33105. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern lobster include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:
- 29 (a) **Section 8665**.
- 30 (b) **Section 9001.**
- 31 (c) **Section 9001.7.**
- 32 (d) **Section 9006.**
- 33 (e) **Section 10664**.
- 34 (d) **Section 10667.**
- 35 **Comment.** Section 33105 is new.

# § 33110. Take of spiny lobster

- 33110. Spiny lobster may not be taken under a sport fishing license, except by use of a hoop net or by hand.
- **Comment.** Section 33110 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7256 without substantive change.

# 6 § 33115. Importing of spiny lobster

- 33115. (a) Spiny lobsters may be imported into California until the twenty-sixth day after the close of the California season.
- (b) Lobsters imported into California and lobsters legally taken in California during the open season prescribed in this code may be possessed and sold during the closed season, subject to the regulations of the commission.
- (c) The cost of inspection and marking, under the regulations of the commission, shall be paid by the importer or owner of the lobsters.
- **Comment.** Section 33115 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2365 without substantive change.

## TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

#### CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

# § 33150. Application of title

- 33150. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
- **Comment.** Section 33150 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

# CHAPTER 2. PERMIT

## § 33200. Required permit

- 33200. (a) Lobsters shall not be taken for a commercial purpose except under a valid lobster permit issued to that person that has not been suspended or revoked, and subject to regulations adopted by the commission.
- (b) Every person who takes, assists in taking, possesses, or transports a lobster for a commercial purpose while on any boat, barge, or vessel, or who uses or operates or assists in using or operating any boat, net, trap, line, or other appliance to take a lobster for a commercial purpose, shall have a valid lobster permit.
  - (c) The permit fee for a lobster permit is two hundred sixty-five dollars (\$265).
- (d) The fee for a lobster crewmember permit is one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125).
- (e) For the purposes of this section, possession of more than three times the sport bag limit of lobster is prima facie evidence that the lobster in possession was taken for a commercial purpose.

- (f) Notwithstanding **Section 12002**, the punishment for a violation of this section is a fine of not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) nor more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), imprisonment in a county jail not to exceed six months, or both that fine and imprisonment.
- (g) For conviction of a violation of this section, the court may order forfeiture of any device or apparatus that is used in committing the offense, including, but not limited to, any vehicle used or intended for use in committing the offense.

**Comment.** Subdivisions (a) through (e) of Section 33200 continue former Fish and Game Code Section 8254 without substantive change.

Subdivision (f) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 12006(a)(2) without substantive change.

Subdivision (g) continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 12157(c)(1)(C) applicable to lobster without substantive change.

Staff Note. In a criminal prosecution for unlawful take of lobster under Section 8254, the prima facie evidence rule in Section 8254(e) (which would be continued by proposed Section 33250(e)) could be held unconstitutional, based on authority holding that a presumption in a criminal statute may not relieve the prosecution of its burden of proving each element of a charged offense beyond a reasonable doubt. See People v. Roder, 33 Cal. 3d 491, 658 P.2d 1302, 189 Cal. Rptr. 501 (1983).

On the other hand, application of the prima facie evidence rule might be appropriate in a civil or licensure proceeding based on a violation of Section 8254.

The staff is conducting further research on this issue.

# § 33205. Display of permit number

33205. The permit number of the person owning or in command of any boat used to take lobster shall be visibly displayed on both sides of the boat, in 10-inch black numbers, one inch wide, on a white background.

**Comment.** Section 33205 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8257 without substantive change.

#### § 33210. Limit on number of permits issued

33210. Whenever it is necessary to prevent overutilization or to ensure efficient and economic operation of the fishery, the commission may limit the number of permits that may be issued pursuant to **Section 8254**. As it determines appropriate to protect the resource, the commission may limit the number of permits on a statewide basis or within selected geographical areas.

**Comment.** Section 33210 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8259 without substantive change.

## § 33215. Suspension of permit pending criminal proceeding

33215. (a) When a complaint has been filed in a court of competent jurisdiction charging a holder of a commercial lobster permit with a violation of **Section 8251** or **8252**, and no disposition of the complaint has occurred within 90 days after it has been filed in the court, the department may suspend the commercial lobster permit of the person.

(b) The permitholder whose permit was suspended under this section may,

- within 10 days after the receipt of the suspension notice from the department, request a hearing, and, within 20 days after the request has been made, a hearing shall be held by the commission. A decision shall be made within a reasonable time on whether the suspension of the permit shall be terminated or continued until the disposition of the complaint by the court.
  - (c) In determining whether to terminate or continue the suspension of the permit, the commission shall consider whether or not the violation could have a detrimental effect on the resources, and whether or not a continued suspension of the permit is in the best public interest.
  - (d) The commission shall also make a finding whether there is sufficient evidence that a violation has occurred. A failure to make a finding that there is sufficient evidence that a violation has occurred, or a finding that there is insufficient evidence of the violation, shall terminate the suspension of the permit under this section.
  - (e) If a permitholder whose permit is suspended pursuant to this section is subsequently acquitted of the charges against him or her in court, or those charges are dismissed, the suspension of the permit is automatically terminated.
- **Comment.** Section 33215 continues the first six sentences of former Fish and Game Code Section 8254.7 without substantive change.

# CHAPTER 3. TAKE

#### § 33250. Season for take

- 33250. (a) Spiny lobster may be taken only between the first Wednesday in October and the first Wednesday after March 15.
- (b) Lobster traps may be set and baited 24 hours in advance of the opening date of the lobster season if no other attempt is made to take or possess the lobsters.
- **Comment.** Section 33250 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8251 without substantive change.

#### § 33255. Size limitation

- 33255. (a) No spiny lobster less than three and one-quarter inches in length measured in a straight line from the rear edge of the eye socket to the rear edge of the body shell, both points to be on the midline of the back, may be taken, possessed, purchased, or sold.
- (b) Every person taking spiny lobster shall carry a measuring device, and shall measure any lobster immediately on removal from a trap. Any removed lobster that is found to be undersized shall be returned to the water immediately.
- **Comment.** Section 33255 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8252 without substantive change.

## § 33260. Possession or landing on vessel

- 33260. Lobster may be possessed aboard or landed from any vessel on which finfish are present, if every person aboard the vessel has a valid lobster permit that
- 4 has not been suspended or revoked, and complies with Article 5 of Chapter 2 (of
- 5 Part 3 of Division 6) of the Fish and Game Code, Article 1 of Chapter 4
- 6 Article 5 of Chapter 2 of the Fish and Game Code of the Fish and Game
- **Code**, and the regulations adopted pursuant to any of those provisions.
- **Comment.** Section 33260 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 9001.7(k) without substantive change.

# § 33265. Filing of criminal complaint

- 33265. No complaint shall be filed in a court charging a commercial lobster permitholder with a violation of **Section 8251 or 8252** unless evidence supporting the charge has been reviewed by the appropriate county or city prosecuting agency, and a criminal complaint has been issued by that agency.
- **Comment.** Section 33265 continues the seventh sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8254.7 without substantive change.

## CHAPTER 4. LOBSTER TRAPS

# § 33300. Use of trap

- 33300. Subject to Article 5 (commencing with Section 8250) of Chapter 2 and Article 1 (commencing with Section 9000) of Chapter 4, a lobster trap, as described in Section 9010, may be used to take lobster under a lobster permit issued pursuant to Section 8254.
- **Comment.** Section 33300 combines and restates former Fish and Game Code Sections 8250.5(a) and 9010(a) without substantive change.
- Staff Note. Proposed Section 33300 is intended to combine and restate existing Fish and Game Code Sections 8250.5(a) and 9010(a) to improve the clarity of those provisions, without changing their substantive effect. The existing provisions read as follows:
- "8250.5. (a) Subject to this article and Article 1 (commencing with Section 9000) of Chapter 4, a lobster trap, as described in Section 9010, may be used to take lobster for commercial purposes under a lobster permit issued pursuant to Section 8254.
- 9010. (a) Subject to Article 5 (commencing with Section 8250) of Chapter 2, spiny lobster may be taken with lobster traps under a lobster permit issued pursuant to Section 8254."
- The staff invites comment on whether the combining and restatement of these two provisions would cause any substantive change in the meaning of either.

#### § 33305. Construction of trap

33305. (a) A wire lobster trap shall be built of rectangular wire mesh, with inside mesh measurement not less than 1 1/2 inches by 3 1/2 inches, the 3 1/2-inch measurement to be parallel to the floor of the trap. A wire lobster trap shall be fitted with at least one rigid rectangular escape gap with an inside vertical measurement not less than 2 3/8 inches at all points, and an inside horizontal

- measurement of not less than 11 1/2 inches at all points. The horizontal sides of the escape gap shall be located parallel to, and the escape gap shall be located within 2 3/8 inches of, the floor on any outside wall of the rearmost chamber of the lobster trap. The escape gap shall be clearly accessible to the lobsters.
- (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), wire may be used to hold the escape gap in place that reduces the inside vertical or horizontal measurement of the escape gap specified in subdivision (a), but only if all of the following requirements are met:
- (1) The overall diameter of the wire, including any coating on the wire, shall measure less than 0.176 inches in diameter (the diameter of 7 SWG gauge wire using the Standard Wire Gauge (SWG) standard of measurement).
- (2) A maximum of one wire wrap shall be located on each vertical side of the escape gap.
- (3) A maximum of two wire wraps shall be located on the bottom horizontal side of the escape gap.
  - (4) Wire shall not be used on the top horizontal side of the escape gap.
- (5) Each wire shall be tightly wrapped against the inside surface of the escape gap and shall not pass over the inside surface more than once. As used in this paragraph, "tightly wrapped" means no space exists at any point between the wire and the inside surface of the escape gap.
- (c) A lobster trap constructed of lath or other material shall have an opening to allow a means of escape along the full length of one side of the rearmost chamber. The escape opening shall be of a spacing of not less than 2 3/8 inches, and the spacing shall be located parallel to, and within 2 3/8 inches of, the floor of the lobster trap.
- **Comment.** Section 33305 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 9010(c)-(e) without substantive change.

# § 33310. Locations where traps may be used

- 33310. (a) Lobster traps may be used to take spiny lobster in Districts 18, 19, 20A, and those portions of District 20 lying on the southerly side of Santa Catalina Island between Southeast Rock and China Point.
- (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), or **Sections 8660 and 8665**, lobster traps may not be used within 75 feet of any private pier, wharf, jetty, breakwater, or dock.
- **Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 33310 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8258 without substantive change.
- Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 9010(b) without substantive change.
- **Staff Note.** Existing Fish and Game Code Section 9010(b) (which would be continued by proposed Section 33310(b)), although not expressly referencing existing Fish and Game Code Section 8258 (which would be continued by proposed Section 33310(a)), appears to specify a blanket restriction on where lobster traps may otherwise be used to take lobster. Proposed Section 33310(b) would therefore make express that the authorization to use lobster traps provided by existing Section 9010(b) is subject to the restriction in existing Section 8258.
  - The staff invites comment on whether proposed Section 33310 accurately reconciles the

# intended interrelationship between existing Sections 8258 and 9010(b).

#### 2 § 33315. Incidental take of other species

- 33315. The following species may be taken incidentally in lobster traps being fished under the authority of a lobster permit issued pursuant to **Section 8254**, and
- 5 any other species taken incidentally shall be immediately released back to the
- 6 water:

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- 7 (a) Crab, other than Dungeness crab.
- 8 (b) Kellet's whelk.
- 9 (c) Octopus.
- 10 **Comment.** Section 33315 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8250.5(b) without substantive change.

# **CHAPTER 5. OTHER PROHIBITIONS**

# § 33350. Prohibition on sale of lobsters taken while skindiving

- 33350. Spiny lobsters taken by a person engaged in the activity commonly known as skindiving, or by a person using self-contained underwater breathing
- apparatus, shall not be sold.
- 17 **Comment.** Section 33350 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8250.5(c) without substantive change.

## 19 **§ 33355. Preserving**

- 33355. (a) It is unlawful to pickle, can, or otherwise preserve a spiny lobster.
- 21 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), a spiny lobster may be preserved by 22 freezing.
- 23 (c) A spiny lobster may be cooked for consumption in the fresh state.
- Comment. Section 33355 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8253 without substantive change.

## PART 9. MOLLUSKS

# TITLE 1. MOLLUSKS GENERALLY

## CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

## 29 § 33400. Provisions not exclusive

- 33400. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern mollusks include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:
  - (a) **Section 1003.**
- 34 (b) **Section 1583.**
- 35 (c) **Section 2271**.

- 1 (d) **Section 2345**.
- (e) **Section 7891**.
- 3 (f) **Section 9000.**
- 4 (g) **Section 9001**.

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- (h) **Section 10660**.
- 6 (i) **Section 10664**.
- 7 (j) **Section 10666**.
- 8 (k) **Section 10667**.
- 9 (l) **Section 15005**.
- 10 (m) **Section 15007**.
- 11 **Comment.** Section 33400 is new.

## 12 **§ 33405.** Use as bait

- 33405. A mollusk may be used for bait, or released in the same waters from which it was taken.
- 15 **Comment.** Section 33405 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 5505 applicable to mollusks without substantive change.

# § 33410. Take with powered equipment

- 33410. Powered equipment of such design as may be prescribed by the commission may be used to take mollusks under a revocable permit issued by the department and under regulations adopted by the commission.
- Comment. Section 33410 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 9053 applicable to mollusks without substantive change.

## CHAPTER 2. MOLLUSK PURIFICATION

# § 33450. Specified districts

33450. Notwithstanding **Sections 5670, 5672, 8341, and 9050**, native and nonnative mollusks may be taken in **Districts 12 and 13** and moved to other areas to be purified for human consumption under rules and regulations that may be established by the commission. The regulations may include, but are not limited to, bag limits, methods of harvest, and provisions for public use. Mollusks taken under this section shall not be used for human consumption unless such use is approved by the State Department of Public Health.

**Comment.** Section 33450 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 5700 without substantive change.

See also Health & Safety Code § 131052(6) (State Department of Public Health succeeds to and is vested with all the statutory duties, powers, purposes, responsibilities, and jurisdiction of the former State Department of Health Services referred to in former Fish and Game Code Section 5700).

#### § 33455. Sanitary surveys

33455. The State Department of Public Health may make sanitary surveys of mollusk-growing areas or may use sanitary surveys of mollusk-growing areas made by qualified state or county agencies, and based on such information may classify such areas for purposes of harvesting and moving mollusks that are to be purified for human consumption in accordance with **Section 5700**. The State Department of Public Health shall adopt rules and regulations as are necessary to implement this section.

**Comment.** Section 33455 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 5701 without substantive change.

See also Health & Safety Code § 131052(6) (State Department of Public Health succeeds to and is vested with all the statutory duties, powers, purposes, responsibilities, and jurisdiction of the former State Department of Health Services referred to in former Fish and Game Code Section 5701).

## § 33460. Certification of water quality

33460. If examinations are conducted by the State Department of Public Health pursuant to this chapter for purposes of certifying the quality of shellfish-growing waters, certification of water quality shall be commenced within 30 days and completed within six months of the filing of an application by an aquaculturist.

**Comment.** Section 33460 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 5701.5 without substantive change.

See also Health & Safety Code § 131052(6) (State Department of Public Health succeeds to and is vested with all the statutory duties, powers, purposes, responsibilities, and jurisdiction of the former State Department of Health Services referred to in former Fish and Game Code Section 5701.5).

#### § 33465. Royalty

33465. Any person who moves any native mollusks taken under regulations of the commission from **Districts 12 and 13**, for purposes of purification for human consumption, shall pay a royalty, as the commission may prescribe, of not less than two cents (\$0.02) per pound of mollusks so taken.

**Comment.** Section 33465 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 5702 without substantive change.

# CHAPTER 3. SHELLFISH

# § 33500. Authority of State Department of Public Health

- 33500. (a) The State Department of Public Health may do any of the following:
- (1) Examine any area from which shellfish may be taken.
- (2) Determine whether the area is subject to sewage contamination.
- (3) Determine whether the taking of shellfish from the area does or may constitute a menace to the lives or health of human beings.
- (b) If an examination is conducted pursuant to this chapter for purposes of certifying the quality of shellfish-growing waters, certification of water quality

shall be commenced within 30 days, and completed within three months of the filing of an application by an aquaculturist.

**Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 33500 combines and continues former Fish and Game Code Sections 5669 and 5671 without substantive change. See also Health & Safety Code § 131052(6) (State Department of Public Health succeeds to and is vested with all the statutory duties, powers, purposes, responsibilities, and jurisdiction of the former State Department of Health Services referred to in former Fish and Game Code Section 5671).

Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 5675 without substantive change.

Staff Note. Existing Fish and Game Code Section 5675 (which would be continued by proposed Section 33500(b)) requires a specified examination to be completed "within three months of the filing of an application by an aquaculturist." However, neither the section nor the article in which it appears provides any detail about this application.

The staff invites comment on the intended meaning of this reference in existing Section 5675.

## § 33505. Prohibited take

 33505. It is unlawful to take shellfish used or intended to be used for human consumption from any area from which it has been determined, as provided in this chapter, that the taking of shellfish does or may constitute a menace to the lives or health of human beings.

**Comment.** Section 33505 combines and continues former Fish and Game Code Section 5670 and the second paragraph of former Fish and Game Code Section 5672 without substantive change.

#### § 33510. Notice of contamination

33510. (a) If the State Department of Public Health determines that an area from which any shellfish may be taken is or may be subject to sewage contamination, and that the taking of shellfish from that area does or may constitute a menace to the lives or health of human beings, that agency shall ascertain as accurately as it can the bounds of the contamination, and shall post notices on or in the area describing its bounds and prohibiting the taking of shellfish from the area.

- (b) The taking of shellfish from the area is unlawful after the completion of the publication of the notices as prescribed in this article.
- (c) The fact of posting the notices shall be published once a week for four successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation published in the county in which the contaminated area is located. If no newspaper of general circulation is published in the county, the fact of the posting shall be published once a week for four successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation published in an adjoining county.

**Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 33510 continues the first paragraph of former Fish and Game Code Section 5672 without substantive change.

Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 5673 without substantive change.

1	§ 33515. Enforcement
2	33515. The State Department of Public Health shall enforce the provisions of
3	this chapter, and for that purpose the inspectors and employees of that agency may
4	at any time enter public or private property where shellfish may be located.
5	Comment. Section 33515 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 5674 without
6 7	substantive change.  See also Health & Safety Code § 131052(6) (State Department of Public Health succeeds to
8	and is vested with all the statutory duties, powers, purposes, responsibilities, and jurisdiction of
9 10	the former State Department of Health Services referred to in former Fish and Game Code Section 5674).
11	TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS [RESERVED]
12	PART 10. MUSSELS
13	TITLE 1. MUSSELS GENERALLY
14	§ 33600. Mollusk
15	33600. For the purposes of Title 9 (commencing with Section 33400), a mussel
16	is a mollusk.
17	Comment. Section 33600 is new.
18 19	Staff Note. Based on staff research, it appears that a mussel is a mollusk. The staff invites comment on whether that is correct.
20	§ 33605. Provisions not exclusive
21 22 23	33605. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern mussels include, but are not limited to, <b>Section 8597.</b> Comment. Section 33605 is new.
24	TITLE 2. DREISSENID MUSSELS
25	CHAPTER 1. MANAGEMENT BY DEPARTMENT
26 27 28 29 30 31	§ 33650. General prohibition  33650. Except as authorized by the department, a person shall not possess import, ship, or transport in the state, or place, plant, or cause to be placed or planted in any water within the state, dreissenid mussels.  Comment. Section 33650 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2301(a)(1) without change.

# 32 § **33655.** Report of discovery by any entity

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33655. Any entity that discovers dreissenid mussels within this state shall immediately report the discovery to the department.

**Comment.** Section 33655 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2301(e) without change.

# § 33660. Authority of department to inspect

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 33660. The director or his or her designee may do all of the following:

- (a) Conduct inspections of conveyances, including vehicles, boats and other watercraft, containers, and trailers, that may carry or contain adult or larval dreissenid mussels.
- (b) Temporarily stop conveyances that may carry or contain adult or larval dreissenid mussels on any roadway or waterway, in order to conduct inspections.
- (c) Order that areas in a conveyance that contain water be drained, dried, or decontaminated pursuant to procedures approved by the department. An action undertaken pursuant to this subdivision involving the use of chemicals other than salt or hot water to decontaminate a conveyance or a facility is subject to Division 13 (commencing with Section 21000) of the Public Resources Code.
- (d) Impound or quarantine conveyances in locations designated by the department for up to five days or the period of time necessary to ensure that dreissenid mussels can no longer live on or in the conveyance.
- (e) Conduct inspections of waters of the state and facilities located within waters of the state that may contain dreissenid mussels. If dreissenid mussels are detected or may be present, the director or his or her designee may order the affected waters or facilities closed to conveyances or otherwise restrict access to the affected waters or facilities, and shall order that conveyances removed from, or introduced to, the affected waters or facilities be inspected, quarantined, or disinfected in a manner and for a duration necessary to detect and prevent the spread of dreissenid mussels within the state.
- Comment. Section 33660 combines and continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2301(a)(2)(A) through (D)(i), and (c)(2), without substantive change.

# § 33665. Restricted access to designated areas

- 33665. (a) For the purpose of implementing subdivision (e) of Section 33660, the director or his or her designee shall order the closure or quarantine of, or restrict access to, these waters, areas, or facilities in a manner and duration necessary to detect and prevent the spread of dreissenid mussels within the state.
- (b) No closure, quarantine, or restriction shall be authorized by the director or his or her designee without the concurrence of the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency.
- (c) If a closure lasts longer than seven days, the department shall update the operator of the affected facility every 10 days on efforts to address the dreissenid infestation. The department shall provide these updates in writing and also post these updates on the department's Internet Web site in an easily accessible manner.

- (d) The department shall develop procedures to ensure proper notification of affected local and federal agencies, and, as appropriate, the Department of Water Resources, the Department of Parks and Recreation, and the State Lands Commission in the event of a decision to close, quarantine, or restrict a facility pursuant to this paragraph. These procedures shall include the reasons for the closure, quarantine, or restriction, and methods for providing updated information to those affected. These procedures shall also include protocols for the posting of the notifications on the department's Internet Web site required by subdivision (c).
  - (e) When deciding the scope, duration, level, and type of restrictions, and specific location of a closure or quarantine, the director shall consult with the agency, entity, owner, or operator with jurisdiction, control, or management responsibility over the marina, boat launch facility, or other facility, in order to focus the closure or quarantine to specific areas and facilities so as to avoid or minimize disruption of economic or recreational activity in the vicinity.
- **Comment.** Section 33665 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2301(a)(2)(D)(ii)-(iv) without substantive change.

## § 33670. Involvement of other agencies

- 33670. (a) Upon a determination by the director that it would further the purposes of this section, other state agencies, including, but not limited to, the Department of Parks and Recreation, the Department of Water Resources, the Department of Food and Agriculture, and the State Lands Commission, may exercise the authority granted to the department in Sections 33660 and 33665.
- (b) A determination made pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be in writing and shall remain in effect until withdrawn, in writing, by the director.
- Comment. Section 33670 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2301(b) without substantive change.

# § 33675. Inapplicability of division of Public Resources Code

- 33675. Except as provided in subdivision (c) of Section 33660, Division 13 (commencing with Section 21000) of the Public Resources Code does not apply to the implementation of this section.
- Comment. Section 33675 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2301(c)(1) without substantive change.

# § 33680. Water supply agency cooperation

- 33680. (a) A public or private agency that operates a water supply system shall cooperate with the department to implement measures to avoid infestation by dreissenid mussels, and to control or eradicate any infestation that may occur in a water supply system.
- (b) If dreissenid mussels are detected, the operator of the water supply system, in cooperation with the department, shall prepare and implement a plan to control

- or eradicate dreissenid mussels within the system. The approved plan shall contain the following minimum elements:
- (1) Methods for delineation of infestation, including both adult mussels and veligers.
- (2) Methods for control or eradication of adult mussels and decontamination of water containing larval mussels.
  - (3) A systematic monitoring program to determine any changes in conditions.
- (4) A requirement that the operator of the water supply system permit inspections by the department, as well as cooperate with the department, to update or revise control or eradication measures in the approved plan to address scientific advances in the methods of controlling or eradicating mussels and veligers.
- (c) If the operator of water delivery and storage facilities for public water supply purposes has prepared, initiated, and is in compliance with all the elements of an approved plan to control or eradicate dreissenid mussels in accordance with subdivision (b), the requirements of Sections 33660 and 33665 do not apply to the operation of those water delivery and storage facilities, and the operator is not subject to any civil or criminal liability for the introduction of dreissenid mussel species as a result of those operations.
- (d) The department may require the operator of a facility to update its plan, and if the plan is not updated or revised as described in paragraph (4) of subdivision (b), Sections 33660 and 33665 shall apply to the operation of the water delivery and storage facilities covered by the plan until the operator updates or revises the plan and initiates and complies with all of the elements of the updated or revised plan.
- Comment. Section 33680 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2301(d) without substantive change.

# § 33685. Department authority to adopt regulations

- 33685. The department may adopt regulations to carry out this chapter.
- Comment. Section 33685 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2301(g) without substantive change.

# § 33690. Immunity from liability

- 33690. Pursuant to Section 818.4 of the Government Code, the department and any other state agency exercising authority under this section shall not be liable with regard to any determination or authorization made pursuant to this chapter.
- **Comment.** Section 33690 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2301(h) without substantive change.

## § 33695. Penalty for violation

33695. (a) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, any person who violates this chapter, violates any verbal or written order or regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter, or who resists, delays, obstructs, or interferes with the

- implementation of this chapter, is subject to a penalty, in an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000), which shall be imposed administratively by the department.
  - (b) A penalty shall not be imposed pursuant to subdivision (a) unless the department has adopted regulations specifying the amount of the penalty and the procedure for imposing and appealing the penalty.
  - **Comment.** Section 33695 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2301(f) without substantive change.

# § 33700. Inoperative date

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- 33700. This chapter shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2017, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2017, deletes or extends that date.
- 13 **Comment.** Section 33700 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2301(i) without substantive change.

#### CHAPTER 2. RESERVOIR OWNERS OR MANAGERS

# § 33750. Inapplicability of chapter

- 17 33750. This chapter does not apply to a reservoir in which nonnative dreissenid mussels have been detected.
- 19 **Comment.** Section 33750 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2302(g) without 20 substantive change.

## § 33755. Duties where water activities are permitted

- 33755. Any person, or federal, state, or local agency, district, or authority that owns or manages a reservoir, as defined in Section 6004.5 of the Water Code, where recreational, boating, or fishing activities are permitted, except a privately owned reservoir that is not open to the public, shall do both of the following:
- (a) Assess the vulnerability of the reservoir for the introduction of nonnative dreissenid mussel species.
- (b) Develop and implement a program designed to prevent the introduction of nonnative dreissenid mussel species, which shall include, at a minimum, all of the following:
- (1) Public education.
- (2) Monitoring.
- 33 (3) Management of those recreational, boating, or fishing activities that are permitted.
- Comment. Section 33755 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2302(a)-(b) without substantive change.

## § 33760. Duties where water activities are not permitted

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- 33760. Any person, or federal, state, or local agency, district, or authority, that owns or manages a reservoir as defined in Section 6004.5 of the Water Code
- where recreational, boating, or fishing activities of any kind are not permitted,
- 5 except a privately owned reservoir that is not open to the public, shall, based on its
- 6 available resources and staffing, include visual monitoring for the presence of
- 7 mussels as part of its routine field activities.
- 8 **Comment.** Section 33760 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2302(c) without substantive change.

# 10 § 33765. Duties where reservoir not open to public

- 33765. Any entity that owns or manages a reservoir as defined in Section 6004.5
- of the Water Code, except a privately owned reservoir, that is not open to the
- public for recreational, boating, or fishing activities, may refuse the planting of
- 14 fish in that reservoir by the department, unless the department can demonstrate
- that the fish are not known to be infected with nonnative dreissenid mussels.
- 16 **Comment.** Section 33765 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2302(d) without substantive change.

# § 33770. Applicability of chapter to governmental entities

- 33770. Except as specifically set forth in this chapter, this chapter applies both to reservoirs that are owned or managed by governmental entities, and reservoirs
- 21 that are owned or managed by private persons or entities.
- Comment. Section 33770 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 2302(e) without substantive change.

# § 33775. Adoption of regulations by department

- 33775. To the extent that sufficient funds and personnel are available to do so,
- the department may adopt regulations establishing procedures to implement this
- section and Section 33780, and to enforce this chapter.
- Comment. Section 33775 continues the third sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 2302(f) without substantive change.

# 30 § **33780. Penalty for violation**

- 33780. (a) A violation of this chapter is not governed by **Section 12000**.
- 32 (b) In lieu of any other penalty provided by law, a person who violates this
- chapter is subject to a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed one thousand
- dollars (\$1,000) per violation, which shall be imposed administratively by the
- 35 department.
- 36 **Comment.** Section 33780 continues the first two sentences of former Fish and Game Code
- 37 Section 2302(f) without substantive change.

## 1 TITLE 3. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS 2 § 33850. Application of title 33850. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial 3 provisions. 4 **Comment.** Section 33850 is new. It is added for drafting convenience. 6 § 33900. Take 33900. Mussels (Mytilus californianus) may be taken only in accordance with 7 regulations that the commission may adopt. Comment. Section 33900 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8344 without 9 10 substantive change. PART 11. SCALLOPS 11 TITLE 1. SCALLOPS GENERALLY 12 13 § 33950. Mollusk 14 33950. For the purposes of Title 9 (commencing with Section 33400), a scallop is a mollusk. 15 Comment. Section 33950 is new. 16 17 Staff Note. Based on staff research, it appears that a scallop is a mollusk. The staff invites comment on whether that is correct. 18 TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS 19 20 § 34000. Application of title 34000. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial 21 provisions. 22 23 **Comment.** Section 34000 is new. It is added for drafting convenience. § 34005. Sale or purchase 24 34005. It is unlawful for a person to sell or purchase rock scallops (Hinnites 25 multirugosus) or scallops (Pecten circularis), except that scallops cultivated 26 pursuant to Division 12 (commencing with Section 15000) may be sold or 27

Comment. Section 34005 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8345 without

purchased subject to regulations of the commission.

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substantive change.

## PART 12. SEA CUCUMBERS

# TITLE 1. SEA CUCUMBERS GENERALLY

#### § 34050. Provisions not exclusive

- 34050. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern sea cucumbers include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:
  - (a) Section **8496**.
- (b) Section **8841**.

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Comment. Section 34050 is new.

# TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

# 11 § **34100. Application of title**

- 34100. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
- **Comment.** Section 34100 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

# § 34105. Take, possession, or landing

- 34105. (a) A sea cucumber shall not be taken, possessed aboard a boat, or landed by a person, for a commercial purpose, except under a valid sea cucumber permit issued to that person that has not been suspended or revoked.
- (b) When taking a sea cucumber by diving, every diver shall have a sea cucumber diving permit issued to that person that has not been suspended or revoked.
- (c) When a sea cucumber is taken by means other than diving, at least one person aboard the boat shall have a valid sea cucumber trawl permit issued to that person that has not been suspended or revoked.
- **Comment.** Section 34105 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8405 without substantive change.

#### § 34110. Permit

- 34110. (a) An applicant for a sea cucumber permit shall specify by gear type, either trawl or dive, the method by which the applicant intends to take sea cucumbers. The gear type of a sea cucumber permit, either trawl or dive, shall not be transferable.
  - (b) The fee for a sea cucumber permit shall be two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).
- (c) Each permittee shall complete and submit an accurate record of all sea cucumber fishing activities on forms provided by the department.
- (d) In order to renew a sea cucumber permit for any permit year, an applicant shall have been issued a sea cucumber permit in the immediately preceding permit

- year. Applications for renewal of a sea cucumber permit shall be received by the department or, postmarked if mailed, by April 30 of the permit year.
- Comment. Section 34110 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8405.1 without substantive change.

## § 34115. Transfer of permit

- 34115. (a) A valid sea cucumber permit may be transferred by the permittee if the permittee has previously held a valid sea cucumber permit for any four permit years and landed at least 100 pounds of sea cucumbers in each of those permit years, as documented by landing receipts with the name of the permittee shown on the receipts.
- (b) A valid sea cucumber permit that has not been suspended or revoked may be transferred only to a person who has a valid commercial fishing license issued pursuant to **Section 7852** that has not been suspended or revoked. A sea cucumber permit shall not be transferred to a person who has had a sea cucumber permit suspended or revoked, while the suspension or revocation is in effect.
- (c) An application for transfer of a permit shall be in the form of a notarized letter, and shall be submitted to the department, with reasonable proof that the department may require to establish the qualifications of the permitholder and the transferee, accompanied by payment to the department of a nonrefundable transfer fee of two hundred dollars (\$200).
- (d) The transfer shall take effect on the date notice of approval of the application is given to the transferee by the department.
- (e) The transferred sea cucumber permit shall be valid for the remainder of the permit year, and may be renewed in subsequent years.
- (f) A sea cucumber trawl permit may be transferred to a qualified person as provided in subdivisions (b) and (c) to take sea cucumbers by diving or by use of trawl nets. A sea cucumber dive permit may be transferred to a qualified person as provided in subdivisions (b) and (c) only to take sea cucumbers by diving. The transferee shall specify the gear type, either trawl or dive, that the transferee intends to use to take sea cucumbers. The gear type of the sea cucumber permit, either trawl or dive, shall not be transferable.
- (g) Upon the death of a sea cucumber permitholder, the deceased person's sea cucumber dive or trawl permit may be transferred by his or her heirs, assignees, or estate to a qualified person as provided in subdivision (b), upon payment of the fee described in subdivision (c), and in accordance with subdivisions (a) and (f). The estate of the decedent may transfer the permit pursuant to this title no later than two years from the date of death of the permitholder, as listed on the death certificate.
- (h) For purposes of a transfer under subdivision (g), the heirs, assignees, or estate shall renew the permit as specified in **Section 8405.1** to keep the permit valid until transferred.

**Comment.** Section 34115 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8405.2 without substantive change.

### § 34120. Commission regulation

- 34120. (a) The commission, upon recommendation of the department or upon its own motion and in consultation with the sea cucumber fishing industry, may adopt regulations, including provisions governing seasons, gear restrictions, hours of operation, and any other measures that it determines may reasonably be necessary to protect the sea cucumber resource and to assure a sustainable sea cucumber fishery or to enhance enforcement activities.
- (b) The number of sea cucumber permits issued for the April 1, 1997, to March 31, 1998, inclusive, permit year shall constitute the maximum number of permits available for all subsequent permit years for the sea cucumber fishery. The department may establish by regulation a method, if necessary, to reissue any sea cucumber permit not renewed or transferred. The permit type of a sea cucumber permit, either trawl or dive, that is reissued shall not be transferable.
- (c) The commission may permanently revoke the sea cucumber permit of any person convicted of the unlawful taking of any California halibut while operating pursuant to a sea cucumber permit. The commission may revoke the sea cucumber permit of any person convicted of any other violation of this code or regulation adopted pursuant thereto while operating pursuant to a sea cucumber permit. Any revocation of a permit pursuant to this subdivision shall be in addition to any action the department may take pursuant to **Section 12000**.
- (d) The department, using existing funds, may determine the actual costs to the department of enforcing this chapter. The commission, upon recommendation of the department, may adjust the fee for the issuance or transfer of a permit to an amount not to exceed three hundred fifty dollars (\$350), to reflect the actual cost of enforcing this chapter.
- **Comment.** Section 34120 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8405.3 without substantive change.

#### § 34125. Inoperative date of chapter

- 34125. This chapter shall become inoperative on April 1, 2020, and, as of January 1, 2021, is repealed, unless a later enacted statute that is enacted before January 1, 2021, deletes or extends the date on which this chapter becomes inoperative or is repealed.
- Comment. Section 34125 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8405.4 without substantive change.

#### PART 13. SEA URCHINS

## TITLE 1. SEA URCHINS GENERALLY

#### § 34250. Provisions not exclusive

34250. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern sea urchins include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:

- (a) **Section 6903.5**.
- (b) **Section 7059.**

**Comment.** Section 34250 is new.

## § 34255. Department grant

- 34255. (a) Beginning November 1, 1991, the director shall make a grant in installments to a nonprofit organization of sea urchin divers in an amount not to exceed four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000), for the organization to accomplish the following purposes:
- (1) To establish a communications network among sea urchin divers, through a newsletter and such other means as are deemed necessary and appropriate by the organization, providing divers with information on policies, procedures, statutes, and regulations affecting the sea urchin fishery, meeting announcements, and for other information the department reasonably requests to be transmitted to sea urchin divers.
- (2) To establish an education program on the conservation and utilization of sea urchins.
- (3) To convene statewide conferences for members of the industry to meet for purposes of strengthening the industry and benefiting industry goals.
- (b) The grant shall be paid, upon submission and approval of an annual budget, in quarterly installments, in amounts deemed appropriate by the department, upon the submission to the department of progress reports which demonstrate the continued achievements of the organization toward the intended goals.
- (c) Prior to making the grant, the director shall verify from the nonprofit organization's bylaws that it is established for, among other purposes, the protection, conservation, enhancement, and promotion of the sea urchin fishery, and that its membership, including its board of directors, is composed solely of licensed commercial sea urchin divers.
- (d) The grant shall be funded from revenues received pursuant to former subdivision (b) of Section 8051.1, as that subdivision read on December 31, 1995. If the department determines that the revenue received from former subdivision (b) of Section 8051.1, as that subdivision read on December 31, 1995, is not sufficient to fund the amount of the grant, including departmental overhead charges which shall be recovered from the revenues received pursuant to that former subdivision (b) of Section 8051.1, the department shall reduce the amount

- of the grant accordingly. The revenue received pursuant to that former subdivision
  (b) of Section 8051.1 shall remain available for funding of the grant program
  pursuant to this subdivision until that revenue is fully encumbered, or the
  authorized amount of the grant program is expended, whichever event is later.
  - (e) The revenue received pursuant to former subdivision (b) of Section 8051.1 as it read on December 31, 1995, shall first be used to reimburse the department for departmental overhead charges incurred in administering the grant.
  - **Comment.** Section 34255 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 1068 without substantive change.

Staff Note. The staff invites comment on whether existing Fish and Game Code Section 1068 is obsolete, and need not be continued in the proposed law.

## TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

## § 34300. Application of title

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- 34300. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
- 16 **Comment.** Section 34300 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

#### § 34305. Permit required

- 34305. (a) Sea urchins shall not be taken for a commercial purpose except under a valid sea urchin diving permit issued to that person that has not been suspended or revoked, subject to regulations adopted by the commission.
  - (b) The fee for a sea urchin diving permit is three hundred thirty dollars (\$330).
- (c) The commission may, whenever necessary to prevent overutilization, or to ensure efficient and economic operation of the fishery, limit the number of permits that may be issued.
- (d) The commission, as it determines appropriate to protect the resource, may limit the number of permits, either on a statewide basis or within selected geographical areas.
- **Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 34305 continues the first sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 9054 without substantive change.
- Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 9055 without substantive change.
- Subdivision (c) continues the third sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 9054 without substantive change.
- Subdivision (d) continues the fourth sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 9054 without substantive change.

#### 36 § 34310. Allowed appliances

- 34310. Rakes, airlifts, or other handheld appliances may be used to take sea urchins.
- Comment. Section 34310 continues the second sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 9054 without change.

#### PART 14. SHRIMP 1 TITLE 1. SHRIMP GENERALLY 2 § 34350. Crustacean 3 34350. For the purposes of Part 6 (commencing with Section 32850), a shrimp is 4 a crustacean. 5 Comment. Section 34350 is new. 6 7 Staff Note. Based on staff research, it appears that a shrimp is a crustacean. The staff invites comment on whether that is correct. 9 § 34400. Provisions not exclusive 34400. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other 10 provisions that govern shrimp include, but are not limited to, the following 11 provisions: 12 (a) **Section 7059.** 13 (b) **Section 8597**. 14 (c) **Section 8841**. 15 (d) **Section 9050**. 16 (e) **Section 15005**. 17 Comment. Section 34400 is new. 18 TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS 19 CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS 20 § 34450. Application of title 21 34450. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial 22 provisions. 23 **Comment.** Section 34450 is new. It is added for drafting convenience. 24 § 34455. "Shrimp" 25 34455. For the purposes of this title, "prawns" or "shrimp," or both, include all 26 of the following species: 27 (1) Spot prawn (Pandalus platyceros). 28 (2) Ridgeback prawn (Sicyonia ingentis). 29 (3) Coonstrip prawn (Pandalus danae). 30 (4) Pacific ocean shrimp (Pandalus jordani). 31 (5) Bay shrimp (Crangon franciscorum and Crago sp.). 32 (6) Red rock shrimp (Lysmata californica). 33 Comment. Section 34455 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8590 without 34 substantive change. 35

1	Chapter 2. Take
1	CHAITER 2. TAKE
2	Article 1. General Provisions
3	§ 34500. Take generally allowed
4	34500. Except as provided in this chapter, prawns or shrimp may be taken in any
5	waters of the state.
6 7	<b>Comment.</b> Section 34500 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8593 without substantive change.
8	§ 34505. Take for commercial purpose
9	34505. Prawns or shrimp may be taken for a commercial purpose under the
10	regulations of the commission.
11 12	<b>Comment.</b> Section 34505 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8591 without substantive change.
13	§ 34510. Use of traps
14	34510. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, prawns or shrimp may
15	be taken with a prawn trap or shrimp trap under a general trap permit issued
16	pursuant to Section 9001.
17	(b) Prawns or shrimp may be taken for a commercial purpose in either a prawn
18	trap or a shrimp trap, subject to Article 1 (commencing with Section 9000) of
19	Chapter 4.
20	(c) A prawn trap or a shrimp trap shall be six feet or less in its greatest
21	dimension. Every opening from the exterior to the interior of a prawn trap or a
22	shrimp trap shall be five inches or less in any dimension.
23	(d) No other species shall be taken in a prawn trap or a shrimp trap. Any other
24	species taken incidentally with a prawn trap or a shrimp trap shall be immediately
25	released.
26	<b>Comment.</b> Subdivision (a) of Section 34510 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 0015(a) without substantive change
27 28	9015(a) without substantive change. Subdivision (b) continues the second part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8595(a)
29	without substantive change.
30	Subdivision (c) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 9015(b) without change.
31	Subdivision (d) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8595(b) without change.
32	Article 2. Geographic Restrictions
33	§ 34550. Take south of Point Concepcion
34	34550. From Point Conception south to the Mexican border, shrimp may be
35	taken with prawn or shrimp traps only in waters 50 fathoms or greater in depth.
36	Comment. Section 34550 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8594 without

- 214 -

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change.

#### Article 3. Use of Trawl Nets

## § 34600. Permit

 34600. Subject to Article 10 (commencing with Section 8830) of Chapter 3, prawns or shrimp may be taken for a commercial purpose with a trawl net of a design prescribed by the commission, pursuant to a permit issued by the department and under regulations adopted by the commission.

(b) **Sections 8831, 8833, 8835, and 8836** do not apply to trawl nets used or possessed under a permit issued pursuant to this section.

**Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 34600 combines and restates the first part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8595(a) and the first paragraph of former Fish and Game Code Section 8842(a) without substantive change.

Subdivision (b) continues the second paragraph of former Fish and Game Code Section 8842(a) without substantive change.

Staff Note. Proposed Section 34600(a) is intended to combine and restate the first part of former Fish and Game Code Section 8595(a) and the first paragraph of former Fish and Game Code Section 8842(a) to improve the clarity of those provisions, without changing their substantive effect. The existing provisions read as follows:

"8595. (a) Prawns or shrimp may be taken for commercial purposes with a trawl net, subject to Article 10 (commencing with Section 8830) of Chapter 3,....

8842. (a) Trawl nets of a design prescribed by the commission may be used or possessed to take shrimps or prawns under a permit issued by the department under regulations adopted by the commission."

The staff invites comment on whether the combining and restatement of these two provisions would cause any substantive change in the meaning of either.

#### § 34605. Geographic restrictions

34605. (a) Trawling for prawns or shrimp shall be authorized only in those waters of **Districts 6, 7, 10, 17, 18, and 19** that lie not less than three nautical miles from the nearest point of land on the mainland shore, and all offshore islands and the boundary line of **District 19A**.

(b) The commission shall permit the taking of pink shrimp not less than two nautical miles from shore in waters that lie between a line extending due west from False Cape and a line extending due west from Point Reyes from the nearest point of land on the mainland shore, if the commission finds that, upon review of information from the federal groundfish observer program and other available research and monitoring information that it determines relevant, the use of trawl gear minimizes bycatch, will not damage seafloor habitat, will not adversely affect ecosystem health, and will not impede reasonable restoration of kelp, coral, or other biogenic habitats. The commission shall pay special attention to areas where kelp and other biogenic habitats existed and where restoring those habitats is feasible, and to hard bottom areas and other substrate that may be particularly sensitive to bottom trawl impacts in making that finding.

**Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 34605 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8842(b) without substantive change. A stated exception to the provision, expressly expiring on

1 January 1, 2008, is discontinued.

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2 Subdivision (b) continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8842(d) without change.

### 3 § 34610. Incidental take while fishing for pink shrimp

- 34610. When fishing for pink shrimp (Pandalus jordani) under a permit issued pursuant to Section 34600, it is unlawful to possess in excess of 1,500 pounds of incidentally taken fish per calendar day of a fishing trip, except Pacific whiting, shortbelly rockfish, and arrowtooth flounder, which may be taken in any amount not in excess of federal regulations.
- 9 **Comment.** Section 34610 continues the first sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8842(c) without substantive change.

#### 11 § 34615. Possession or landing of halibut while fishing

- 34615. No Pacific halibut and not more than 150 pounds of California halibut shall be possessed or landed when fishing under a permit issued pursuant to Section 34600.
- 15 **Comment.** Section 34615 continues the second sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8842(c) without substantive change.

## 17 § 34620. Incidental take while fishing for ridgeback or spotted prawn

- 34620. When fishing for ridgeback prawn and spotted prawn under a permit issued pursuant to Section 34600, it is unlawful to possess in excess of 1,000 pounds of incidentally taken fish per trip.
- Comment. Section 34620 continues the third sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8842(c) without substantive change.

# PART 15. SQUID

## TITLE 1. SQUID GENERALLY

#### § 34700. Provisions not exclusive

- 34700. The provisions of this part are not intended to be exclusive. Other provisions that govern squid include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:
- 29 (a) Section **8046**.
- 30 (b) Section **8597.**
- 31 (c) Section **8780**.
- 32 (d) Section **8780**.
- 33 (e) Section **10660**.
- 34 **Comment.** Section 34700 is new.

#### TITLE 2. COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

#### CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

#### 3 § 34750. Application of title

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- 34750. For purposes of **Section 7600**, the provisions in this title are commercial provisions.
  - **Comment.** Section 34750 is new. It is added for drafting convenience.

#### CHAPTER 2. TAKE

## § 34800. When take permitted

- 34800. (a) North of Point Conception, squid may be taken the year around.
- (b) The commission may adopt regulations specifying the days of the week and the times of the day when squid may be taken.
- **Comment.** Section 34800 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8399 without substantive change.

**Staff Note.** The intended meaning of the first clause of existing Fish and Game Code Section 8399 (which would be continued by proposed Section 34800(a)) is unclear. Is this provision meant to *prohibit* the taking of squid anywhere *south* of Point Concepcion?

The staff invites comment on this issue.

#### § 34805. Unlawful activities in District 10

- 34805. (a) In **District 10**, it is unlawful to engage in the following activities:
- (1) Attract squid by a light displayed from any vessel, except a vessel deploying nets for the take, possession, and landing of squid or from the seine skiff of the vessel deploying nets for the take, possession, and landing of squid.
- (2) Attract squid by a light displayed from any vessel whose primary purpose is not the deployment, or assisting in the deployment, of nets for the take, possession, and landing of squid.
- (3) To encircle any vessel, other than by the seine skiff of a vessel deploying nets for the take, possession, and landing of squid, while that vessel is engaged in the taking of squid.
- (b) For purposes of this section, "seine skiff" means a vessel that meets all of the following requirements:
- (1) It is not licensed by the federal government or registered by the Department of Motor Vehicles.
- (2) It is used to assist a larger federally-licensed or state-registered fishing vessel by assisting in the deployment and retrieval of nets and the landing of fish.
  - (3) It travels with that larger fishing vessel at all times.
- (4) It is used solely at the direction of the operator of the larger fishing vessel.
- (5) It is owned by the owner of the larger fishing vessel.

**Comment.** Section 34805 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8399.1 without substantive change.

Staff Notes. The staff notes the following ambiguities in the language of existing Section 8399.1(a):

- 1. Under Section 8399.1(a)(1), may light be displayed to attract squid from the *seine skiff* of a vessel deploying squid nets? If so, does the seine skiff have to itself be concurrently deploying nets?
- 2. In Section 8399.1(a)(3), which "vessel" is the object of the reference "while that vessel is engaged in the taking of squid" at the end of the provision the vessel deploying squid nets with a seine skiff, or the vessel that is being encircled?

The staff invites comment on these questions.

## CHAPTER 3. MARKET SQUID

#### § 34850. Legislative declaration

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- 34850. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that the fishery for market squid (Loligo opalescens) is the state's largest fishery by volume, generating millions of dollars of income to the state annually from domestic and foreign sales. In addition to supporting an important commercial fishery, the market squid resource is important to the recreational fishery and is forage for other fish taken for commercial and recreational purposes, as well as for marine mammals, birds, and other marine life. The growing international market for squid and declining squid production from other parts of the world has resulted in an increased demand for California market squid, which, in turn, has led to newer, larger, and more efficient vessels entering the fishery and increased processing capacity.
- (b) The Legislature finds that the lack of research on market squid and the lack of annual at-sea surveys to determine the status of the resource, combined with the increased demand for, and fishing effort on, market squid could result in overfishing of the resource, damaging the resource, and financially harming those persons engaged in the taking, landing, processing, and sale of market squid.
- (c) The Legislature further finds that some individuals, vessels, and processing plants engaged in the market squid fishery have no other viable alternative fisheries available to them and that a decline or a loss of the market squid resource would cause economic devastation to the individuals or corporations engaged in the market squid fishery.
- (d) The Legislature declares that to prevent excessive fishing effort in the market squid fishery and to develop a plan for the sustainable harvest of market squid, it is necessary to adopt and implement a fishery management plan for the California market squid fishery that sustains both the squid population and the marine life that depends on squid.
- (e) The Legislature finds that a sustainable California market squid fishery can best be ensured through ongoing oversight and management of the fishery by the commission. With regard to the market squid fishery, the Legislature urges that any limited entry component of a fishery management plan, if necessary, should

- be adopted for the primary purpose of protecting the resource and not simply for
- 2 the purpose of diminishing or advancing the economic interests of any particular
- 3 individual or group.

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4 **Comment.** Section 34850 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8420 without 5 change.

#### 6 § 34855. Purchase of squid from vessel

- 34855. (a) No person shall purchase squid from a vessel or vessels unless that person holds a license issued pursuant to **Section 8032 or 8033**, employs a certified weighmaster, and the facilities operated by the person are located on a permanent, fixed location.
- 11 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, this section shall not apply to 12 the transfer at sea of squid for live bait in an amount less than 200 pounds in a 13 calendar day.
- 14 **Comment.** Section 34855 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8424 without substantive change.

#### § 34860. Adoption of fishery management plan and regulations

- 34860. The commission, after consideration of the report and recommendations 17 prepared by the department pursuant to subdivision (c) of former Section 8426, 18 and, after public hearings, shall adopt a market squid fishery management plan and 19 regulations to protect the squid resource and manage the squid fishery at a level 20 that sustains healthy squid populations, taking into account the level of fishing 21 effort and ecological factors, including, but not limited to, the species' role in the 22 marine ecosystem and oceanic conditions. The management plan shall be 23 consistent with the requirements of Part 1.7 (commencing with Section 7050). 24
- Development of the plan shall be coordinated with the federal Coastal Pelagic
- Species Fishery Management Plan.
- Comment. Section 34860 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8425(a) without substantive change.

#### 29 § 34865. Management of fishery

- 30 34865. The commission shall manage the squid fishery in accordance with the requirements of **Part 1.7** (commencing with Section 7050).
- 32 **Comment.** Section 34865 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8425(b) without substantive change.

#### 34 **§ 34870. Permit fee**

- 35 34870. (a) The fee for a commercial market squid vessel permit and for a commercial squid light boat owner's permit shall be established annually by the commission.
- 38 (b) The total amount of fees collected pursuant to this section, including any 39 revenue derived from any other appropriate source, as determined and allocated by

- the commission, shall not exceed the department's and the commission's costs for managing the market squid fishery pursuant to **Section 8425**.
- 3 (c) The fees collected pursuant to this chapter shall be used only for the management of the market squid fishery pursuant to **Section 8425**.
- Comment. Section 34870 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8427 without substantive change.

## § 34875. Statements relating to permit

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- 34875. Any statement made to the department, orally or in writing, relating to a permit issued under this chapter, shall be made under penalty of perjury.
- 10 **Comment.** Section 34875 continues the first sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8429 without substantive change.

#### § 34880. Revocations based on submission of material false statements

- 34880. The commission shall revoke the commercial fishing license, the commercial boat registration of any vessel, and, if applicable, any licenses issued pursuant to **Section 8032, 8033, or 8034** that are held by any person submitting material false statements, as determined by the commission, for the purpose of obtaining a commercial market squid vessel permit or a commercial or light boat owner's permit.
- 19 **Comment.** Section 34880 continues the second sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 8429 without substantive change.
- Staff Note. Staff research suggests that, in addition to the two market squid permits listed in the second sentence of existing Section 8429 (which would be continued by proposed Section 34880), a third type of market squid permit is now available, a market squid brail permit. Should proposed Section 34880 be revised to make it applicable to this permit as well?

## § 34885. No limit on authority of director or commission

- 34885. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, nothing in this chapter shall prohibit or otherwise limit the authority of the director or the commission under any other law.
- Comment. Section 34885 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8429.5 without substantive change.

## § 34890. Inoperative date of sections

- 34890. Sections 8420.5 to 8423.5, inclusive, and Sections 8426 and 8427 shall become inoperative upon the adoption by the commission of a market squid fishery management plan and the adoption of implementing regulations pursuant to Section 8425, and are repealed six months thereafter.
- 36 **Comment.** Section 34890 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 8429.7 without 37 substantive change.

Staff Note. All sections that would be rendered inoperative and repealed by existing Fish and 1 Game Code Section 8429.7 (which would be continued by proposed Section 34890) have already 2 3 been repealed.

The staff invites comment on whether existing Section 8429.7 is therefore obsolete and need not be continued in the proposed law.

## CHAPTER 4. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

### § 34950. Unloading for use in cannery

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- 34950. (a) No squid intended for or used in any cannery shall be unloaded from any vessel, except at a weighing or measuring device approved by the Bureau of Weights and Measures.
- (b) Those squid shall be weighed by a public weighmaster licensed as an individual under the laws of this state, and a receipt as to that weight shall be immediately issued by the weighmaster to the commercial fisherman at the time of receipt of the products.
- (c) Copies of the receipt shall be handled in the manner provided in Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 14300) and Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 14500) of Title 9.
- 18 Comment. Section 34950 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 7702.1 applicable to squid without substantive change. 19

#### DIVISION 10. AMPHIBIANS

#### PART 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

#### 22 § 36000. Provisions not exclusive

- 36000. Animals governed by this division are also governed by other provisions of this code, including but not limited to Division 5 (commencing with Section 24 5000).
- Comment. Section 36000 is new. 26

#### 27 § 36005. Use as bait

- 36005. An amphibian may be used for bait, or released in the same waters from 28 which it was taken. 29
- Comment. Section 36005 continues the part of former Fish and Game Code Section 5505 30 applicable to amphibians without substantive change.

#### PART 2. NATIVE AMPHIBIANS

## § 36050. "Native amphibian

36050. "Native amphibian" as used in this part means a salamander, toad, or any 34

- other member of the class amphibia native to California.
- Comment. Section 36050 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6895 without substantive change.

#### 4 § 36055. Commission to establish rules

- 5 36055. Except as otherwise provided in this part, the commission shall establish
- 6 rules for the commercial take, sale, transport, export, or import of native
- 7 amphibians.

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8 **Comment.** Section 36055 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6896 without substantive change.

#### PART 3. SPECIFIC TYPES OF AMPHIBIANS

#### TITLE 1. FROGS

### CHAPTER 1. PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

- 13 **§ 36100. "Frog"**
- 14 36100. As used in this title, "frog" means all species of frog.
- 15 **Comment.** Section 36100 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6850 without substantive change.
- 17 § **36105.** Provisions not exclusive
- 36105. The provisions of this title are not intended to be exclusive. Other
- 19 provisions that govern abalone include, but are not limited to, the following
- 20 provisions:
- 21 (a) **Section 2003**.
- 22 (b) **Section 15005**.
- 23 **Comment.** Section 36105 is new.

#### CHAPTER 2. TAKE OR POSSESSION

### § 36150. General prohibition on take or possession

- 36150. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this code or in regulations adopted
- by the commission, it is unlawful to take or possess any frog for a commercial
- 28 purpose.

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- 29 (b) This chapter does not apply to frogs grown pursuant to **Division 12** 30 (commencing with Section 15000).
- Comment. Section 36150 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6851 without substantive change.

#### 33 § 36155. Prohibited take by firearm

36155. It is unlawful to take frogs by the use of firearms of any caliber or type.

Comment. Section 36155 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6854 without change.

### § 36160. Lawful possession limited to authorized number of frogs

36160. Any person who conducts a place of business where frogs are sold to the public for food, or who takes or possesses frogs for sale to or for use by educational or scientific institutions for scientific purposes, may possess at the place of business only the number of frogs that have been legally obtained pursuant to this code or regulations adopted by the commission.

**Comment.** Section 36160 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6852 without change.

## § 36165. Disposal permit

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36165. The department may issue a permit to take and dispose of frogs under any limitations the commission may prescribe, when in the judgment of the department, frogs are polluting the water supply in any area, or otherwise constitute a nuisance.

**Comment.** Section 36165 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6855 without substantive change.

#### CHAPTER 3. FROG JUMPING CONTESTS

#### § 36200. "Frog-jumping contest"

36200. As used in this chapter, "frog-jumping contest" means a contest generally and popularly known as a frog-jumping contest, which is open to the public and is advertised or announced in a newspaper.

**Comment.** Section 36200 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6880 without substantive change.

#### § 36205. Applicability of chapter

36205. The provisions of this chapter apply only to a frog that satisfies all the following requirements:

- (a) The frog is taken by a means and in a manner that normally would not seriously injure the frog.
  - (b) The frog is to be used in a frog-jumping contest.
  - (c) The frog is kept in a manner that will reasonably preserve its life.

Comment. Section 36205 combines and restates the first sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 6881, Section 6882, and Section 6884, without substantive change.

Staff Note. Proposed Section 36205 is intended to combine and restate the first sentence of former Fish and Game Code Section 6881, Section 6882, and Section 6884, to improve the clarity of those provisions without changing their substantive effect. The existing provisions read as follows:

"6881. Frogs to be used in frog-jumping contests shall be governed by this article only.

6882. If the means used for taking such frogs can, as normally used, seriously injure the frog, it

1 shall be conclusively presumed the taking is not for the purposes of a frog-jumping contest. 2 6884. A frog which is not kept in a manner which is reasonable to preserve its life is not within the coverage of this article." 3 4 The staff invites comment on whether the proposed combination and restatement of these provisions would cause any substantive change in their meaning. 6 § 36210. Exemption from other law 36210. A frog that is governed by this chapter may be taken at any time, without 7 a license or permit. 9 Comment. Section 36210 continues the second sentence of former Fish and Game Code 10 Section 6881 without substantive change. § 36215. Disposition of dead frog 11 36215. A person may possess any number of live frogs to use in frog-jumping 12 contests, but if a frog possessed for that purpose dies or is killed, it must be 13 destroyed as soon as possible, and may not be eaten or otherwise used for any 14 15 purpose. Comment. Section 36215 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6883 without 16 17 substantive change. 18 § 36220. No modification of provision by commission 36220. The commission has no power to modify a provision of this chapter by 19 any order, rule, or regulation. 20 Comment. Section 36220 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 6885 without 21 22 substantive change. **DIVISION 11. REPTILES** 23

## PART 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

#### § 36300. Provisions not exclusive

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- 36300. Animals governed by this division are also governed by other provisions of this code, including but not limited to Division 5 (commencing with Section 5000).
- 29 **Comment.** Section 36300 is new.

### PART 2. SPECIFIC TYPES OF REPTILES

## TITLE 1. ALLIGATORS AND RELATED ANIMALS

#### 3 § 36350. Use or sale of meat or hides

- 36350. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no permit shall be issued or 4 renewed for the operation of a farm for alligators or any species of the family 5 crocodilidae, if the animals are kept for the use and sale of the meat or hides.
- Comment. Section 36350 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 5062 without 7 8 substantive change.

#### TITLE 2. RATTLESNAKES

#### 10 § 36400. Take

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- 36400. Notwithstanding **Section 7149.05**, a sport fishing license is not required 11 for a resident to take a rattlesnake (genus Crotalus or Sistrurus). 12
- Comment. Section 36400 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 7149.3 without 13 14 substantive change.

#### TITLE 3. TORTOISES AND TURTLES

#### CHAPTER 1. TORTOISES

#### § 36450. General prohibitions 17

- 36450. It is unlawful to sell, purchase, harm, take, possess, transport, or shoot a 18 projectile at, a tortoise (Gopherus). This section does not apply to the taking of a 19 tortoise when authorized by the department. 20
- Comment. Section 36450 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 5000 without 21 22 change.

#### § 36455. Possession by institutions or gardens 23

- 36455. The department may issue permits, subject to any terms and conditions prescribed by the commission, authorizing the possession of a tortoise (Gopherus), or the product of a tortoise, by an educational or scientific institution or a public zoological garden.
- Comment. Section 36455 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 5002 without 28 29 substantive change.

## § 36460. Tortoises acquired before 1973

- 36460. (a) The provisions of Section 36450 do not prohibit the possession of any 31 tortoise (Gopherus) whose owner can demonstrate that the tortoise was legally 32 acquired and possessed before January 1, 1973. 33
  - (b) The owner of a tortoise whose possession is authorized by this section shall

mark or otherwise identify the tortoise to the satisfaction of the department, and shall not transfer the tortoise to any other person without prior approval of the department.

**Comment.** Section 36460 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 5001 without substantive change.

### CHAPTER 2. TURTLES

#### § 36500. Pacific leatherback sea turtles

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- 36500. (a) October 15, 2013, and every October 15 thereafter, is hereby designated as Pacific Leatherback Sea Turtle Conservation Day.
- (b) The Legislature encourages California public schools to include Pacific leatherback sea turtles in their teaching lessons and curriculum whenever possible.
- (c) The Legislature encourages state and federal agencies, nongovernmental agencies, fishers, coastal tour operators, and other interested stakeholders to establish and participate in a statewide, voluntary Pacific leatherback sea turtle watch to record sightings of the Pacific leatherback sea turtle in California and West Coast waters.
- (d) The Legislature encourages state and federal agencies to build cooperative relationships with the Western Pacific island nations where Pacific leatherback sea turtles return to nest in order to increase awareness and conservation of this critically endangered species.
- (e) The Legislature urges state and federal agencies to take proactive conservation measures and prevent further threats to Pacific leatherback sea turtles and their habitats.
- **Comment.** Section 36500 continues Government Code Section 7593.5 without change.

#### DIVISION 12. INSECTS

## PART 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

## § 36600. Provisions not exclusive

36600. Animals governed by this division are also governed by other provisions of this code, including but not limited to Division 5 (commencing with Section 5000).

**Comment.** Section 36600 is new.

#### PART 2. SPECIFIC TYPES OF INSECTS

## TITLE 1. BUTTERFLIES

#### § 36650. Monarch butterflies

- 36650. (a) The department may take feasible actions to conserve monarch butterflies and the unique habitats they depend upon for successful migration. These actions may include, but are not limited to, habitat restoration on department lands, education programs, and voluntary agreements with private landowners.
- (b) The department may partner with federal agencies, nonprofit organizations, academic programs, private landowners, and other entities that undertake actions to conserve monarch butterflies and aid their successful migration, including the Monarch Joint Venture.
- (c) When undertaking actions to conserve monarch butterflies and their habitats pursuant to this section, the department shall use the best available science and consider, as appropriate and feasible, all of the following:
- (1) Restoring or revegetating monarch caterpillar habitat using regionally or locally appropriate native milkweed species.
- (2) Restoring or revegetating adult monarch butterfly habitat using regionally or locally appropriate native nectar plant species.
- (3) Controlling nonnative weed species that threaten native milkweed species, and controlling pests and disease, using current best management practices consistent with integrated pest management principles that pose low risk to monarch butterflies and their habitat.
- (4) Incorporating diverse tree species, structures, and arrangements when restoring or establishing winter habitat sites to match monarch butterfly preferences for temperature, light, moisture, wind, and other microclimate characteristics.
- (5) Increasing the number of partnerships and making the most of partnerships to use residential and institutional landscaped areas, agricultural noncropped lands, transportation corridors, and conservation easements to create, restore, or enhance monarch butterfly habitat.
- (d) The fact that a project applicant or landowner does not enter into a voluntary agreement to protect monarch butterflies shall not be grounds for denying a permit or agreement or requiring additional mitigation beyond what would be required to mitigate project impacts under other applicable laws, including, but not limited to, the California Environmental Quality Act (Division 13 (commencing with Section 21000) of the Public Resources Code).
- Comment. Section 36650 continues former Fish and Game Code Section 1021 without change.

# DISPOSITION OF FORMER LAW

The table below shows the relationship between each provision of the existing Fish and Game Code or other indicated code, and the corresponding provision of the proposed law (if any).

<b>Existing Provision</b>	Proposed Provision(s)	<b>Existing Provision</b>	Proposed Provision(s)
310	27400	2302(a)-(b)	33755
313	30150	2302(c)	33760
316	26455	2302(d)	33765
316.5	27410	2302(e)	33770
1000.6	27360	2302(f)	33775
1021	36650	2302(g)	33750
1068	34255	2356	29650
1170	25200(a)	2358	29655
1172	25200(b)	2359	25565(a)
1174	25205	2360	25550, 25560
1200	27500	2361	27450
1201	27505		25405, 25575(a)-(b), 30400
1202	27510	2363	25565(b), 28660, 29200
1203	27515	2364	31550
1204	27520	2365	33115
1205	27525	2368	31255
1206	27530	2369	31260
1725	29700	2371	30750
1726	29705	5000	36450
1726.1	29710	5001	36460
1726.4	29715	5002	36455
1726.5	29720		36350
1727	29725	5505	32855, 33410, 36005
1728	29730	5514	27405, 29850
1729	29735		28755
1730	29740	5520	31000
	25600		30800
	25605		30805
	25610		30810
	25615	. , . ,	31005
	28760(a)-(d)	* *	31010
	28760(e)-(f)		31015
	not cont'd	` ,	31020
	28765		33500(a)
	33650		33505
	33660		33500(a)
	33665		33510(a)
` '	33670		33505
	33675		33510(b)
	33660		33515
	33680		33500(b)
	33655		33450
	33695		33455
	33685		33460
` '	33690		33465
2301(1)	33700	6400.5	25570

<b>Existing Provision</b>	Proposed Provision(s)	<b>Existing Provision</b>	<b>Proposed Provision(s)</b>
6403	25850	7256	33110
	25905	7260	29605
	25910		31250
	25915		31300
	25920		25555
	25930		29150(a)-(b)
	25925		29900
	25900		29905
	25935		29910
	25940		31050
	25575(c)		25005, 30605, 31100(e)-(f)
. ,	36100		28350(b)
	36150		28350(a)
	36160		350, 27115, 28600, 34950
	36155		28850
	36165		27755
	36200		27760(a)-(d)
	36205		27760(a)-(d)
, ,			27765
,	36210 36205		27750
	36203		27775
	36215		27770
	36220		27780
	36050		27785
	36055		27790
	25100		28400
	25100		26315
	25110		31100(a)-(d)
	25120		not cont'd
	25105(a), 25105(b)		28405
	25105(a), 25105(b)		28000
	25105(b)		28005(a)-(c)
	25125(a)		28005(d)
* *	25130		28010
* *	25125(b)		28565
	25125(6)		28555
	25140		28560
	25135		28605
	25150		25310(a)
	27600		25310(b)
	27605		25310(c)
	27610		25315
	27615		25305
	27620		27850
	27625		27860
	27160		27865
	36400		27870
	30700(a)-(c)		27875
	it.)30955(a)		27875
	30950(a)		27880
	)30960		28410
	.)30950(b)-(c)		27705
	30960		28065
	30955(b)-(d)		28070
. 1 12 12 (0) (4)		0202.3	20070

<b>Existing Provision</b>	<b>Proposed Provision(s)</b>	<b>Existing Provision</b>	Proposed Provision(s)
8233 (1st sent.)	28115	8252	33255
	28195	8253	33355
,	28130	8254	33200(a)-(e)
	28160		33215
8233.5	28135		33265
	28110		33205
	28080		33310(a)
	28075		33210
` '	28200		31655
' '	28200		31900
		` ' ` '	
	28120	• 7	31760
	28135	1 7	31950
	28145(a)		31955(a)
			31970
	28140(a)-(i)		31960
3239.1	28155(a)-(c)	, , , .	sent.)31965
8239.2	28060(b)	8276.2(c) (2nd sent.)	31955(b)
8239.6	28165	8276.2(d)	31975
8239.9	28150	8276.3(a)-(b)	31850
8240	28155(d)-(e)	8276.3(c)	31860
8241	28140(j)	8276.4(a) (1st sent.)	32200
	28090	, , ,	32205
8243	28085	, , ,	32205
	28095	` / ` / ` /	32210
	28100		32215
	28105	1 7	32220
	28185(a)		32225
	28185(a)	1 7	32230(a)
	28185(c)		31710(a)
1 /	28185(e)		31710(b), 32235
, ,	28190		32110
	28185(d)	, , ,	32115
	28170		32120
	28175		32125
	28180	, , , ,	32130
3246.8	28060(a)	8276.5(a)(5)	32135
,	28250	8276.5(b)	32140
8247 (2nd sent.)	28290	8276.5(c)	32230(b)
3247 (3rd sent.)	28280	8276.5(d)	32145
8247.1	28265	8276.5(e)-(f)	32150
8247.2 (1st sent.)	28275	8276.5(g)	32105
, ,	28285		32100
	not cont'd		32155
	28295		31905
	28255		31770
	28233		31770
	28305		31755
		1 7 1 7	
	28260	* *	31860
	28300		32600
	28055	1 1	32300
, ,	33300		32400
1 /	33315		32405
3250.5(c)	33350	8280.1(b)(3)	32410
8251	33250	8280.1(b)(4)(A)	32415

32420 32430 32435 32445 32445 32445 32440 32330 32335 32345, 32450 32325 32320 32315 32345 32500 32510 32510 32520 32525 32520 32525 32530 32540 32540 32535 32540 32560 32560 32305	8376	
32430 32435 32445 32445 32445 32440 32330 32335 32335 32345, 32450 32325 32320 32315 32345 32500 32510 32515 32520 32525 32530 32540 32535 32540 32540 32535 32540 32550 32560 32560	8377	
32435 32445 32445 32446 32340 32330 32335 32335 32345, 32450 32325 32320 32315 32345 32500 32510 32515 32520 32525 32530 32540 32535 32540 32535 32540 32535 32540 32535	8377.5	
32435 32445 32445 32446 32340 32330 32335 32335 32345, 32450 32325 32320 32315 32345 32500 32510 32515 32520 32525 32530 32540 32535 32540 32535 32540 32535 32540 32535	8378	
not cont'd 32440 32330 32335 32345, 32450 32325 32325 32320 32315 32345 32500 32510 32515 32520 32525 32530 32540 32535 32540 32550 32560 32560 32305	8380	
not cont'd 32440 32330 32335 32345, 32450 32325 32325 32320 32315 32345 32500 32510 32515 32520 32525 32530 32540 32535 32540 32550 32560 32560 32305	8380	
32440 32330 32335 32345, 32450 32325 32320 32315 32345 32500 32510 32515 32520 32525 32530 32540 32535 32540 32540 32535 32540 32550 32560 32560 32305	8381 8382 8383.5 8384 8386 8387 8388(a) 8388(b) 8388(c) 8388(d) 8388.5 8389(a) (1st sent.) 8389(a) (2nd sent.) 8389(b) 8389(c) 8389(d) 8389(d) 8389(d) 8389(d) 8391 8392	
32330 32335 32345, 32450 32325 32320 32315 32345 32500 32510 32515 32520 32525 32530 32540 32535 32540 32545 32550 32560 32305	8382	
32335 32345, 32450 32325 32320 32315 32345 32500 32510 32510 32515 32520 32520 32530 32540 32535 32540 32540 32535 32540 32540 32535 32540 32540 32535	8383.5	
	8384	
32325 32320 32320 32315 32345 32500 32510 32515 32520 32525 32530 32540 32540 32535 32545 32550 32560 32305	8386	25455(a), 30455(a)304602890528910(a)28910(b)290052700027010(a)27010(b)2701526550
32320 32315 32315 32345 32500 32510 32515 32520 32525 32530 32540 32535 32545 32550 32560 32305	8387	
32315 32345 32500 32510 32515 32520 32525 32530 32540 32535 32545 32550 32560 32305	8388(a)	
32345 32500 32510 32515 32520 32525 32530 32540 32535 32545 32550 32560 32305	8388(b)	
32500 32510 32510 32515 32520 32525 32530 32540 32535 32545 32550 32560 32305	8388(c)	
32510 32515 32520 32525 32530 32540 32545 32550 32560 32305	8388(d)	
32515 32520 32525 32530 32540 32535 32545 32550 32560 32305	8388.5	
32520 32525 32530 32540 32545 32545 32550 32560 32305	8389(a) (1st sent.) 8389(a) (2nd sent.) 8389(b) 8389(c) 8389(d) 8391	
32525 32530 32540 32535 32545 32550 32560 32305	8389(a) (2nd sent.) 8389(b) 8389(c) 8389(d) 8391 8392	
32530 32540 32535 32545 32550 32560 32305	8389(b)	
	8389(d)	27010(b)2701526550
	8389(d) 8391 8392	27015 26550
	8391 8392	26550
32550 32560 32305	8392	
32560 32305		
32305		26555
		27205
	8393(b)	27210
32345	8394	29555(a)
32340	8394.5 (1st sent.)	29555(b)
32345	8394.5 (2nd sent.)	29555(c)
32310	8395	29455
32555	8399	34800
32505, 32560	8399.1	34805
32345	8403(a)	26310
32610	• *	34105
32605		34110
31715	8405.2	34115
	` /	
	, ,	
	` /	
	•	
		29955
27855		30000(a)-(b)
	8432	30000(c)
25805		26110

<b>Existing Provision</b>	Proposed Provision(s)	<b>Existing Provision</b>	Proposed Provision(s)
8490	32805	8834.1	27895
8491	32815	8834.5	31765
8492	32820	8842(a) (1st para)	34600(a)
8494(a)			34600(b)
8494(b)			34605(a)
8494(c)	. ,	, ,	34610
8494(d)			34615
8494(e)			34620
8494(f)		` ' ` '	34605(b)
` '		1 1	33260
8494(g)		` /	
8494(h)			27305
8500			33300
8510			33310(b)
8550 (1st sent.)			33305
8550 (2nd, 3rd sent.)			32050(a)
8550.5			32050(b)
8552(a) (1st sent.)			32060(b)-(c)
8552(a) (2nd sent.)	26875, 26880	9011(b)	32655
8552(b)-(e)	26865	9011(c)	32065
8552.1	26900	9012(a)	31705
8552.2	26880	9012(b)	32050(c)
8552.3	26885	9015(a)	34510(a)
8552.4	26895		34510(c)
8552.5	26945	1 1	26005
8552.6			32810
8552.7			32905, 33410
8552.8			34305(a)
8553			34310
		, ,	34310
8554 8555			
			34305(d)
8556			34305(b)
8557			29250
8558			29255
8558.1(a) (1st, 2nd sent.)		•	29260
8558.1(a) (3rd sent.)	` '		29265
8558.1(b)		10003	29270(a)
8558.2	26935(a)-(b)	10004	29270(b)
8558.3	26935(d)		29275
8559	26940	12000(b)(3)	30700(d)
8590	34455	12002(b)(5)	25725(b), 27890(b),
8591	34505		10(b), 29360(b), 30010(b)
8593	34500		25725(c), 27890(c),
8594			10(c), 29360 (c), 30010(c)
8595(a) (1st part)			29150(c)
8595(a) (2nd part)		, , , ,	33200(f)
8595(b)			30855
8599			30850
8599.3			30860
8599.4			30870
8623(a), (b), (e)			25320, 26700,
8670	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		950, 27905, 28570, 32700
28710			30865
87562571	0, 27885, 28705, 30005		30875
	31700		29150(d), 33200(g)

Proposed Provision(s)
36500